

E 90 range of fuse disconnectors for the North American market Uncompromising performance

## Designing simplicity ABB competence serving the most demanding customers



Suitability for disconnection and switching, effective heat dissipation and certified compliance with several international standards are mandatory requirements to meet the needs of the most demanding customers. ABB has dedicated its designers' passion, competence and creativity to the development of E 90 series of disconnectors and fuseholders specifically thought to satisfy the needs of the North American markets.
This results in a range of fuseholders that includes both PV use and combination with class CC and class J fuses, certified according to the most outstanding marks and approvals of the North American's market.

## The new ABB standard Certified according to the most important North American marks

(1). © (1L)us c $\mathbf{N H}_{\text {us }}$


A passport to the world.
International quality marks and UL certification make E 90 the ideal range for designers and manufacturers of switchboards and installations "without frontiers."


## E 90 range for the NAM Designed by ABB for the most demanding customers



## Industrial automation <br> E 90 fuse switch disconnectors

- One module per pole
- Versions 1, 1N, 2, 3, 3N, 4
- AC-22B according to IEC 60947-3
- Rated current 32 A
- Rated voltage 400 V AC-22B and 690 V AC-20B
- Can be equipped with $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ aM and gG fuses
- Designed for isolation and switching under load and for protection of secondary circuits of industrial plants
- All the versions are available with optical blown fuse indicator
- Compatible with ABB busbars of S 200 series and Unifix plug-in system
- cURus certification



## Photovoltaic installations

E 90 PV fuse disconnectors

- One module per pole
- 1 and 2-pole versions
- DC-20B according to IEC 60947-3
- Rated current 32 A
- Rated voltage 1000 V DC
- Can be equipped with $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ gPV fuses
- Designed for isolation and protection of circuits in photovoltaic installations up to 1000 V DC
- All the versions are available with optical blown fuse indicator
- Certified according to UL 4248-18



## E 90 range for the NAM Designed by ABB for the most demanding customers



## Industrial circuit protection <br> E 90 50/125 fuse disconnectors

- Versions 1, 1N, 2, 3, 3N
- AC-20B according to IEC 60947-3
- Rated current 50 and 125 A
- Rated voltage 690 V AC
- Can be equipped with any type of cylindrical fuses $14 \times 51$ (E 90/50) and $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ (E 90/125)
- Specifically designed for industrial circuit protection
- All the versions are also available with optical blown fuse indicator
- Certified according to UL 4248-1




## Branch circuit protection E 90 CC fuseholders

- One module per pole
- Versions 1, 1N, 2, 3, 3N, 4 poles
- Rated current 30 A
- Rated voltage 600 V AC/DC
- Can be equipped only with Class CC fuses
- All the versions are available with optical blown fuse indicator
- Certified according to UL 4248-4
- Rejection member feature according to UL 4248-4



## E 90 range for the NAM Designed by ABB for the most demanding customers



Industrial installations

## E 90 30/60 J fuse disconnectors

## - 1, 2 and 3 poles versions

- Rated current 30 and 60 A
- Rated voltage 600V AC
- Can be equipped with Class J fuses
- All the versions are also available with optical blown fuse indicator
- UL listed according to UL 4248-8



# Choosing the best ABB experience sets a new leading-edge performance standard 

## Tip-top performance

E 90 fuseholders can be used in any applications where you need to ensure electrical protection and isolation.
The technology solutions applied to reduce power dissipation help to minimize module heating.

## Completeness

The fuse tripping can be easily displayed, thanks to the special blown fuse indicator light.


## Reliability

Venting grooves and cooling chambers improve heat dissipation even in multiple-pole configurations. The reduced operating temperature inside fuseholders ensures durability and reliability of the devices over time.

## Compactness

The compact dimensions enable to close the switchboard door even when the fuseholder is open, thus ensuring total safety during maintenance.

## Universal use

Screw holes have increased diameter to accommodate insulated screwdrivers and electric screwdrivers. In addition, with the Pozidrive PZ2 screws tightening can be performed by exerting less torque than conventional screws, and the same electric screwdriver can be used for all terminals. Moreover, the PS connection busbars facilitate the connecting operations, making the wiring both simple and safe and providing complete integration with S 200 and SN 201 System pro $M$ compact ${ }^{\circledR}$ circuit-breakers.

# E 90 safe and smart range is designed for quick, flexible and error-proof installation, to ease the everyday use of devices. Thanks to its unique features, E 90 series sets a new safety standard. 

## Reliable connections

Wide terminals allow the use of cables with section up to $50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, whereas the antivibration knurling on the terminal cages ensures safe and reliable connections.

## Rejection Member function

For E 90/30 CC range of fueseholders, rejection member functionality according to UL 4248-4 in order to insert just class CC fuses.

## Ease of use

Fuseholder profile has been designed for maximum ease of use: the $90^{\circ}$ flip hinge with ergonomic knob, makes the replacement of fuses easier even in small spaces or when wearing protective gloves.


To ensure protection and safety during maintenance operations and avoid any accidental switching, fuseholders can be sealed in closed position, and padlocked in open position. The protection degree is IP20 when the unit is installed behind the switchboard slotting. For the series E 90 50/125 and the E $9030 / 60 \mathrm{~J}$ series, the protection degree IP20 is obtained also as unit standalone with respect to wire size $\geq 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$.

## Smart protection for installations with E 90s

> The whole E 90 series is available with optical blown fuse indicator light. In particular E 90s PV is the first fuse disconnector for photovoltaic installations with optical blown fuse indicator, which efficiently monitors DC installations up to 1000 V .

## Flexible

E 90 CC: 24 to 600 V operation in AC networks. Can be powered from both the load side and the supply side E 90 PV: 24 to 1000 V
operation in DC networks with upstream supply
(Wiring diagrams page 27)

## Simple

No need for auxiliary supply or specific wiring

## Effective

Local fuse tripping signal Allows the faulty phase to be immediately detected

Results you can trust
High performance of E 90 fuse disconnectors


## E 90 protection and control A range developed for automation and industry

## Applications <br> - Automation switchboards <br> - On-board switchboards <br> - OEM

## Main functions: <br> - Protection of terminal circuits <br> - Switching of loads, even inductive <br> - Selectivity ${ }_{c} \mathrm{Ni}_{\text {us }}$

## Application example

[^0]E 90 fuse disconnectors are designed for switching under load, ensuring isolation and protection against short circuit and overload, in compliance with the IEC 60947-3 Standard.

E 90 range is designed to comply with the strictest requirements of OEMs and panel builders. They are ideally installed in industrial automation switchboards to protect secondary circuits, primary and secondary of transformers, motors and other resistive or inductive loads. Due to the AC-22B utilization category, according to the IEC 60947-3 Standard, E 90 fuse disconnectors are convenient, simple and reliable devices for loads switching and protection. Fuse disconnectors ensure selectivity, if equipped with appropriate fuses. Since they are uURus type-approved, they can be installed in UL-certified machines designed for the American market.


## E 90 PV fuse disconnectors for photovoltaic applications Designed for industry professionals

## Features

- For $10.3 \times 38$ mm fuses
- Rated voltage 1000 V DC
- Rated current 32 A
- DC-20B utilization category
- Reference standards:

IEC 60947-3, UL 4248-18
(U)

E 90 PV fuse disconnectors have been specifically designed for photovoltaic applications. Thanks to their rated voltage up to 1000 V DC they are the ideal solution for protecting cells, inverters or surge arresters. In case of maintenance, they ensure isolation of circuits and strings up to 1000 V in direct current, in total safety.




# Isolation and protection of strings up to 1000 V 

## Application examples

## String protection

To prevent damage to the equipment in the direct current lines of photovoltaic installations and ensure that it remains isolated when maintenance work is performed, E 90 PV fuse disconnectors can be installed downstream of the inverter so as to protect each string. The fuses must be selected to suit the rated current of the line.

## Surge arrester back-up

When the short-circuit current at the installation point exceeds 100 A DC, OVR PV surge arresters require back-up protection with a specific gR-type fuse.

## DC side of the inverter

In small photovoltaic installations, E 90 PV fuse disconnectors can be used to protect the direct current side of the inverter. Fuse cartridges should be selected according to the inverter rated current.


E 90 range of fuse disconnectors for the North American Market | 15

## E 90 50/125 fuse disconnectors Protection for industrial circuits



## Perfect integration, guaranteed innovation

## Features

- For $14 \times 51$ and $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses
- Rated voltage 690V AC according to IEC and 600V AC/DC according to UL - UR type-approved

E 90 50/125 fuse disconnectors are specifically designed to protect industrial circuits thanks to aM and gG cylindrical fuses with 50 A and 125 A ratings and to ensure disconnection properties according to IEC 60947-3. (The usage of 125 A fuses within E 90/125 fuseholder is allowed only in case the fuse power dissipation is lower than the maximum acceptable power dissipation value of the fuseholder - for more details refers to section "Question and answers").

The E 90/50 and E 90/125 fuse disconnectors have been specifically designed to be used in all applications which require protection and isolation of high-current loads: thanks to their compatibility with gG and aM cylindrical fuses, they offer maximum flexibility in terms of protection of installation with rated currents up to 125 A . The possibility to be padlocked in open position, ensures the safety of personnel who carry out maintenance operations.
Furthermore the availability of optical blown fuse indicator in all versions of the new E 90 50/125 enables to easily and efficiently monitor distribution networks with high current ratings.


## Application examples

OVR PV back-up protection, shown on the left, is a typical application for the fuseholder of the E 90 50/125 series. They can also be used as protection of motors and transformers, as protection against overloads and short circuits in low voltage circuit where currents are up to 125 A and used in control circuits.


# Quality also speaks American E 90 CC fuseholders, designed for the North American market 



## E 90 CC fuseholders Specifically developed for branch circuit protection

## Features

- UL Listed according to UL 4248-1 and UL 4248-4
- Can be equipped only with Class CC fuses
- Rated voltage 600 V AC/DC
- Rated current 30 A
- Versions 1, 1N, 2, 3, 3N, 4 poles
- Rejection member to allow just the insertion of a class CC fuse

E 90 CC range has been designed to comply with North American market regulations and to enable worldwide manufacturers to sell their equipment in conformity with safety requirements also in these countries.

Class CC fuses have limiting characteristics dedicated to terminal protection of components and apparatuses against short-term overloads and to protect motor against short-circuit. Maximum rated current of a Class CC fuse is 30 A , whereas the maximum rated voltage is 600 V . The breaking capacity reaches 200 kA . The limiting properties of the Class CC fuses are particularly appreciated in the North American market, allowing suitable protection even of equipment with limited resistance to shortcircuit. The use of Class CC fuses is continuously increasing in the American market, since the safety and reliability prescriptions of end users have become stricter and do not tolerate any permanent damage to motor starts.


## Application example

E 90 CC fuseholders have been developed to host Class CC fuses and are used in the NAM markets mainly as branch circuit protection. Here on the right side, an application example is showed.


## Developed for the North American market, universally reliable <br> E 90 30/60 J fuseholders



## E 90 J fuseholders Specifically designed to be equipped with class $J$ fuses

## Features:

- UL listed according to 4248-8
- Can be equipped only with Class J fuses
- Rated voltage 600 V AC
- Rated current up to 60 A - Versions with 1, 2 and 3 poles ,(0)" (1)

E 90 J range has been designed to comply with North American market regulations. The E 90 J fuse carriers are the ideal solution for industrial installation, motors and transformers protection, heating systems and control circuits.

In accordance with the reference standard UL 4248-8, they come in voltage and current ratings up to 600 V and 30/60A.
The breaking capacity reaches 200 kA . They are available in 1 P , 2 P and 3 P versions. The versions with blown fuse indicator light provide a visual signal of the fuse break condition. They can be padlocked open and sealed closed to ensure operator safety during maintenance operations.


## Application example

On the left side, is showed a typical example of motors protection, E 90 J fuseholders are mainly used in the North American market as motors, alternators and transformers protection or as feeding, heating and light circuits protection.


## Technical data

E 90 series for North American market

## Data according to UL

| Type |  | E 90/32 | E 90/32 PV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | [A] | 32 | 32 |  |
| Rated Voltage | [V] | 600 | 1000 |  |
| Type of current |  | AC/DC | DC |  |
| Fuse |  | $10.3 \times 38$ | $10.3 \times 38$ |  |
| Rated frequency | [ Hz$]$ | 50-60 | - |  |
| Tightening torque | [ Nm ] | PZ2 2-2.5 | PZ2 2-2.5 |  |
| Protection degree |  | IP20 | IP20 |  |
| Terminals section | [ $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ] | 25 | 25 |  |
| Cross section rigid copper conductors | [AWG] | 16:10 | - |  |
| Cross section stranded copper conductors | [AWG] | 16:3 | $8 \div 3$ |  |
| Padlockable (when open) |  | - | $\bullet$ |  |
| Sealable (when closed) |  | $\bullet$ | $\bullet$ |  |


| Marks and Approvals |
| :--- |
| CULus |
| UL |
| CURus |
| CSA |

(1) $=$ certified at 600 V in compliance with UL 4248-1
(2) = certified at 1000 V in compliance with UL 4248-18
(3) = certified at 600 V in compliance with UL 4248-8
(4) = certified at 600 V in compliance with UL 4248-4
${ }_{* * * * *}$ IP20 also as standalone device installed on DIN rail, with respect to cables with a cross-section area $\geq 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$


## Order codes E 90 series for North American market



| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn 8012542 EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack unit pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 1 | 32 | 1 | 009238 | E 91/32 | 2CSM200923R1801 | 0.061 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 32 | 1 | 024835 | E 91/32s* | 2CSM202483R1801 | 0.062 | 6 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 32 | 2 | 008934 | E 91N/32 | 2CSM200893R1801 | 0.130 | 3 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 32 | 2 | 515036 | E 91N/32s* | 2CSM251503R1801 | 0.131 | 3 |
| 2 | 32 | 2 | 008835 | E 92/32 | 2CSM200883R1801 | 0.122 | 3 |
| 2 | 32 | 2 | 514930 | E 92/32s* | 2CSM251493R1801 | 0.123 | 3 |
| 3 | 32 | 3 | 047537 | E 93/32 | 2CSM204753R1801 | 0.183 | 2 |
| 3 | 32 | 3 | 020639 | E 93/32s* | 2CSM202063R1801 | 0.184 | 2 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 32 | 4 | 047339 | E 93N/32 | 2CSM204733R1801 | 0.252 | 1 |
| $3+N$ | 32 | 4 | 514831 | E 93N/32s* | 2CSM251483R1801 | 0.254 | 1 |
| 4 | 32 | 4 | 047230 | E 94/32 | 2CSM204723R1801 | 0.244 | 1 |
| 4 | 32 | 4 | 020530 | E 94/32s* | 2CSM202053R1801 | 0.245 | 1 |


| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack uni pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

E 90 PV fuse disconnectors for $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses for DC

| 1 | 32 | 1 | 047131 | E 91/32 PV | 2CSM204713R1801 | 0.061 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 32 | 1 | 046936 | E 91/32 PVs* | 2CSM204693R1801 | 0.062 | 6 |
| 2 | 32 | 2 | 047032 | E 92/32 PV | 2CSM204703R1801 | 0.122 | 3 |
| 2 | 32 | 2 | 569138 | E 92/32 PVs* | 2CSM256913R1801 | 0.122 | 3 |


| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn 8012542 EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack unit pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

E 90/30 CC fuseholders for Class CC $10.4 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses

| 1 | 30 | 1 | 998723 | E 91/30 CC | 2CSM299872R1801 | 0.061 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 30 | 1 | 998822 | E 91/30 CCs* | 2CSM299882R1801 | 0.062 | 6 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 30 | 2 | 998921 | E 91N/30 CC | 2CSM299892R1801 | 0.130 | 3 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 30 | 2 | 999027 | E 91N/30 CCs* | 2CSM299902R1801 | 0.131 | 3 |
| 2 | 30 | 2 | 999126 | E 92/30 CC | 2CSM299912R1801 | 0.122 | 3 |
| 2 | 30 | 2 | 999225 | E 92/30 CCs* | 2CSM299922R1801 | 0.123 | 3 |
| 3 | 30 | 3 | 999324 | E 93/30 CC | 2CSM299932R1801 | 0.183 | 2 |
| 3 | 30 | 3 | 999423 | E 93/30 CCs* | 2CSM299942R1801 | 0.184 | 2 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 30 | 4 | 999522 | E 93N/30 CC | 2CSM299952R1801 | 0.252 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 30 | 4 | 999621 | E 93N/30 CCs* | 2CSM299962R1801 | 0.253 | 1 |
| 4 | 30 | 4 | 999720 | E 94/30 CC | 2CSM299972R1801 | 0.244 | 1 |
| 4 | 30 | 4 | 999829 | E 94/30 CCs* | 2CSM299982R1801 | 0.245 | 1 |



| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack uni pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

E 90/50 fuse disconnectors for $14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses (AC-20B)

| 1 | 50 | 1.5 | 790228 | E 91/50 | 2CSM279022R1801 | 0.095 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 50 | 1.5 | 372028 | E 91/50s* | 2CSM237202R1801 | 0.095 | 4 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 50 | 3 | 779827 | E 91N/50 | 2CSM277982R1801 | 0.19 | 2 |
| $1+N$ | 50 | 3 | 023920 | E 91N/50s* | 2CSM202392R1801 | 0.19 | 2 |
| 2 | 50 | 3 | 779728 | E 92/50 | 2CSM277972R1801 | 0.19 | 2 |
| 2 | 50 | 3 | 070320 | E 92/50s* | 2CSM207032R1801 | 0.19 | 2 |
| 3 | 50 | 4.5 | 779629 | E 93/50 | 2CSM277962R1801 | 0.285 | 1 |
| 3 | 50 | 4.5 | 574828 | E 93/50s* | 2CSM264362R1801 | 0.285 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 50 | 6 | 779520 | E 93N/50 | 2CSM277952R1801 | 0.38 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 50 | 6 | 563020 | E 93N/50s* | 2CSM264342R1801 | 0.38 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 50 | 6 | 048824 | E 93N/50 sx | 2CSM204882R1801 | 0.38 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 50 | 6 | 048725 | E 93N/50s sx | 2CSM204872R1801 | 0.38 | 1 |


| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack uni pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

E 90/125 fuse disconnectors for $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses


| 1 | 100 | 2 | 775720 | E 91/125 | 2CSM264352R1801 | 0.135 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 100 | 2 | 896326 | E 91/125s* | 2CSM289632R1801 | 0.135 | 4 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 100 | 4 | 773528 | E 91N/125 | 2CSM264382R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| $1+\mathrm{N}$ | 100 | 4 | 049425 | E 91N/125s* | 2CSM204942R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| 2 | 100 | 4 | 771326 | E 92/125 | 2CSM264372R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| 2 | 100 | 4 | 049326 | E 92/125s* | 2CSM204932R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| 3 | 100 | 6 | 775027 | E 93/125 | 2CSM264332R1801 | 0.405 | 1 |
| 3 | 100 | 6 | 049227 | E 93/125s* | 2CSM204922R1801 | 0.405 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 100 | 8 | 965329 | E 93N/125 | 2CSM296532R1801 | 0.54 | 1 |
| $3+\mathrm{N}$ | 100 | 8 | 049128 | E 93N/125s* | 2CSM204912R1801 | 0.54 | 1 |


| Poles | Rated current In [A] | Modules | Bbn 8012542 EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack unit pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |



E 90 J fuseholders for Class $\mathrm{J} 21 \times 57 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses

| 1 | 30 | 2 | 048220 | E 91/30 J | 2CSM204822R1801 | 0.135 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 30 | 4 | 048121 | E 92/30 J | 2CSM204812R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| 3 | 30 | 6 | 048022 | E 93/30 J | 2CSM204802R1801 | 0.405 | 1 |
| 1 | 30 | 2 | 047926 | E 91/30s J * | 2CSM204792R1801 | 0.135 | 4 |
| 2 | 30 | 4 | 047827 | E 92/30s J * | 2CSM204782R1801 | 0.27 | 2 |
| 3 | 30 | 6 | 047728 | E 93/30s J * | 2CSM204772R1801 | 0.405 | 1 |

E 90 J fuseholders for Class J $27 \times 60 \mathrm{~mm}$ fuses

| 1 | 60 | 2.5 | 047629 | E 91/60 J | 2CSM204762R1801 | 0.175 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 60 | 5 | 049821 | E 92/60 J | 2CSM204982R1801 | 0.35 | 1 |
| 3 | 60 | 7.5 | 049722 | E 93/60 J | 2CSM204972R1801 | 0.525 | 1 |
| 1 | 60 | 2.5 | 049623 | E 91/60s J * | 2CSM204962R1801 | 0.175 | 3 |
| 2 | 60 | 5 | 049524 | E 92/60s J * | 2CSM204952R1801 | 0.35 | 1 |
| 3 | 60 | 7.5 | 738824 | E 93/60s J * | 2CSM273882R1801 | 0.525 | 1 |

[^1]
## Wiring diagrams and overall dimensions E 90 series for North American market

E 90/32 wiring diagrams
2
1P

2
$1 \mathrm{P}+\mathrm{N}$

$2 P$



E 90/30 CC wiring diagrams
2

3P

$3 P+N$

4P

E 90/32 PV wiring diagrams


## Wiring diagrams



Wiring diagram for DC networks


Wiring diagram for AC networks

## Overall dimensions


$3 P+N, 4 P$



## Wiring diagrams and overall dimensions E 90 50/125 series

## Wiring diagrams





## Overall dimensions



E 90/125


# Wiring diagrams and overall dimensions <br> E 90 30/60 J 

## Wiring diagrams



## Overall dimensions



E 90/60 J


## How to choose the protection system

When choosing the protection system, a very important feature is the power dissipation of the system "fuse + fuseholder." Indeed, it is important to make sure that the power dissipated by the fuse does not exceed the limit imposed by the fuseholder in which it is installed.

Moreover, other external factors should be taken into consideration:

- the current derating depends on the number of poles in the installation
- the current derating depends on the climatic conditions


## Derating values <br> for E 90 fuseholders

The derating parameters in the table must be considered if several poles are installed side by side or if the equipment is installed in unusual climatic conditions.

| Installation of single poles side by side |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 90/32 |  | E 90 50/125 |  |
| Poles | Maximum current | Poles | Maximum current |
| 1... 4 | In | 1... 3 | In |
| 5... 7 | $0.80 \times \ln$ | 4... 6 | $0.95 \times \mathrm{ln}$ |
| more than 7 | $0.70 \times \mathrm{ln}$ | more than 7 | $0.90 \times \mathrm{ln}$ |


| Climatic conditions |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{E} \mathrm{90/32}$ | $\mathrm{E} \mathrm{90} \mathrm{50/125}$ |  |
| Maximum | Maximum | Maximum |
| temperature | current | temperature |$:$| current |
| :--- |
| $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## E 9F gG cylindrical fuses The fastest protection for industrial automation switchboards

E 9F gG series fuses are the best way to protect against overloads and short-circuits together with E 90 fuseholders series. They feature a fast tripping curve that is ideal for protecting electronic devices, transformers and electric cables. The E 9F gG series is available for all the main sizes ( $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}, 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ e $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) and with a wide range of rated current values (from 1 A to 125 A and up to 690 V AC ).
All the E 9F series fuses conform to the RoHS directive and are type-approved in accordance with the most important international naval marks.

| Rated | Bbn | Type code | Order code | Piece | Pack |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| current | 8012542 |  |  | weight | unit |
| In $[\mathrm{A}]$ | EAN |  |  | [kg] | pcs |

E 9F $10 \mathrm{gG} 10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses

| 0.5 | 773337 | E 9F10 GG05 | 2CSM277333R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 771135 | E 9F10 GG1 | 2CSM277113R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 2 | 587231 | E 9F10 GG2 | 2CSM258723R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 4 | 575436 | E 9F10 GG4 | 2CSM257543R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 6 | 563631 | E 9F10 GG6 | 2CSM256363R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 8 | 586333 | E 9F10 GG8 | 2CSM258633R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 10 | 574538 | E 9F10 GG10 | 2CSM257453R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 12 | 562733 | E 9F10 GG12 | 2CSM256273R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 16 | 775430 | E 9F10 GG16 | 2CSM277543R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 20 | 773238 | E 9F10 GG20 | 2CSM277323R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 25 | 771036 | E 9F10 GG25 | 2CSM277103R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 32 | 587132 | E 9F10 GG32 | 2CSM258713R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |

## E 9F gG cylindrical fuses The fastest protection for industrial automation switchboards



| Rated <br> current <br> In [A] | Bbn 8012542 EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece <br> weight <br> [kg] | Pack <br> unit <br> pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F $14 \mathrm{gG} 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 775232 | E 9F14 GG2 | 2CSM277523R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 4 | 773030 | E 9F14 GG4 | 2CSM277303R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 6 | 770831 | E 9F14 GG6 | 2CSM277083R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 8 | 910039 | E 9F14 GG8 | 2CSM291003R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 10 | 909835 | E 9F14 GG10 | 2CSM290983R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 12 | 909637 | E 9F14 GG12 | 2CSM290963R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 16 | 587835 | E 9F14 GG16 | 2CSM258783R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 20 | 576037 | E 9F14 GG20 | 2CSM257603R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 25 | 564232 | E 9F14 GG25 | 2CSM256423R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 32 | 586937 | E 9F14 GG32 | 2CSM258693R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 40 | 575139 | E 9F14 GG40 | 2CSM257513R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 50 | 563334 | E 9F14 GG50 | 2CSM256333R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |



| Rated current In [A] | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack <br> unit <br> pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 571834 | E 9F22 GG4 | 2CSM257183R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 6 | 592839 | E 9F22 GG6 | 2CSM259283R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 8 | 581031 | E 9F22 GG8 | 2CSM258103R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 10 | 569237 | E 9F22 GG10 | 2CSM256923R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 12 | 594031 | E 9F22 GG12 | 2CSM259403R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 16 | 582236 | E 9F22 GG16 | 2CSM258223R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 20 | 570431 | E 9F22 GG20 | 2CSM257043R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 25 | 595335 | E 9F22 GG25 | 2CSM259533R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 32 | 583530 | E 9F22 GG32 | 2CSM258353R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 40 | 571735 | E 9F22 GG40 | 2CSM257173R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 50 | 593935 | E 9F22 GG50 | 2CSM259393R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 63 | 582137 | E 9F22 GG63 | 2CSM258213R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 80 | 570332 | E 9F22 GG80 | 2CSM257033R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 100 | 595236 | E 9F22 GG100 | 2CSM259523R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 125 | 583431 | E 9F22 GG125 | 2CSM258343R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |


| Rated voltage | [V] | 400, 500, 690 AC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | [A] | 0,5... 125 |
| Breaking capacity | [kA] | 20, 120 |
| Overall dimensions | [mm] | $10.3 \times 38,14 \times 51,22 \times 58$ |
| Weight | [g] | 7, 18, 48 |
| Marks |  | LLOYD, BV |
| Standards |  | IEC 60269-2; ROHS 2002/98/CE |


| Type | Rated current <br> [A] | Rated voltage <br> [V AC] | Breaking capacity [kA] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F10 GG05 | 0.5 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG1 | 1 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG2 | 2 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG4 | 4 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG6 | 6 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG8 | 8 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG10 | 10 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG12 | 12 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG16 | 16 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG20 | 20 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG25 | 25 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 GG32 | 32 | 400 | 120 |


| E 9F 22 gG $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type | Rated current | Rated voltage | Breaking <br> capacity <br> [kA] |
|  | [A] |  |  |
| [V AC] |  |  |  |
| E 9F22 GG4 | 4 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG6 | 6 | 690 | 120 |
| 9F22 GG8 | 8 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG10 | 10 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG12 | 12 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG16 | 16 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG20 | 20 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG25 | 25 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG32 | 32 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG40 | 40 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG50 | 50 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG63 | 63 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG80 | 80 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG100 | 100 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F22 GG125 | 125 | 500 | 120 |

E 9F $14 \mathrm{gG} 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses

| Type | Rated current <br> [A] | Rated voltage <br> [V AC] | Breaking <br> capacity <br> [kA] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F14 GG2 | 2 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG4 | 4 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG6 | 6 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG8 | 8 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG10 | 10 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG12 | 12 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG16 | 16 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG20 | 20 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG25 | 25 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG32 | 32 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG40 | 40 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F14 GG50 | 50 | 500 | 120 |

## E 9F gG cylindrical fuses The fastest protection for industrial automation switchboards

| Power dissipation [W] |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Size [mm] |  |  |
|  | $10.3 \times 38$ | $14 \times 51$ | $22 \times 58$ |
| 1 | 0.07 | 0.60 |  |
| 2 | 0.45 | 0.75 |  |
| 4 | 0.50 | 1.10 | 1.25 |
| 6 | 0.85 | 1.25 | 1.40 |
| 8 | 0.95 | 1.45 | 1.60 |
| 10 | 1.30 | 1.65 | 1.90 |
| 12 | 1.40 | 1.80 | 2 |
| 16 | 1.90 | 2.35 | 2.50 |
| 20 | 2.40 | 2.75 | 3.40 |
| 25 | 2.70 | 3.10 | 3.50 |
| 32 | 2.80 | 3.60 | 3.70 |
| 40 |  | 4 | 4.30 |
| 50 |  | 4.80 | 5.30 |
| 63 |  |  | 6.30 |
| 80 |  |  | 7.40 |
| 100 |  |  | 8.3 |
| 125 |  |  | 11.3 |

Temperature increase




Maximum length [m] of the copper conductors

| Copper | Rated current In [A] of gG fuses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 |
| 1.5 | 99/113 | 86/87 | 40/59 | 21/29 | 13/16 | 7/9 |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 |  | 134 | 110/122 | 67/84 | 41/51 | 25/33 | 13/20 | 8/11 |  |  |
| 4 |  |  | 183 | 139 | 108/119 | 67/84 | 46/58 | 24/32 | 14/17 | 7.3/10 |
| 6 |  |  |  | 214 | 165 | 139 | 94/113 | 55/70 | 33/41 | 20/27 |
| 10 |  |  |  |  | 275 | 226 | 172 | 130 | 90/108 | 57/70 |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 283 | 217 | 168 | 128 |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 336 | 257 | 197 |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 367 | 283 |
| 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 379 |

Use this table to find the cable length, in meters, that is protected by a fuse.

Just cross the rated current of the fuse (in the columns) with the section of the conductor (on the lines).
The resulting number corresponds to the protected length of the conductor: for example, a 32 A fuse can protect up to 214 meters of $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ section cable. When there are two values, it means that the maximum length of the cable is between the two numbers given in the table.

## E 9F aM cylindrical fuses <br> Delayed protection for motor starts

E 9F aM series fuses are the best way to protect against overloads and short-circuits together with E 90 fuseholders series. They feature a delayed tripping curve and are therefore ideal for protecting industrial motors that require high inrush current during the starting phase. The E 9F aM series is available for all the main sizes ( $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}, 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ e $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ ) and with a wide range of rated current values (from 1 A to 125 A and up to 690 V AC). All the E 9F series fuses conform to the RoHS directive and are type-approved in accordance with the most important international naval marks.


| Rated current $\ln [A]$ | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack unit pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 | 574736 | E 9F10 AM05 | 2CSM257473R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 1 | 562931 | E 9F10 AM1 | 2CSM256293R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 2 | 775638 | E 9F10 AM2 | 2CSM277563R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 4 | 773436 | E 9F10 AM4 | 2CSM277343R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 6 | 771234 | E 9F10 AM6 | 2CSM277123R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 8 | 587330 | E 9F10 AM8 | 2CSM258733R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 10 | 575535 | E 9F10 AM10 | 2CSM257553R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 12 | 563730 | E 9F10 AM12 | 2CSM256373R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 16 | 586432 | E 9F10 AM16 | 2CSM258643R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 20 | 574637 | E 9F10 AM20 | 2CSM257463R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 25 | 562832 | E 9F10 AM25 | 2CSM256283R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 32 | 775539 | E 9F10 AM32 | 2CSM277553R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |



| Rated current $\ln [A]$ | Bbn $8012542$ <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack <br> unit <br> pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F $14 \mathrm{aM} 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 575337 | E 9F14 AM1 | 2CSM257533R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 2 | 563532 | E 9F14 AM2 | 2CSM256353R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 4 | 586234 | E 9F14 AM4 | 2CSM258623R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 6 | 574439 | E 9F14 AM6 | 2CSM257443R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 8 | 562634 | E 9F14 AM8 | 2CSM256263R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 10 | 775331 | E 9F14 AM10 | 2CSM277533R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 12 | 773139 | E 9F14 AM12 | 2CSM277313R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 16 | 770930 | E 9F14 AM16 | 2CSM277093R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 20 | 587033 | E 9F14 AM20 | 2CSM258703R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 25 | 575238 | E 9F14 AM25 | 2CSM257523R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 32 | 563433 | E 9F14 AM32 | 2CSM256343R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 40 | 586135 | E 9F14 AM40 | 2CSM258613R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 45 | 574330 | E 9F14 AM45 | 2CSM257433R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |
| 50 | 562535 | E 9F14 AM50 | 2CSM256253R1801 | 0.018 | 10 |



Ø 22

| Rated current <br> $\ln [A]$ | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack <br> unit pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F $22 \mathrm{aM} 22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 586036 | E 9F22 AM6 | 2CSM258603R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 8 | 574231 | E 9F22 AM8 | 2CSM257423R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 10 | 562436 | E 9F22 AM10 | 2CSM256243R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 12 | 775133 | E 9F22 AM12 | 2CSM277513R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 16 | 772934 | E 9F22 AM16 | 2CSM277293R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 20 | 770732 | E 9F22 AM20 | 2CSM277073R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 25 | 774938 | E 9F22 AM25 | 2CSM277493R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 32 | 772736 | E 9F22 AM32 | 2CSM277273R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 40 | 770534 | E 9F22 AM40 | 2CSM277053R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 50 | 594130 | E 9F22 AM50 | 2CSM259413R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 63 | 582335 | E 9F22 AM63 | 2CSM258233R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 80 | 570530 | E 9F22 AM80 | 2CSM257053R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 100 | 595434 | E 9F22 AM100 | 2CSM259543R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |
| 125 | 583639 | E 9F22 AM125 | 2CSM258363R1801 | 0.048 | 10 |

## Technical specifications

| Rated voltage | [V] | 400, 500, 690 AC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | [A] | 0,5... 125 |
| Breaking capacity | [kA] | 20, 120 |
| Overall dimensions | [mm] | $10.3 \times 38,14 \times 51,22 \times 58$ |
| Weight | [g] | 7, 18, 48 |
| Marks |  | LLOYD, BV |
| Standards |  | IEC 60269-2; ROHS 2002/98/CE |

## E 9F aM cylindrical fuses <br> Delayed protection for motor starts

| E 9F $10 \mathrm{aM} 10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Rated current $[\mathrm{A}]$ | Rated voltage [V AC] | Breaking <br> capacity <br> [kA] |
| E 9F10 AM05 | 0,5 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM1 | 1 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM2 | 2 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM4 | 4 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM6 | 6 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM8 | 8 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM10 | 10 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM12 | 12 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM16 | 16 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM20 | 20 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM25 | 25 | 400 | 120 |
| E 9F10 AM32 | 32 | 400 | 120 |


| E 9F 22 aM $22 \times 58 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Rated current $[\mathrm{A}]$ | Rated voltage $[\mathrm{V} A C]$ | Breaking capacity [kA] |
| E 9F22 AM6 | 6 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM8 | 8 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM10 | 10 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM12 | 12 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM16 | 16 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM20 | 20 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM25 | 25 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM32 | 32 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM40 | 40 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM50 | 50 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM63 | 63 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM80 | 80 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM100 | 100 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F22 AM125 | 125 | 500 | 120 |

E 9F $14 \mathrm{aM} 14 \times 51 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses

| Type | Rated current <br> [A] | Rated voltage <br> [V AC] | Breaking <br> capacity <br> [kA] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F14 AM1 | 1 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM2 | 2 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM4 | 4 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM6 | 6 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM8 | 8 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM10 | 10 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM12 | 12 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM16 | 16 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM20 | 20 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM25 | 25 | 690 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM32 | 32 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM40 | 40 | 500 | 120 |
| E 9F14 AM50 | 50 | 500 | 120 |

It is important to make sure that the power dissipated by the fuse does not exceed the limit imposed by the fuseholder in which it is installed.
The maximum power dissipation values, in accordance with the specifications of the E 90 fuseholders series are highlighted in green.

Power dissipation [W]

| In | Size [mm] |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [A] | $10.3 \times 38$ | $14 \times 51$ | $22 \times 58$ |
| 0.5 | 0.70 |  |  |
| 1 | 0.10 | 0.13 |  |
| 2 | 0.14 | 0.18 |  |
| 4 | 0.28 | 0.28 |  |
| 6 | 0.38 | 0.42 | 0.45 |
| 8 | 0.55 | 0.55 | 0.60 |
| 10 | 0.62 | 0.65 | 0.75 |
| 12 | 0.82 | 0.75 | 0.85 |
| 16 | 0.87 | 1.05 | 1.15 |
| 20 | 1.05 | 1.30 | 1.35 |
| 25 | 1.20 | 1.55 | 1.70 |
| 32 | 1.80 | 2.05 | 2.20 |
| 40 |  | 2.65 | 2.70 |
| 45 |  | 2.85 | - |
| 50 |  | 2.95 | 3.60 |
| 63 |  |  | 4.80 |
| 80 |  |  | 6.20 |
| 100 |  |  | 6.65 |
| 125 |  |  | 9.90 |

Temperature increase


## E 9F aM cylindrical fuses Delayed protection for motor starts



## Characteristic $\mathrm{I}^{2} \mathrm{t}$



| Copper | Rated current In [A] of aM fuses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 16 | 20 | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 63 | 80 | 100 | 125 |
| 1.5 | 55/64 | 37-45 | 25/30 | 15/20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5 | 116 | 84/94 | 58/68 | 40/49 | 26/32 | 17/20 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 181 | 147 | 118 | 84/95 | 58/68 | 42/48 | 28/33 | 18/23 |  |  |
| 6 | 273 | 223 | 178 | 139 | 105/117 | 79/89 | 55/64 | 37/42 | 26/31 | 14/20 |
| 10 |  |  |  | 227 | 181 | 147 | 113/125 | 80/94 | 57/69 | 40/47 |
| 16 |  |  |  |  |  | 236 | 189 | 151 | 120 | 83/97 |
| 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 231 | 185 | 147 |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 262 | 210 |

Use this table to find the cable length, in meters, that is protected by a fuse.

Just cross the rated current of the fuse (in the columns) with the section of the conductor (on the lines).
The resulting number corresponds to the protected length of the conductor: for example, a 32 A fuse can protect up to 139 meters of $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ section cable. When there are two values, it means that the maximum length of the cable is between the two numbers given in the table.

## E 9F gPV cylindrical fuses The best protection for direct current photovoltaic installations

The E 9F gPV series of cylindrical fuses has been specifically designed for protecting direct current circuits up to 1000 V . Available in the $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ size for up to 30 A rated current values, they are the best way to protect the strings, inverters and surge arresters in photovoltaic installations according to UL 4248-18.
(U) SA

| Rated current In [A] | Bbn <br> 8012542 <br> EAN | Type code | Order code | Piece weight [kg] | Pack <br> unit <br> pcs |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F gPV $10.3 \times 38 \mathrm{~mm}$ cylindrical fuses |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 134565 | E 9F1PV | 2CSM213456R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 2 | 134664 | E 9F2PV | 2CSM213466R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 3 | 134763 | E 9F3PV | 2CSM213476R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 4 | 134862 | E 9F4PV | 2CSM213486R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 5 | 134961 | E 9F5PV | 2CSM213496R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 6 | 135067 | E 9F6PV | 2CSM213506R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 7 | 135166 | E 9F7PV | 2CSM213516R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 8 | 135265 | E 9F8PV | 2CSM213526R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 10 | 135364 | E 9F10PV | 2CSM213536R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 12 | 135463 | E 9F12PV | 2CSM213546R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 15 | 135562 | E 9F15PV | 2CSM213556R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 20 | 135661 | E 9F20PV | 2CSM213566R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 25 | 135760 | E 9F25PV | 2CSM213576R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |
| 30 | 135869 | E 9F30PV | 2CSM213586R1801 | 0.007 | 10 |

Technical specifications

| Rated voltage | [V] | 1000 DC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current | [A] | 1... 30 |
| Breaking capacity | [kA] | 10 |
| Minimum breaking capability |  | from 1 A to $7 \mathrm{~A}=1.3 \times \ln$ from 8 A to $30 \mathrm{~A}=2.0 \times \ln$ |
| Dimensions | [mm] | $10.3 \times 38$ |
| Weight | [g] | 7 |
| Standards |  | IEC 60269-6; ROHS 2002/98/CE |

## E 9F gPV cylindrical fuses The best protection for direct current photovoltaic installations

| Type | Rated current [A] | Dissipated power 0.7 In [W] | Dissipated power 0.8 In [W] | Dissipated power In [W] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| E 9F1 PV | 1 | 0.125 | 0.175 | 0.25 |
| E 9F2 PV | 2 | 0.160 | 0.250 | 0.32 |
| E 9F3 PV | 3 | 0.66 | 0.87 | 1.36 |
| E 9F4 PV | 4 | 0.69 | 0.8 | 1.25 |
| E 9F5 PV | 5 | 0.59 | 0.73 | 1.12 |
| E 9F6 PV | 6 | 0.42 | 0.67 | 1.05 |
| E 9F7 PV | 7 | 0.40 | 0.64 | 1 |
| E 9F8 PV | 8 | 0.77 | 0.88 | 1.48 |
| E 9F10 PV | 10 | 0.67 | 0.9 | 1.5 |
| E 9F12 PV | 12 | 0.72 | 1 | 1.8 |
| E 9F15 PV | 15 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 2.2 |
| E 9F20 PV | 20 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.8 |
| E 9F25 PV | 25 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 3 |
| E 9F30 PV | 30 | 1.5 | 1.9 | 3.7 |

The power dissipation of the fuse cannot exceed the maximum power dissipation accepted by the fuseholder

Derating in combination with Ambient Temeperature


Ambient temperature $\left[{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right]$

## Time/current tripping characteristics



## Questions \& answers Technical details and insights concerning E 90 fuseholders and fuses

Why should I use a fuse for circuit protection?
There are 4 main reasons:

- Safety: Fuses don't cause dangerous situations (arcs, flames, gas production) since they protect the circuit by blowing. Moreover, the intervention speed on high short circuit currents limits significantly the flash hazard at the fault location.
- Reliability: When a fault is detected, the fuse operates, providing protection. A new fuse is then installed, restoring the protection to its original state. No risk of being contaminated by oil, corrosion or dust and no unexpected tripping.
- Universal use: The fuse's characteristic are standardized in order to ensure an effective coordination with other devices.
- Economic: The fuse is still the most economical solution to prevent damages caused by short-circuits and overloads.

What are the main characteristics of a class CC fuse?
A class CC fuse meets the following three conditions:

- Interrupts all available overcurrents within its interrupt rating.
- Within its current limiting range, limits the clearing time at rated voltage to an interval equal to, or less than, the first major or symmetrical current loop duration.
- Limits peak let-through current to a value less than the available peak current.

What distinguishes a fuseholder for class CC fuses ( $\mathrm{E} 90 / 30 \mathrm{CC}$ ) from a fuseholder for IEC fuses?
Class CC fuseholders shall be provided with a rejection member to prevent the installation of fuses of other classes according to UL 4248-4.
E 90/30 CC assure the rejection member functionality that has been certified by UL laboratories.

What is the difference between Midget and Class CC fuses? Class CC fuses are current limiting fuses with rejection tips on the bottoms to prevent them for being used in holders not rated similarly.
Midget fuses are defined as supplemental fuses and are not rated for current limiting. They do not have rejection tips because they can be used in most fuse holders regardless of class ratings.

## E 90 Wizard

## E 90 Wizard is an APP to easily select fuse and fuse holder codes in few simple steps wherever you are.

E 90 Wizard helps you to select ABB codes for E 90 and E 9F series for all the applications: industrial, residential, photovoltaic and North American markets.
In few taps E 90 Wizard can provide you the right code, listing you technical characteristics and documentation links.
Available for Iphone and Android.


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[^0]:    Here you can find a typical industrial control application. According to IEC 60364-1 Standard, the secondary winding of a control transformer must be protected against short circuits and overload. The transformer provides dedicated 230 V AC power supply to a battery of industrial contactors.

[^1]:    *s: versione with blown fuse indicator

