Tunable diode laser analyzer **LS4000, LS4060** 

# **Operator's manual**

## 42/24-50 EN Rev. 3





Tunable diode laser analyzer **LS4000, LS4060** 

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## Preliminary remarks...

about the contents of this operator's manual	the analyze In addition	tor's manual contains all the information you need to install and operate er in a safe manner and as intended. to this operator's manual, please also note the data sheet that accom- h analyzer.
about further details that can be found online		Id further details about the products and services on offer from ABB nalytics online at "http://www.abb.com/analytical".
about symbols, letters and numbering used in the operator's manual	▲ 〕 1, 2, 3, …	Indicates safety instructions that must be followed when handling the analyzer in order to prevent danger to the user. Indicates specific information on the operation of the analyzer as well as on the use of this operator's manual. Indicate reference numbers used within figures.
about copyright	translated, meaning in cal or elect without the	tor's manual is protected by copyright. No part of this publication may be copied or transmitted in any form, as an edited version or as excerpts, particular that no part may be reprinted, reproduced by photomechani- ronic means, or stored in data processing systems or data networks permission of the copyright holder and. Non-compliance will lead to in under civil and criminal law.

## Safety instructions

Intended use	The analyz	zer is designed to measure gas con	centrations in a g	gas mixture.
Improper use	•	zer is not designed or suitable for ot r any other purpose is concerned a		
General safety instructions		The transmitter unit, receiver un properly grounded to prevent el ances. The glass lenses of the transmi must be protected against mecl	lectrical hazard	s and disturb- e receiver unit
Safety when installing and connecting		The analyzer must only be insta and national regulations. Installation and connection wor qualified personnel.	illed in accorda	nce with regional
Safety when operating	$\land$	The analyzer must only be oper al and national regulations.	ated in accorda	nce with region-
Safety during maintenance, service and repair work	$\wedge$	Only genuine spare parts from to replace mechanical, electrica		
Safety when repairing explosion-proof	$\wedge$	The transmitter unit, receiver ur opened in the presence of an ex	cplosive atmos	ohere.
variants		Only genuine spare parts from to replace mechanical, electrica		
		Repairs to connection points or unit requiring explosion protect accordance with EN/IEC 60079- be performed in accordance wit specifications.	n the transmitte tion must not be 1:2007. Such re	r and receiver e performed in pairs must only
		Manufacturer's specifications for requiring explosion protection	or repairs to cor	nnection points
		Component	Length	Gap dimensions
		Cylindrical gap between housing components with a 103-mm di- ameter	Min. 17.6 mm	Max. 0.106 mm
		Cylindrical gap for lens with a 40 mm diameter	Min. 49.7 mm	Max. 0.125 mm
Safety when disassembling and disassing of	$\Lambda$	The transmitter unit, receiver un disassembled in the presence of		

disposing of explosion-proof

variants

Certification of analyzer components



The ABB certificates regarding safety and electromagnetic compatibility relate to the transmitter unit, the receiver unit and the junction box.

The ABB certificates regarding explosion protection relate to the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The current certificates and safety instructions of the relevant manufacturer must be observed with regard to the junction box and its installation. These are available on the manufacturer's website. Please refer to the relevant data on the name plate of the junction box.

Warning symbols on the junction box



Risk of electric shock!

Applied safety standards

Classification	Standard	Degree of protection
Safety	EN 61010	Protection class I
Safety of laser devices	EN 60825-1	Laser class 1

## Description

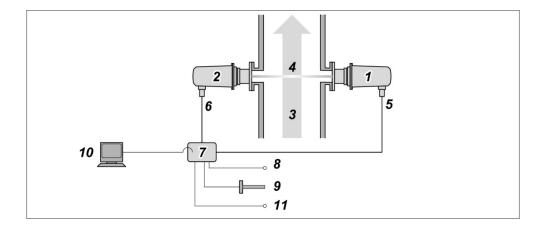
### Analyzer variants

Variant	Туре	Certificate	Power supply in the junction box
General Purpose	LS4000		Always installed
ATEX Zone 1 and Zone 2	LS4060	BVS 13 ATEX E 008 X	Fitted or not included
IECEx Zone 1	LS4060	IECEx BVS 13.0013X	Fitted or not included
KCs	LS4060	15-AV4BO-0281, 15-AV4BO-0282	Not included
CSA Class I, Div. 1 & Div. 2, CSA Class I, Zone 1	LS4060	12.2589676X	Always installed

The certificates of the analyzer do not apply to the junction box of the respective variant. When installing and operating the junction box, please note the certificate and, if applicable, the operating instructions of the relevant manufacturer.

#### Analyzer design

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Meaning
Receiver unit
Transmitter unit
Process gas
Optical path length of the laser beam
Connection cable between receiver unit and junction box
Connection cable between transmitter unit and junction box
Junction box
Power supply
T/P probe(s)
PC
Analog and digital outputs

	<ul> <li>opposite one another on a procession box.</li> <li>The following components are one of the fo</li></ul>	ess line or star connected to the ceiver unit ic temperature digital outputs External power	and pressure correction (depending s supply unit (see <b>Analyzer variants</b>
Analyzer measuring principle	tion spectroscopy (TDLAS), whi specific wavelengths. In this method, a configurable la beam, which passes through the the receiver unit. The molecules cal path of the laser beam abso at the receiver. A sophisticated signal algorithm and uses this value to calculate	ch is based or aser diode in the process gas of the measu rb the laser lig records the n the gas conce	ethod of tunable diode laser absorp- in the fact that gases absorb light of the transmitter unit emits a laser and shines onto the photodetector in ring components located in the opti- ht, thereby reducing the light intensity neasured reduction in light intensity entration in accordance with the Beer- d pressure variations is eliminated by
	a dynamic automatic correction	function.	
Explosion-proof variants of the	Variant	ABB P/N	Manufacturer's P/N
junction boxes (manufacturer's	ATEX, IECEx, KCs without power supply	758368	Bartec 07-5100-2002/3011
part numbers)	ATEX with power supply	758255	Bartec (Ex-e) 07-5180-2002/3011 Cortem (Ex-d) GUB-02
	IECEx with power supply	758308	Bartec (Ex-e) 07-5180-2002/3011 Cortem (Ex-d) GUB-02

758219

CSA Div. 1 with power supply

R. Stahl 8264/6214-3210

## Chapter 1 General Purpose variant

Торіс	Page
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Labels	15
Scope of delivery	

# Specifications

	Specifications	
receiver unit	Dimensions (W x H x D)	118 x 163 x 237 mm
	Weight	4.1 kg each
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C, Storage: -40+70 °C
	Relative humidity	Up to 80 % at max. +31 °C, linearly decreas- ing to 50 % at +40 °C
	Operating voltage	DC 24 V nominal (DC 1832 V)
	Total power consumption	Max. 10 W
	Housing protection type	IP65
	Protection class	III
	, i	nay be used for measuring a flammable gas mixture, hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following
	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pase</li> </ul>	
Junction box	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pase</li> </ul>	hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following never pass through an explosive gas mixture. t be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is ss through an explosive gas mixture, an explosion-
Junction box	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pas proof variant of the gas analyzer</li> </ul>	hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following never pass through an explosive gas mixture. t be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is ss through an explosive gas mixture, an explosion-
Junction box	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pas proof variant of the gas analyzer</li> <li>Specifications</li> </ul>	hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following never pass through an explosive gas mixture. t be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is as through an explosive gas mixture, an explosion- er with type test certificate must be used.
Junction box	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pas proof variant of the gas analyzer</li> <li>Specifications</li> <li>Dimensions (W x H x D)</li> </ul>	hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following never pass through an explosive gas mixture. t be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is as through an explosive gas mixture, an explosion- er with type test certificate must be used. 300 x 200 x 155 mm
Junction box	<ul> <li>conditions are met:</li> <li>The laser beam must r</li> <li>The gas analyzer mus present.</li> <li>When the laser beam shall pas proof variant of the gas analyzer</li> <li>Specifications</li> <li>Dimensions (W x H x D)</li> <li>Weight</li> </ul>	hrough a flammable gas mixture, if the following never pass through an explosive gas mixture. t be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is as through an explosive gas mixture, an explosion- er with type test certificate must be used. 300 x 200 x 155 mm 4.7 kg

Power supply (in the	Specifications			
junction box)	Operating voltage	AC 100240 V ± 10 %; 5060 Hz		
	Power consumption	30 VA		
	Protection class	I		
	Overvoltage category	II		
	Degree of pollution	2		
	Safe isolation	Safety extra-low voltage (SELV) on the low voltage side		
	Overload protection	Voltage and current limitation		
Inputs and outputs (in the junction box)	Specifications			
	Analog outputs	Three 420 mA outputs (one per measuring component and for transmission), load max. 500 $\Omega$ , not insulated		
	Analog inputs	Two 420 mA inputs for dynamic process temperature and pressure correction, load max. 100 $\Omega$ , not insulated		
	Digital outputs	Two outputs: 2-pin with N.O. contacts 30 V/1 A DC/AC; wired in accordance with the requirements for class 2 circuits <sup>1)</sup>		
	Service port	Ethernet 10BaseT		
	1) Class 2 circuits are energy-limited circuits with a maximum voltage of 30 V AC or 42 V AC, a maximum current of 5 A and a maximum power of 100 VA.			
Safety and EMC	Safety in accordance with Euro- pean standards – CE	Tested to EN 61010-1:2010		
Safety and EMC		Tested to EN 61010-1:2010 The LS4000 and LS4060 gas analyzers are certified for use in "General Purpose" envi- ronments. They comply with the standards CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 and UL Std. No. 61010-1 (3rd Edition).		
Safety and EMC	pean standards – CE Safety in accordance with U.S. and Canadian	The LS4000 and LS4060 gas analyzers are certified for use in "General Purpose" environments. They comply with the standards CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 and UL Std.		

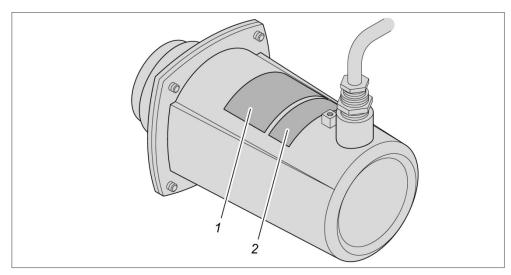
i

The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box.

In such instances, compliance with the limit values of all modules must be guaranteed by means of a suitable spatial arrangement on site.

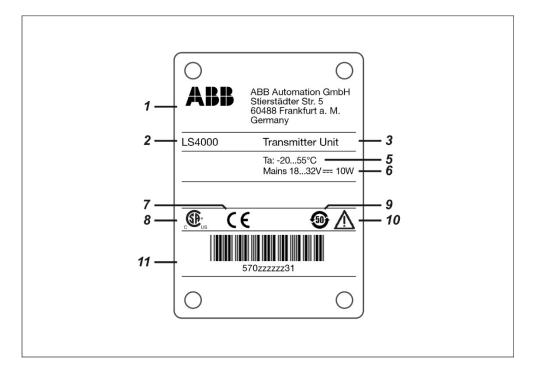
## Labels

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	Transmitter unit, receiver unit
5	Permissible ambient temperature for operation

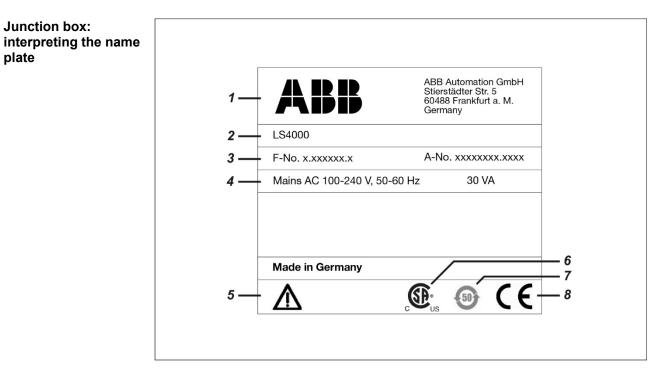
No.	Meaning	
6	Supply voltage and power consumption	
7	CE mark	
8	CSA marking	
9	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use	
10	Symbol: Consult operator's manual	
11	Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text	

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.

#### Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	F-no. = Manufacturing number, A-no. = Order no.
4	Supply voltage and power consumption
5	Symbol: Consult operator's manual

No.	Meaning
6	CSA marking
7	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use
8	CE mark

### Unpacking devices and accessories

Unpack all parts included in the scope of delivery.

Identifying devices and accessories

Ensure that all delivered parts match your order.

Qty.	Description
1	Transmitter unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens
1	Receiver unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens
1	Junction box, power supply unit fitted, cable glands pre-installed
1	Ethernet adapter
2	Purging flanges with seals and fastening clips (as per the order)
1	Analyzer data sheet (in the junction box)
1	Operator's manual
1	DVD-ROM "Software tools & technical documentation"
	Accessories included as per customer order

Disposing of packaging material Keep the transport packaging of the transmitter and receiver units for possible return. Keep the yellow protective caps of the lenses for service purposes. Dispose of the residual packaging material in accordance with local regulations.

**Final check** 

Finally, check that all parts are complete and in perfect condition.

lf	then
all parts are in perfect condition	the installation process can be started.
one or more parts are missing or are not in perfect condition	the laser analyzer must not be installed.

## Chapter 2 ATEX variant

Торіс	Page
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Laser classification	22
Markings for zone 1	23
Markings for zone 2	26
Scope of delivery	29

# Specifications

Specifications		
Dimensions (W x H x D)	118 x 163 x 237 mm	
Weight	4.1 kg each	
Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use Operation only under atmospheric conditions according to IEC 60079-0 (limited tempera- ture range, see below)	
Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C, Storage: -40+70 °C	
Relative humidity	Up to 80 % at max. +31 °C, linearly decreas- ing to 50 % at +40 °C	
Operating voltage	DC 24 V nominal (DC 1832 V)	
Total power consumption	Max. 10 W	
Housing protection type	IP65	
Protection class	III	
Specifications		
Dimensions (W x H x D)	300 x 230 x 111 mm	
Weight	4.5 kg	
Housing protection type	IP65	
Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use	
Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C	
Specifications		
Dimensions (W x H x D)	230 x 461 x 165 mm	
Weight	10 kg	
Housing protection type	IP65	
Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use	
Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C	
Specifications		
Operating voltage	AC 100240 V ± 10 %; 5060 Hz	
Power consumption	30 VA	
	Dimensions (W x H x D)WeightInstallation siteAmbient temperatureRelative humidityOperating voltageTotal power consumptionHousing protection typeProtection classSpecificationsDimensions (W x H x D)WeightHousing protection typeInstallation siteAmbient temperatureSpecificationsDimensions (W x H x D)WeightHousing protection typeInstallation siteAmbient temperatureSpecificationsDimensions (W x H x D)WeightHousing protection typeInstallation siteAmbient temperatureSpecificationsDimensions (W x H x D)WeightHousing protection typeInstallation siteAmbient temperatureSpecificationsOperating voltage	

	Specifications		
	Protection class		
	Overvoltage category		
	Degree of pollution	2	
	Safe isolation	Safety extra-low voltage (SELV) on the low voltage side	
	Overload protection	Voltage and current limitation	
Inputs and outputs	Specifications		
(in the junction box)	Analog outputs	Three 420 mA outputs (one per measuring component and for transmission), load max. 500 $\Omega$ , not insulated	
	Analog inputs	Two 420 mA inputs for dynamic process temperature and pressure correction, load max. 100 $\Omega$ , not insulated	
	Digital outputs	Two outputs: 2 pin with N.O. contacts 30 V/1 A DC/AC; wired in accordance with the re- quirements for class 2 circuits <sup>1)</sup>	
	Service port	Ethernet 10BaseT	
	<ol> <li>Class 2 circuits are energy-limited circuits with a maximum voltage of 30 V AC or 42 V AC, a maximum current of 5 A and a maximum power of 100 VA.</li> </ol>		
Safety and EMC	Safety in accordance with Euro- pean standards – CE	Tested to EN 61010-1:2010	
	EMC: Interference immunity	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Inspection level: industrial area, fulfills at least the evaluation criteria according to Table 2 of EN 61326-1.	
	EMC: Emission interference	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Limit class B for interference field strength and interference voltages is met.	
	receiver unit may differ es, compliance with the by means of a suitable If the junction box is se necessary to ensure th	The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box. In such instances, compliance with the limit values of all modules must be guaranteed by means of a suitable spatial arrangement on site. If the junction box is set up outdoors, measures must be taken where necessary to ensure the intended operation. This may include rain canopies, for example, or housings with an adequate IP rating.	

## Safety rating

Preliminary remarks



# The specified explosion protection is only guaranteed when used for its intended purpose.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: Explosion protection for zone 1 The transmitter unit and receiver unit are certified for use in explosive atmospheres as follows:

Classification	Environment	EC type examination certificate
II 2(1)G Ex d [op is Ga] IIC T6 Gb	Environment with explosive gases	BVS 13 ATEX E 008X
II 2D Ex tb IIIC T88°C Db	Environment with explosive dusts	BVS 13 ATEX E 008X

The measurement function for the explosion protection is not the subject of the EC type examination certificate.

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are certified for use in explosive atmospheres as follows:

### Transmitter unit and receiver unit: Explosion protection for zone 2

Classification	Environment	Certificate
II 3(1)G Ex d [op is Ga] IIC T6 Gc	Environment with explosive gases	BVS 13 ATEX E 008X
II 2D Ex tb IIIC T88°C Db	Environment with explosive dusts	BVS 13 ATEX E 008X

Junction box: Safety The junction for zone lows: 1 and zone 2

The junction box is certified for use in potentially explosive environments as follows:

Classification	Environment	EC type examination certificate
II 2G Ex e IIC T6 Gb II 2G Ex d IIC T6 Gb	Environment with explosive gases	PTB 11 ATEX 1016 X DEKRA 13 ATEX 0209
II 2D Ex tb IIIC T80°C Db II 2D Ex tb IIIC T80°C Db	Environment with explosive dusts	PTB 11 ATEX 1016 X DEKRA 13 ATEX 0209

Binding information: see name plate and manufacturer's EC type examination certificate.

### Laser classification

 $\mathbb{A}$ 

### Laser classification

The laser beam comes into contact with the gas being analyzed. The gas analyzer may be used for analysis of one of the following media:

Medium	Zone	Classification
Explosive gases	Zone 0	IIC T6
Explosive dusts	Zone 21	IIIC T88°C

The laser analyzer is not approved for the analysis of media that contain a mixture of explosive gases and dusts.

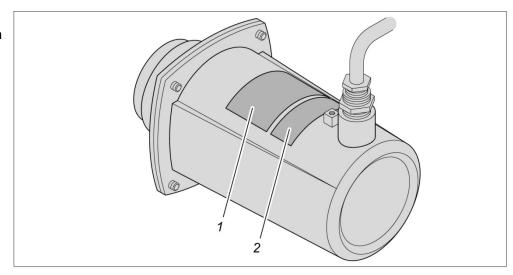
Safely separate the installation location of the gas analyzer from zone 0.

In case of contact between the laser beam and the explosive gas or dust mixture: note the atmospheric conditions (see below).

Atmospheric conditions for the explosive gas or dust	Temperature	-20+60 °C
	Pressure (absolute)	80110 kPa (0.81.1 bar)
mixture	Oxidizing agent	Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)

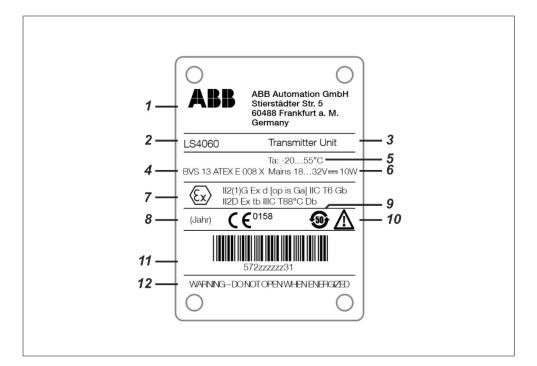
## Markings for zone 1

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	Transmitter unit, receiver unit
4	Number of EC type examination certificate

No.	Meaning
5	Permissible ambient temperature for operation
6	Supply voltage and power consumption
7	Labeling in accordance with EC type examination certificate
8	CE marking with year of manufacture and the number of the named body for explosion protection (conformity with European safety stand-ards)
9	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use
10	Symbol: Consult operator's manual
11	Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text
12	Warning: Do not open housing when supply voltage is present!
12	Warning. Do not open nousing when supply voltage is present:

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: labeling in accordance with EC type examination certificate

Specifi- cation	Meaning
II	ATEX marking II: The device is approved for atmospheres with com- bustible gases or dusts
2(1)G	Equipment category 2G, laser light with category 1G
Ex d [op is Ga]	Explosion protection class: flameproof enclosure and optical radiation Optical radiation with a very high level of protection (Ga)
IIC	Explosion group IIC
T6	Temperature class T6
Gb	Device with "high" level of protection for use in areas with a potential risk of gas explosion, in which normal operation or anticipated fault/malfunction do not pose a risk of ignition

Specifi- cation	Meaning
II	ATEX marking II: The device is approved for atmospheres with com- bustible gases or dusts
2D	Equipment category 2D
Ex tb	Type of protection from ignition: "enclosure"
IIIC	Explosion group IIIC
T88°C	Maximum surface temperature
Db	Device with "high" level of protection for use in combustible dust atmospheres, in which normal operation or anticipated fault/malfunction do not pose a risk of ignition

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.

Name plate on the junction box with a built-in power supply:

Junction box: interpreting the name plate

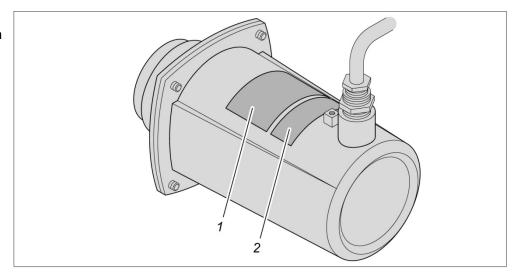


Name plate on the junction box without built-in power supply:



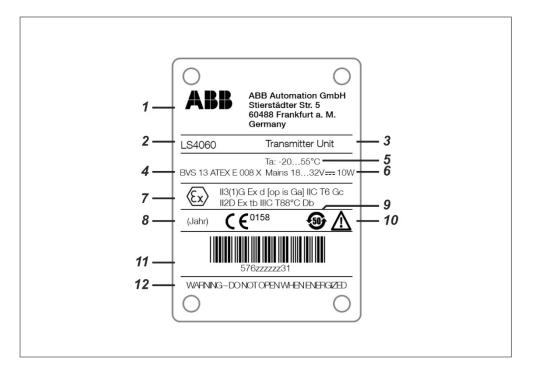
No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Item number
3	Description of the junction box
4	Country of manufacture

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



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Permissible ambient temperature for operation
Supply voltage and power consumption
Labeling in accordance with EC type examination certificate
CE marking with year of manufacture and the number of the named body for explosion protection (conformity with European safety stand-ards)
EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use
Symbol: Consult operator's manual
Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text
Warning: Do not open housing when supply voltage is present!

Transmitter unit and	-
receiver unit: labeling	
in accordance with	-
manufacturer's	
certificate	

Specifi- cation	Meaning
II	ATEX marking II: The device is approved for atmospheres with com- bustible gases or dusts
3(1)G	Equipment category 3G, laser light with category 1G
Ex d [op is Ga]	Explosion protection class: flameproof enclosure and optical radiation Optical radiation with a very high level of protection (Ga)
IIC	Explosion group IIC
T6	Temperature class T6
Gc	Device with "extended" level of protection for use in potentially explo- sive atmospheres, in which during normal operation there is no risk of combustion, and which have some additional protective measures to ensure that typically foreseeable faults of the device do not pose a danger
Specifi- cation	Meaning
II	ATEX marking II: The device is approved for atmospheres with com- bustible gases or dusts
2D	Equipment category 2D
Ex tb	Type of protection from ignition: "enclosure"
IIIC	Explosion group IIIC
T88°C	Maximum surface temperature
Db	Device with "high" level of protection for use in combustible dust atmospheres, in which normal operation or anticipated fault/malfunction do not pose a risk of ignition

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.

Name plate on the junction box with a built-in power supply:

Junction box: interpreting the name plate



Name plate on the junction box without built-in power supply:



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Item number
3	Description of the junction box
4	Country of manufacture

# Unpacking devices and accessories

Unpack all parts included in the scope of delivery.

Identifying devices and accessories

Ensure that all delivered parts match your order.

	Qty.	Description	
	1	Transmitter unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens	
	1	Receiver unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens	
	1	Junction box, power supply (if ordered) installed, cable glands pre- installed	
	1	Ethernet adapter	
	2	Purging flanges with seals and fastening clips (as per the order)	
	1	CE Declaration of conformity	
	1	Analyzer data sheet (in the junction box)	
	1	Operator's manual	
	1	DVD-ROM "Software tools & technical documentation"	
		Accessories included as per customer order	
supply and connection cable	Qty.	ion cable according to the following specifications: Description and specification	
	1 1		
	I	<ul> <li>Power supply:</li> <li>Primary voltage: AC 100240 V ± 10 %, mains frequency: 5060 Hz, Secondary voltage: 24 V DC ± 10 %, output current: min. 400 mA, Overload protection: power limitation</li> <li>Secondary voltage connection cable 24 V DC to junction box:</li> <li>Outside diameter: min. 7 up to max. 12 mm, wire cross-section: min. 1.5 up to max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16–14), cable length: max. 30 m</li> </ul>	
	1		
	i	The power supply from a 24 V direct current mains network is not allowed.	
Disposing of packaging material	Keep the transport packaging of the transmitter and receiver units for possible return. Keep the yellow protective caps of the lenses for service purposes. Dispose of the residual packaging material in accordance with local regulations.		
Final check	Finally, o	check that all parts are complete and in perfect condition.	
	lf	then	
	all parts	are in perfect condition the installation process can be started.	
		nore parts are missing or the laser analyzer must not be installed. In perfect condition	

## Chapter 3 IECEx variant

Торіс	Page
Specifications	30
Safety rating	32
Laser classification	33
Labels	34
Scope of delivery	37

# Specifications

Transmitter unit and	Specifications		
receiver unit	Dimensions (W x H x D)	118 x 163 x 237 mm	
	Weight	4.1 kg each	
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use	
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C, Storage: -40+70 °C	
	Relative humidity	Up to 80 % at max. +31 °C, linearly decreasing to 50 % at +40 °C	
	Operating voltage	DC 24 V nominal (DC 1832 V)	
	Total power consumption	Max. 10 W	
	Housing protection type	IP65	
	Protection class	III	
Junction box (without power supply unit)	Specifications		
power suppry unit	Dimensions (W x H x D)	300 x 230 x 111 mm	
	Weight	4.5 kg	
	Housing protection type	IP65	
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use	
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C	
Junction box with	Specifications		
integrated power supply	Dimensions (W x H x D)	230 x 461 x 165 mm	
	Weight	10 kg	
	Housing protection type	IP65	
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use	
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C	
Power supply (in the	Specifications		
junction box)	Operating voltage	AC 100240 V ± 10 %; 5060 Hz	
	Power consumption	30 VA	
	Protection class	I	
	Overvoltage category	II	
	Degree of pollution	2	

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Safe isolation	Safety extra-low voltage (SELV) on the low voltage side
Overload protection	Voltage and current limitation
Specifications	
Analog outputs	Three 420 mA outputs (one per measuring component and for transmission), load max. 500 $\Omega$ , not insulated
Analog inputs	Two 420 mA inputs for dynamic process temperature and pressure correction, load max. 100 $\Omega$ , not insulated
Digital outputs	Two outputs: 2 pin with N.O. contacts 30 V/1 A DC/AC; wired in accordance with the re- quirements for class 2 circuits <sup>1)</sup>
Service port	Ethernet 10BaseT
	nited circuits with a maximum voltage of 30 V AC ent of 5 A and a maximum power of 100 VA.
Safety in accordance with Euro- pean standards – CE	Tested to EN 61010-1:2010
EMC: Interference immunity	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Inspection level: industrial area, fulfills at least the evaluation criteria according to Table 2 of EN 61326-1.
EMC: Emission interference	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Limit class B for interference field strength and interference voltages is met.
	Overload protection         Specifications         Analog outputs         Analog inputs         Digital outputs         Service port         1) Class 2 circuits are energy-line or 42 V AC, a maximum current or 42 V AC, a maximum current standards – CE         EMC: Interference immunity

The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box. In such instances, compliance with the limit values of all modules must be guaranteed by means of a suitable spatial arrangement on site.

If the junction box is set up outdoors, measures must be taken where necessary to ensure the intended operation. This may include rain canopies, for example, or housings offering an adequate degree of protection if necessary.

## Safety rating

Preliminary remarks



# The specified explosion protection is only guaranteed when used for its intended purpose.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: explosion protection The transmitter unit and receiver unit are certified for use in explosive atmospheres as follows:

Classification	Environment	IECEx certificate
Ex d [op is] IIC T4 Gb	Environment with explosive gases	IECEx BVS 13.0013X
Ex tb IIIC T88°C Db	Environment with explosive dusts	IECEx BVS 13.0013X

The measurement function for the explosion protection is not subject to the IECEx certificate.

Junction box: safety rating

The junction box is certified for use in potentially explosive environments as follows:

Classification	Environment	IECEx certificate
Ex e IIC T6 Gb Ex de IIC T6 Gb	Environment with explosive gases	IECEx PTB 11.0033X IECEx DEK 13.0075
Ex tb IIIC T80°C Db Ex tb IIIC T80°C Db	Environment with explosive dusts	IECEx PTB 11.0033X IECEx DEK 13.0075

For binding specifications, see name plate and manufacturer's IECEx certificate.

### Laser classification

### Laser classification

The laser beam comes into contact with the gas being analyzed. The gas analyzer may be used for analysis of one of the following media:

Medium	Zone	Classification
Explosive gases	Zone 1	IIC T4
Explosive dusts	Zone 21	IIIC T88°C

The laser analyzer is not approved for the analysis of media that contain a mixture of explosive gases and dusts.

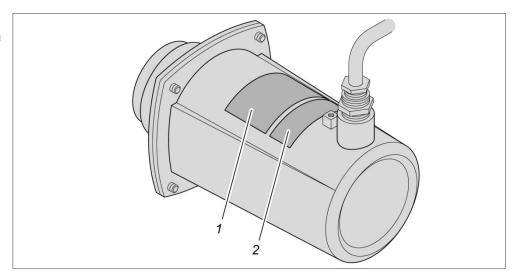
In case of contact between the laser beam and the explosive gas or dust mixture: note the atmospheric conditions (see below).

The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box with respect to measuring explosive dusts, based on the different temperature classifications. Please note the relevant certification of the junction box.

Atmospheric	Temperature	-20+60 °C
conditions for the explosive gas or dust	Pressure (absolute)	80110 kPa (0.81.1 bar)
mixture	Oxidizing agent	Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)

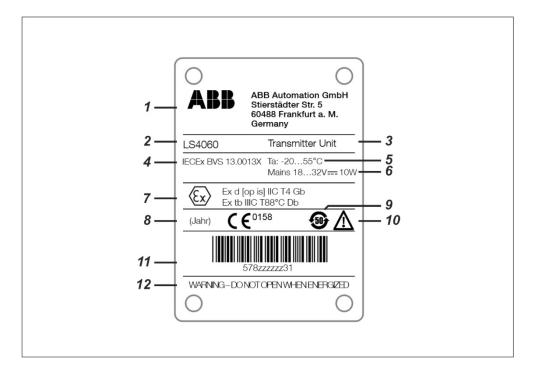
## Labels

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	Transmitter unit, receiver unit
4	Number of the IECEx certificate

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No.	Meaning
5	Permissible ambient temperature for operation
6	Supply voltage and power consumption
7	Labeling in accordance with IECEx certificate
8	CE marking with year of manufacture and the number of the named body for explosion protection (conformity with European safety stand-ards)
9	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use
10	Symbol: Consult operator's manual
11	Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text
12	Warning: Do not open housing when supply voltage is present!

#### Transmitter unit and receiver unit: labeling in accordance with IECEx certificate

Specifi- cation	Meaning
Ex d [op is]	Explosion protection class: flameproof enclosure and optical radiation
IIC	Explosion group IIC
T4	Temperature class T4
Gb	Device with "high" level of protection for use in areas with a potential risk of gas explosion, in which normal operation or anticipated fault/malfunction do not pose a risk of ignition
Specifi- cation	Meaning
Ex tb	Type of protection from ignition: "enclosure"
IIIC	Explosion group IIIC

T88°C	Maximum surface temperature
Db	Device with "high" level of protection for use in combustible dust atmospheres, in which normal operation or anticipated fault/malfunction do not pose a risk of ignition

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.

Name plate on the junction box with a built-in power supply:

Junction box: interpreting the name plate



Name plate on the junction box without built-in power supply:



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Item number
3	Description of the junction box
4	Country of manufacture

# Unpacking devices and accessories

Unpack all parts included in the scope of delivery.

Identifying devices and accessories

Ensure that all delivered parts match your order.

Qty.	Description	
1	Transmitter unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens	
1	Receiver unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens	
1	Junction box, power supply (if ordered) installed, cable glands pre- installed	
1	Ethernet adapter	
2	Purging flanges with seals and fastening clips (as per the order)	
1	Analyzer data sheet (in the junction box)	
1	Operator's manual	
1	DVD-ROM "Software tools & technical documentation"	
	Accessories included as per customer order	

#### Purchasing a power supply and connection cable

If the power supply is not included with the unit: purchase a power supply and a connection cable according to the following specifications:

	Qty.	Description and specif	fication
	1	, .	0240 V $\pm$ 10 %, mains frequency: 5060 Hz, / DC $\pm$ 10 %, output current: min. 400 mA, wer limitation
	1	Outside diameter: min.	ection cable 24 V DC to junction box: 7 up to max. 12 mm, wire cross-section: min. (AWG 16–14), cable length: max. 30 m
	i	The power supply from allowed.	a 24 V direct current mains network is not
Disposing of packaging material	return. Ke	eep the yellow protective c	e transmitter and receiver units for possible aps of the lenses for service purposes. Dispose n accordance with local regulations.
Final check	Finally, cl	neck that all parts are com	plete and in perfect condition.
	lf		then
	all parts a	are in perfect condition	the installation process can be started.

the laser analyzer must not be installed.

one or more parts are missing or

are not in perfect condition

## Chapter 4 KCs variant

Торіс	Page
Specifications	38
Safety rating	40
Laser classification	41
Labels	42
Scope of delivery	45

## Specifications

Transmitter unit and	Specifications			
receiver unit	Dimensions (W x H x D)	118 x 163 x 237 mm		
	Weight	4.1 kg each		
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use		
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C, Storage: -40+70 °C		
	Relative humidity	Up to 80 % at max. +31 °C, linearly decreasing to 50 % at +40 °C		
	Operating voltage	DC 24 V nominal (DC 1832 V)		
	Total power consumption	Max. 10 W		
	Housing protection type	IP65		
	Protection class	III		
Junction box (without	Specifications			
power supply unit)	Dimensions (W x H x D)	300 x 230 x 111 mm		
	Weight	4.5 kg		
	Housing protection type	IP65		
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use		
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C		
Junction box with	Specifications			
integrated power supply	Dimensions (W x H x D)	230 x 461 x 165 mm		
Supply	Weight	10 kg		
	Housing protection type	IP65		
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use		
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C		
Power supply (in the	Specifications			
junction box)	Operating voltage	AC 100240 V ± 10 %; 5060 Hz		
	Power consumption	30 VA		
	Protection class	I		
	Overvoltage category	II		
	Degree of pollution	2		

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Specifications	
Safe isolation	Safety extra-low voltage (SELV) on the low voltage side
Overload protection	Voltage and current limitation
Specifications	
Analog outputs	Three 420 mA outputs (one per measuring component and for transmission), load max. 500 $\Omega$ , not insulated
Analog inputs	Two 420 mA inputs for dynamic process temperature and pressure correction, load max. 100 $\Omega$ , not insulated
Digital outputs	Two outputs: 2 pin with N.O. contacts 30 V/1 A DC/AC; wired in accordance with the re- quirements for class 2 circuits <sup>1)</sup>
Service port	Ethernet 10BaseT
	nited circuits with a maximum voltage of 30 V AC ent of 5 A and a maximum power of 100 VA.
Safety in accordance with Euro- pean standards – CE	Tested to EN 61010-1:2010
EMC: Interference immunity	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Inspection level: industrial area, fulfills at least the evaluation criteria according to Table 2 of EN 61326-1.
EMC: Emission interference	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013
	Safe isolation         Overload protection         Specifications         Analog outputs         Analog inputs         Digital outputs         Service port         1)       Class 2 circuits are energy-lir or 42 V AC, a maximum currer         Safety in accordance with European standards – CE

The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box. In such instances, compliance with the limit values of all modules must be guaranteed by means of a suitable spatial arrangement on site.

If the junction box is set up outdoors, measures must be taken where necessary to ensure the intended operation. This may include rain canopies, for example, or housings offering an adequate degree of protection if necessary.

### Safety rating

Preliminary remarks



-

# The specified explosion protection is only guaranteed when used for its intended purpose.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: explosion protection

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are certified for use in explosive atmospheres as follows:

Classification	Environment	KCs certificate
Ex d IIC T4	Environment with explosive gases	15-AV4BO-0281
Ex td A21 IP66 T88°C	Environment with explosive dusts	15-AV4BO-0282

The measurement function for the explosion protection is not subject to the KCs certificate.

Junction box: safety rating

The junction box is certified for use in potentially explosive environments as follows:

Classification	Environment	KCs certificate
Ex e II T6	Environment with explosive gases	15-AV4BO-0115
Ex td A21 IP6X T80°C	Environment with explosive dusts	15-AV4BO-0117

For binding specifications, see name plate and manufacturer's KCs certificate.

### Laser classification

#### Laser classification

The laser beam comes into contact with the gas being analyzed. The gas analyzer may be used for analysis of one of the following media:

Medium	Zone	Classification
Explosive gases	Zone 1	IIC T4
Explosive dusts	Zone 21	T88°C

The laser analyzer is not approved for the analysis of media that contain a mixture of explosive gases and dusts.

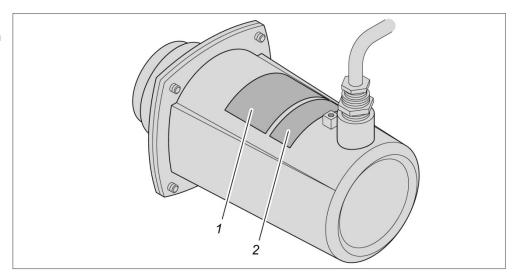
In case of contact between the laser beam and the explosive gas or dust mixture: note the atmospheric conditions (see below).

The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box with respect to measuring explosive dusts, based on the different temperature classifications. Please note the relevant certification of the junction box.

Atmospheric	Temperature	-20+60 °C
conditions for the explosive gas or dust	Pressure (absolute)	80110 kPa (0.81.1 bar)
mixture	Oxidizing agent	Air with normal oxygen content, usually 21 % (V/V)

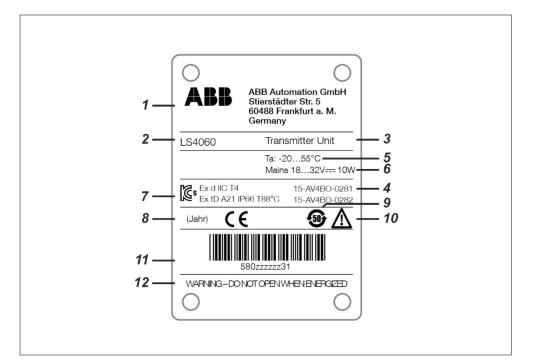
### Labels

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	Transmitter unit, receiver unit
4	Number of the KCs certificate

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No.	Meaning	
5	Permissible ambient temperature for operation	
6	Supply voltage and power consumption	
7	Labeling in accordance with KCs certificate	
8	CE marking with year of manufacture and the number of the named body for explosion protection (conformity with European safety stand-ards)	
9	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use	
10	Symbol: Consult operator's manual	
11	Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text	
12	Warning: Do not open housing when supply voltage is present!	

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: labeling in accordance with IECEx certificate

Specifi- cation	Meaning	
Ex d	Explosion protection class: flameproof enclosure and optical radiation	
IIC	Explosion group IIC	
T4	Temperature class T4	
Crocifi	·	
Specifi- cation	Meaning	
•	Meaning Protection by enclosures. Labeling according to practice A for zone 21 (EN 61241-1, IEC 61241-1, ISA 61241-1)	
cation	Protection by enclosures. Labeling according to practice A for zone 21	

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.

Name plate on the junction box without built-in power supply:

Junction box: interpreting the name plate

	ABB Automation GmbH Stierstädter Str. 5 60488 Frankfurt a.M. Germany
2 — Material #: 7 3 — Junction Box w/o Power S	x ATEX/IECEx/Kosha
4 — Made in Ger	rmany

No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Item number
3	Description of the junction box
4	Country of manufacture

# Unpacking devices and accessories

Unpack all parts included in the scope of delivery.

Identifying devices and accessories

Ensure that all delivered parts match your order.

Qty.	Description
1	Transmitter unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens
1	Receiver unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens
1	Junction box, power supply (if ordered) installed, cable glands pre- installed
1	Ethernet adapter
2	Purging flanges with seals and fastening clips (as per the order)
1	Analyzer data sheet (in the junction box)
1	Operator's manual
1	DVD-ROM "Software tools & technical documentation"
	Accessories included as per customer order

#### Purchasing a power supply and connection cable

Since the power supply is not included with the unit: purchase a power supply and a connection cable according to the following specifications:

	Qty.	Description and speci	fication
	1	, .	0240 V ± 10 %, mains frequency: 5060 Hz, / DC ± 10 %, output current: min. 400 mA, wer limitation
	1	Outside diameter: min.	nection cable 24 V DC to junction box: 7 up to max. 12 mm, wire cross-section: min. (AWG 16–14), cable length: max. 30 m
	i	The power supply from allowed.	a 24 V direct current mains network is not
Disposing of packaging material	Keep the transport packaging of the transmitter and receiver units for possible return. Keep the yellow protective caps of the lenses for service purposes. Dispose of the residual packaging material in accordance with local regulations.		
Final check	Finally, check that all parts are complete and in perfect condition.		
	lf		then
	all parts a	are in perfect condition	the installation process can be started.
	one or m	ore parts are missing or	the laser analyzer must not be installed.

one or more parts are missing or are not in perfect condition

## Chapter 5 CSA variant

Торіс	Page
Specifications	46
Safety rating	48
Labels	49
Scope of delivery	52

## Specifications

Transmitter unit and	Specifications	
receiver unit	Dimensions (W x H x D)	118 x 163 x 237 mm
	Weight	4.1 kg each
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -20+55 °C, Storage: -40+70 °C
	Relative humidity	Up to 80 % at max. +31 °C, linearly decreas- ing to 50 % at +40 °C
	Operating voltage	DC 24 V nominal (DC 1832 V)
	Total power consumption	Max. 10 W
	Housing protection type	IP65
	Protection class	
Junction box	Specifications	
	Dimensions (W x H x D)	365 x 235 x 275 mm
	Weight	28 kg
	Housing protection type	Туре 3, 4Х, 7 & 9
	Installation site	Suitable for outdoor use
	Ambient temperature	Operation: -25+50 °C
Power supply (in the	Specifications	
junction box)	Operating voltage	AC 100240 V ± 10 %; 5060 Hz
	Power consumption	30 VA
	Protection class	I
	Overvoltage category	II
	Degree of pollution	2
	Safe isolation	Safety extra-low voltage (SELV) on the low voltage side
	Overload protection	Voltage and current limitation
	Primary fuses (2 x)	AC 600 V, 4 A, slow blow Siemens model 3NW1 040-0HG
	Secondary fuse (1 x)	AC 600 V, 0.8 A, slow blow Siemens model 3NW1 008-0HG

Inputs and outputs	Specifications			
(in the junction box)	Analog outputs	Three 420 mA outputs (one per measuring component and for transmission), load max. 500 $\Omega$ , not insulated		
	Analog inputs	Two 420 mA inputs for dynamic process temperature and pressure correction, load max. 100 $\Omega$ , not insulated		
	Digital outputs	Two outputs: 2 pin with N.O. contacts 30 V/1 A DC/AC; wired in accordance with the re- quirements for class 2 circuits <sup>1)</sup>		
	Service port	Ethernet 10BaseT		
Safety and EMC	or 42 V AC, a maximum currer Safety in accordance with Euro-	ited circuits with a maximum voltage of 30 V AC nt of 5 A and a maximum power of 100 VA. Tested to EN 61010-1:2010		
	pean standards – CE Safety in accordance with U.S. and Canadian standards – UL, CSA	The LS4000 and LS4060 gas analyzers are certified for use in "General Purpose" environments. They comply with the standards CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-12 and UL Std. No. 61010-1 (3rd Edition).		
	EMC: Interference immunity	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Inspection level: industrial area, fulfills at least the evaluation criteria according to Table 2 of EN 61326-1.		
	EMC: Emission interference	Tested to EN 61326-1:2013 Limit class B for interference field strength and interference voltages is met.		



The permissible environmental conditions for the transmitter unit and receiver unit may differ from those of the junction box. In such instances, compliance with the limit values of all modules must be guaranteed by means of a suitable spatial arrangement on site.

### Safety rating

Preliminary remarks



# The specified explosion protection is only guaranteed when used for its intended purpose.

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: explosion protection

The transmitter unit and receiver unit are certified for use in explosive atmospheres as follows:

Classification	Environment	CSA certificate
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C, D; Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D; T4A	Environment with explosive gases	12.2589676X
Class I, Zone 1, AEx d, IIB+H2 T4	Environment with explosive gases	12.2589676X

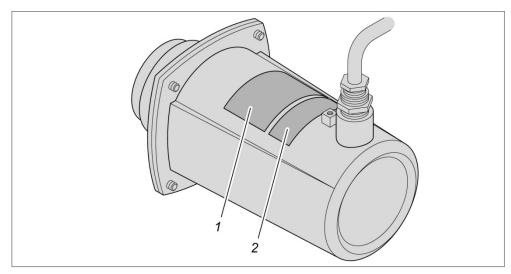
Junction box: safety rating The junction box is certified for use in potentially explosive environments as follows:

Classification	Environment	
Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C, D Class I, Zone 1, Group IIB + H2	Environment with explosive gases	

For binding specifications, see name plate and manufacturer's certificate.

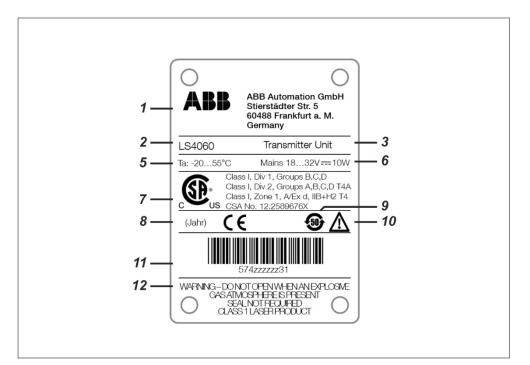
### Labels

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: position of labels



No.	Meaning
1	Name plate
2	Laser warning

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering name plates The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a name plate.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Model name
3	Transmitter unit, receiver unit
5	Permissible ambient temperature for operation

No.	Meaning	
6	Supply voltage and power consumption	
7	Labeling in accordance with CSA certificate	
8	CE marking with year of manufacture	
9	EFUP marking (EFUP = environment friendly use period): 50 years of operating time in accordance with the EU's RoHS Directive without any leaks of substances hazardous to health or the environment under normal conditions of use	
10	Symbol: Consult operator's manual	
11	Serial number, displayed as a bar code and in plain text	
12	Warning: Do not open housing in explosive gas atmospheres Note: Housing seal not required Note: Class 1 laser product	

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: labeling in accordance with CSA certificate

Specifi- cation	Meaning
Class I	Approval for atmospheres with flammable gases
Div 1, Div 2	Approval for division 1 and division 2 potentially explosive atmos- pheres
Zone 1	Approval for zone 1 potentially explosive atmospheres
A/Ex d	Type of protection: flameproof enclosure
Groups B, C, D	Approval for potentially explosive atmospheres with a mixture of all flammable gases except acetylene (C2H2)
Groups A, B, C, D	Approval for potentially explosive atmospheres with a mixture of all flammable gases
T4, T4A	Temperature class T4/T4A
IIB+H2	Approval for potentially explosive atmospheres with a mixture of all flammable gases except acetylene (C2H2)
CSA no.	Number of the CSA certificate

Transmitter unit and receiver unit: deciphering the laser warning The transmitter unit and receiver unit are each fitted with a laser warning.



Meaning: Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye.



No.	Meaning
1	Details of the manufacturer
2	Item number
3	Description of the junction box
4	Country of manufacture

#### Unpacking devices and accessories

Unpack all parts included in the scope of delivery.

Identifying devices and accessories

Ensure that all delivered parts match your order.

Qty.	Description	
1	Transmitter unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lense	
1	Receiver unit with connection cable and protective cap for the lens	
1	Junction box, built-in power supply	
2	Cable glands for connecting the connection cables for the transmitter unit and receiver unit to the junction box with installation manual	
1	Ethernet adapter	
2	Purging flanges with seals and fastening clips (as per the order)	
1	Analyzer data sheet (in the junction box)	
1	Operator's manual	
1	DVD-ROM "Software tools & technical documentation"	
	Accessories included as per customer order	

#### Disposing of packaging material

Keep the transport packaging of the transmitter and receiver units for possible return. Keep the yellow protective caps of the lenses for service purposes. Dispose of the residual packaging material in accordance with local regulations.

**Final check** Finally, check that all parts are complete and in perfect condition.

lf	then
all parts are in perfect condition	the installation process can be started.
one or more parts are missing or are not in perfect condition	the laser analyzer must not be installed.

#### Preparing for installation Chapter 6

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Checking operating conditions	53
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### **Checking operating conditions**

Торіс	Page
Explosion protection	53
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### **Explosion protection**

Checking the

Use the name plates to check whether the following components have the necesexplosion protection sary explosion protection for the site:

- . Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box

present.

		then	
	II		
	all components have the necessary explosion protection	all components can be installed.	
	at least one of the components does not have the required explosion protection	the component in question must not be installed.	
Measuring of flammable and explosive gas	The General Purpose variant may be used for i.e. the laser beam may pass through a flamma conditions are met:		
mixtures	• The laser beam must never pass through an explosive gas mixture.		
	The gas analyzer must be de-energized when an explosive gas mixture is		

When the laser beam shall pass through an explosive gas mixture, an explosionproof variant of the gas analyzer with type test certificate must be used.

## **Process purging**

Ensuring purging	Process purging is a continuous purging process used to protect the optical surfac- es (lenses) against the build-up of dirt. This process also cools the transmitter and receiver units. The purging medium is connected to the purging flange and flows into the process, where it mixes with the process gas. Ensure that a purging flange is fitted for both the transmitter unit and the receiver unit.		
Ensuring purge air monitoring	Ensure that the purge air can be monitored. Failure of the purging process can result in irreversible damage to the lenses and cause the transmitter and receiver units to overheat.		
Checking purging medium requirements	<ul> <li>The following are suitable for use as purging fluids, depending on the application (see data sheet):</li> <li>Compressed air</li> <li>Nitrogen</li> <li>Recommended pressure: typically around 25 % above the process pressure.</li> <li>Recommended flow rate: 20–100 l/min.</li> </ul>		
	lf	then	
	all requirements are met	the receiver unit and the transmitter unit can be installed.	
	one or more of the requirements the receiver unit and the transmitter are not met not be installed.		

## Preparing for installation

Торіс	Page
Preparing the system	55
Preparing the installation site	56
Laying out tools, installation materials and support materials	58
Determining cable runs and line runs	59

## Preparing the system

Shutting down and securing the system	the following steps in accordance with the system documentation:	
	Step	Procedure
	1	Shut down the system in which the laser analyzer is to be fitted.
	2	Wait until the system temperature has fallen to its original level.
	3	Ensure that the system is no longer pressurized.
	4	Ensure that any remaining explosive gases or dust have been com- pletely removed.
	5	Ensure that no more explosive gases or dust can be produced.
	6	Secure the system against startup.

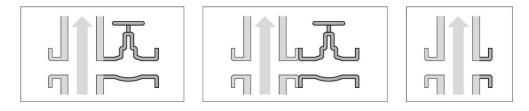
### Preparing the installation site

Fitting the installation flanges at the installation site

Installation flanges must be fitted to the process line opposite one another at the laser analyzer installation site.

The installation flanges at the installation site can be designed as follows:

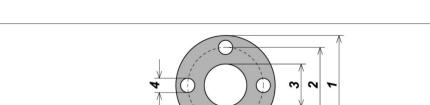
- The installation flange forms part of a valve that is welded to the process line.
- The installation flange forms part of a valve that is flanged to the process line.
- The installation flange is welded to the process line.



Installation flange

Ensure that the installation flanges have the correct dimensions.



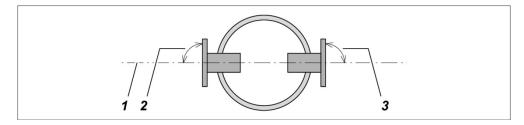


#### Installation flange dimensions for DN 50/PN 10-40 DIN EN 1092-1 type A (DIN 2526 type B) – Flat (turned) facing

No.	Meaning	Dimension	Tolerance
1	Outer diameter	165 mm	Max. ± 0.5 mm
2	Pitch circle diameter	125 mm	Max. ± 0.3 mm
3	Internal diameter	49.765.3 mm	
4	Hole diameter	18 mm	Max. ± 0.2 mm
<u> </u>			

Installation flange dimensions for ANSI 2 in./150 lbs. Flat face

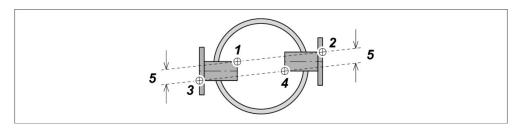
No.	Meaning	Dimension	Tolerance
1	Outer diameter	152.4 mm	Max. ± 0.5 mm
2	Pitch circle diameter	120.6 mm	Max. ± 0.3 mm
3	Internal diameter	49.765.3 mm	
4	Hole diameter	19 mm	Max. ± 0.2 mm



No.	Meaning	Tolerance
1	Installation flange symmetry axes	
2	90° to the axle of the installation flange for the transmitter unit	Max. ± 1.5°
3	90° to the axle of the installation flange for the receiver unit	Max. ± 1.5°

# Installation flange offset

To the greatest degree possible, ensure that the orifice installation flanges are not offset.



No.	Meaning	Dimension
1–2	Imaginary connection lines between the transmit-	
3-4	ter unit and the receiver unit	
5	Clearance for installation flanges DN 50 and ANSI 2 in.	Min. 40 mm

Installing blind flanges

Once the installation flanges are fitted, it is advisable to close them with blind flanges until the analyzer is installed.

Approving start of installation

lf	then
all values are within the tolerance range	the installation process can be started.
one or more values are outside the tolerance range	the laser analyzer must not be installed.

### Laying out tools, installation materials and support materials

#### Laying out tools

Lay out the following tools:

Qty.	ΤοοΙ	Size
1	Spanner	13 mm
1	Spanner	16 mm
2	Spanner	24 mm
1	Slot screwdriver	3 mm or 4 mm
1	Phillips screwdriver	Phillips No. 2
1	Slot screwdriver	6.5 mm
1	Allen key	5 mm

Laying out support materials

Lay out the following support materials:

Qty.	Tools
1	Laser alignment tool (optional)

## Determining cable runs and line runs

Determining cable runs and line runs	<ul> <li>The cable runs must meet the following requirements:</li> <li>No crossing of walkways</li> <li>No risk of mechanical stress</li> <li>No chemical or corrosive influences</li> <li>No extreme temperature effects</li> <li>Possibility of secure cable attachment</li> <li>If there is a danger of explosion due to dust, precautionary measures must be taken to prevent the development of static charges on the surface of cables and leads.</li> </ul>
Laying out cables and lines	Lay out all cables and lines for connecting the devices. Select the cable lengths and line lengths according to the conditions in the area. For details of cable specifications, see <b>Observing cable specifications</b> on page 80.
Requirements for cable clips and line brackets	<ul> <li>The cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:</li> <li>They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.</li> <li>It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.</li> </ul>

### Chapter 7 Installing components

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Option: Installing the isolation flange	62
Installing the purging flanges	66
Option: Installing the validation cell	73
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### **Option: Installing the insertion tubes**

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Installing insertion tubes	61

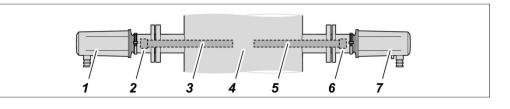
## Providing an overview

When must insertion tubes be installed?	lf	then
tubes be installed?	the measuring section through the process does not allow for clear laser transmission (e.g. due to high dust load)	insertion tubes must be installed.
	the measuring path through the process ensures proper laser light transmission	no insertion tubes must be installed.

i

Insertion tubes cannot be installed in conjunction with isolation flanges.

Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Transmitter unit
2	Purging flange
3	Insertion tube
4	Process
5	Insertion tube
6	Purging flange
7	Receiver unit

### Installing insertion tubes

#### Ensuring safety

No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

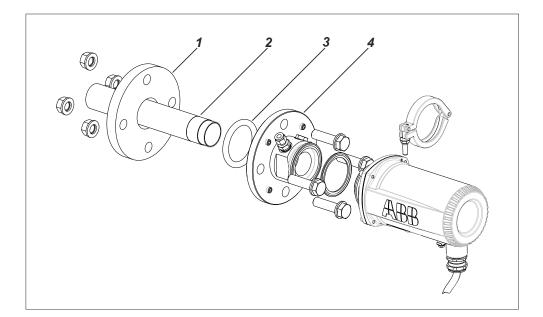


[i]

#### Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

Installing insertion tubes

The installation steps for the insertion tubes are identical for the transmitter unit and the receiver unit.



No.	Meaning
1	Installation flange
2	Insertion tube
3	Purging flange O-ring
4	Purging flange

Install the insertion tubes as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Screw the insertion tube <b>2</b> into the purging flange 4 until it stops.
2	Insert the purging flange O-ring <b>3</b> between the installation flange <b>1</b> and the purging flange <b>4</b> into the groove of the purging flange.
3	Install purging flange <b>4</b> on installation flange <b>1</b> (see page 67).

### **Option: Installing the isolation flanges**

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Follow the safety information	63
Instilling the isolation flanges	64

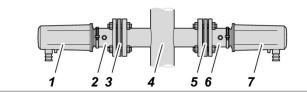
## Providing an overview

#### When mus flanges be

ust isolation	lf		then
oe installed?		process exceeds the maximum on the transmitter unit and the ar absolute)	the isolation flanges must be installed.
		process is below the maximum (1.5 bar absolute) on the d the receiver unit	the isolation flanges do not have to be installed.
	i Isolatio	on flanges must not be installed ir	n conjunction with insertion

tubes.

#### Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Transmitter unit
2	Purging flange
3	Isolation flange
4	Process
5	Isolation flange
6	Purging flange
7	Receiver unit

### Follow the safety information

Safety instructions for handling a isolation flange The isolation flange is tested for use as an accessory together with certified pressure equipment. It is not certified in accordance with the European Directive 97/23/EC (Pressure Equipment Directive).

Note the test report included with the isolation flange!

Ŵ

八

The isolation flange must not be exposed to any kind of shock! The isolation flange must not be dropped! The window must not be damaged!

The flange surface on the process side must not be damaged! Scratches, in particular those in a radial direction, affect the seal integrity of the connection to the installation flange.

The factory installed purge gas connection (Swagelok<sup>®</sup> connection) must not be loosened or replaced!

The fixing screws of the retaining ring for the window must not be loosened!

The surface of the installation flange must be level and must not be damaged or deformed! Otherwise, the seal integrity of the connection with the isolation flange cannot be guaranteed!



The isolation flange must not be installed

- If it has been exposed to any kind of shock
- If it has been dropped
- If it has been exposed to temperatures or pressures above the permitted range
- If the window has scratches or cracks or chips
- If the flange surface on the process side is damaged
- If the isolation flange flat gasket is damaged
- If the surface of the installation flange is damaged!

If the isolation flange is damaged, it must be sent to the manufacturer for repair or reprocessing.



The user is responsible for making sure that the materials of the isolation flange and the isolation flange flat gasket are compatible with the process gas.

Improper use may lead to corrosion or erosion of the material, and thus lead to weakening of the material.

In particular, oxidation processes or high-temperature processes with high oxygen concentrations can impair the stability and thus the seal integrity of the isolation flange flat gasket.

The isolation flange flat gasket is made of novaphit<sup>®</sup> SSTC<sup>TA-L</sup> from Frenzelit Werke GmbH).

### Installing the isolation flanges

#### **Ensuring safety**

No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

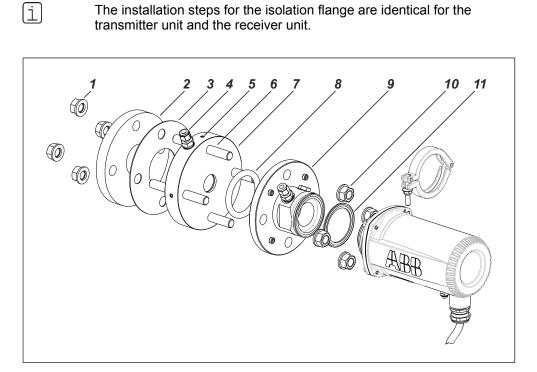


(i)

#### Risk of explosion.

Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

Installing the isolation flange



No.	Meaning
1	M16 fastening nuts with washers (4 pieces each)
2	Installation flange
3	Isolation flange flat gasket
4	Purge gas connection (1/4 inch Swagelok <sup>®</sup> connection)
5	Locking screws (4 pieces)
6	Threaded rods (4 pieces)
7	Isolation flange
8	Purging flange O-ring
9	Purging flange
10	M16 fastening nuts with washers (4 pieces each)
11	Purging flange flat gasket

Install the isolation flange as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Before installing: Adjust the position of the threaded rods <b>6</b> screwed into the isolation flange to the thickness of the installation flange and of the purging flange. If necessary, loosen the locking screws that have been loosely screwed in <b>5</b> .
2	Insert the isolation flange flat gasket <b>3</b> between the installation flange <b>2</b> and the isolation flange <b>7</b> .
3	Install the isolation flange <b>7</b> with the fastening nuts and washers <b>1</b> on the installation flange <b>2</b> .
$\Lambda$	The retaining ring for the window in the isolation flange must point towards the installation flange. Otherwise, the window is not purged.
4	Insert the isolation flange O-ring <b>8</b> between the isolation flange <b>7</b> and the purging flange <b>9</b> .
5	Install the purging flange <b>9</b> with the fastening nuts and washers <b>10</b> on the isolation flange <b>7</b> .
6	Tighten the four locking screws 5.
7	For the purge gas supply, connect a pipe with an 8 mm outside diame- ter to the purge gas connection <b>4</b> (1/4 inch Swagelok <sup>®</sup> connection).
i	Tighten all fastening nuts after assembly at intervals of 24, 48 and 72 hours, in order to compensate for the lingering tension release in the

**Tightening fastening** nuts

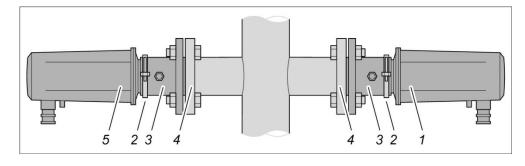
hours, in order to compensate for the lingering tension release in the material of the isolation flange flat gasket.

### Installing the purging flanges

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Installing the purging flanges	67
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Connecting the purging lines	72

## Providing an overview

Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Clamp
3	Purging flange
4	Installation flange
5	Transmitter unit

The purging flanges have a 1/4 inch  $\mathsf{Swagelok}^{\$}$  connection for pipes with an 8 mm outside diameter.

### Installing the purging flanges

Ensuring safety

No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

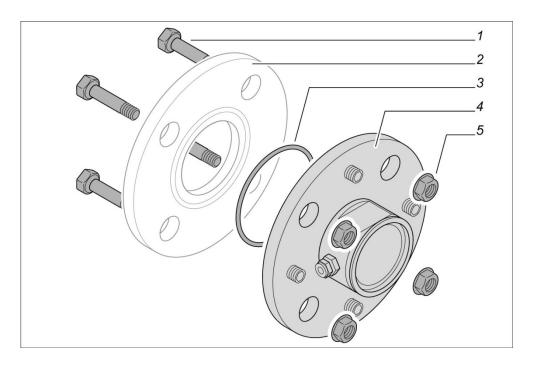


[i]

Risk of explosion.

Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

The installation steps are the same for both purging flanges.



No.	Meaning
1	4x M 16 bolts
2	Installation flange
3	Purging flange O-ring
4	Purging flange
5	4x M 16 nuts

Install the purging flanges as follows:

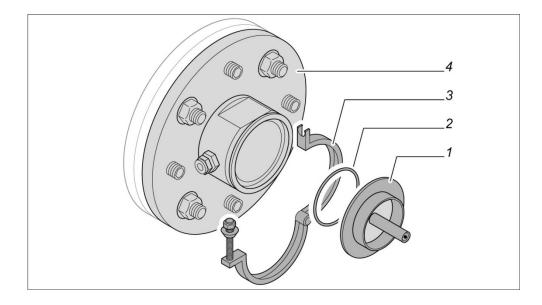
Step	Procedure
1	Insert the O-ring <b>3</b> into the groove of the installation flange <b>2</b> .
2	Place the purging flange <b>4</b> on the installation flange <b>2</b> .
3	Screw in the flange loosely.

Fitting the purging flanges to the installation flanges

## Roughly pre-aligning the purging flanges

Using the alignment tool	i	The laser alignment tool must be used for the rough coaxial alignment of the opposite purging flange.
		The laser alignment tool consists of a laser pointer and a focusing screen.
	i	Fine alignment of the purging flange takes place once all the devices have been electrically connected using the instrument software.
	Δ	The clamps for fastening the laser alignment tool must only be used to fasten the laser pointer and the focusing screen. It is prohibited to use these clamps for mounting the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The clamps are labeled with a corresponding note.
	$\wedge$	The laser alignment tool falls into laser protection class 3A.
Rough pre-alignment:	Step	Procedure
Three-step procedure	1	Install the laser pointer on the purging flange to which the transmitter unit is to be fitted and the focusing screen on the purging flange to which the receiver unit is to be fitted. Perform the rough pre-alignment.
	2	Install the laser pointer on the purging flange to which the receiver unit is to be fitted and the focusing screen on the purging flange to which the transmitter unit is to be fitted. Perform the rough pre-alignment.
	3	Install the laser pointer on the purging flange to which the transmitter unit is to be fitted and the focusing screen on the purging flange to which the receiver unit is to be fitted. Perform the rough pre-alignment.

Installing the laser pointer

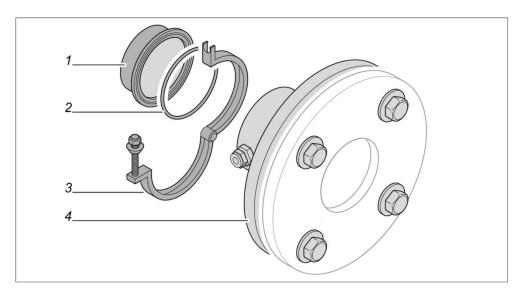


No.	Meaning
1	Laser pointer
2	Purging flange flat gasket
3	Clamp
4	Purging flange

Install the laser pointer as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Place the purging flange flat gasket <b>2</b> into the groove of the purging flange <b>4</b> .
2	Place the laser pointer <b>1</b> on the purging flange <b>4</b> .
3	Fasten the laser pointer <b>1</b> using the clamp <b>3</b> .

#### Installing the focusing screen



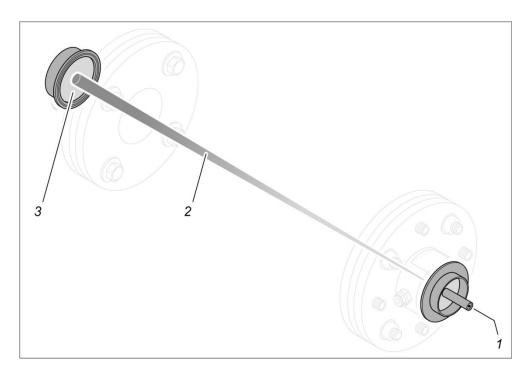
No.	Meaning
1	Focusing screen
2	Purging flange flat gasket
3	Clamp
4	Purging flange

Install the focusing screen as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Place the purging flange flat gasket <b>2</b> into the groove of the purging flange <b>4</b> .
2	Place the focusing screen <b>1</b> onto the purging flange <b>4</b> .
3	Fasten the focusing screen <b>1</b> using the clamp <b>3</b> .

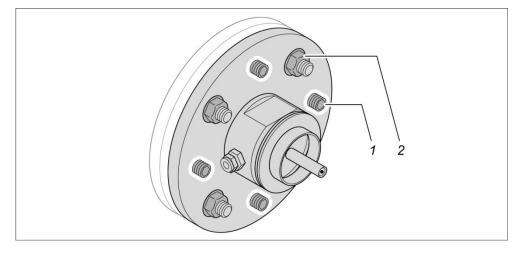
# Principle of rough pre-alignment

During pre-alignment, the purging flanges installed opposite to one another are aligned coaxially to one another using the laser alignment tool.



Meaning
Laser pointer on/off switch
Laser beam
Focusing screen

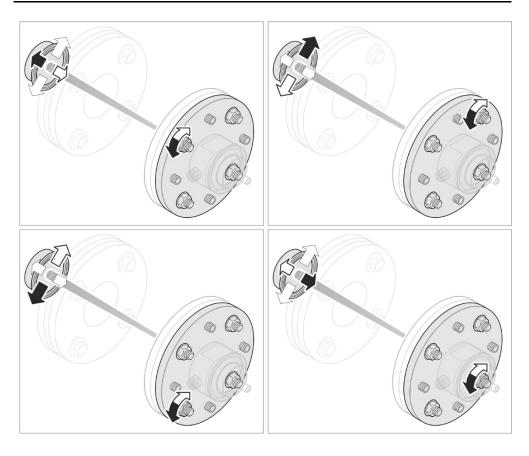
# Roughly pre-aligning the purging flanges



No.	Meaning
1	4 stud screws
2	4 fastening nuts

Align the purging flanges as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Unscrew the 4 stud screws <b>1</b> until the ends of the screws no longer protrude from the holes.
2	Switch on the laser pointer.
3	Align the purging flange by adjusting the 4 fastening nuts <b>2</b> until the laser beam hits the center of the focusing screen.



4	Turn the 4 stud screws <b>1</b> until they reach a stop, so that they fix the setting.
5	Switch off the laser pointer.
6	Disassemble the laser pointer and the focusing screen.
i	The clamps for fastening the laser alignment tool must not be used for mounting the transmitter unit or receiver unit

The clamps for fastening the laser alignment tool must not be used for mounting the transmitter unit or receiver unit.

## Connecting the purging lines

Connect the purging lines as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	For the purge gas supply to both purging flanges, connect a pipe with an 8 mm outside diameter to each purge gas connection (1/4 inch Swagelok <sup>®</sup> connection).

### Option: Installing the validation cell

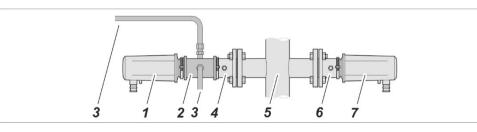
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#### Providing an overview

#### Under what circumstances is a validation cell required?

lf	then
the process must be validated due to the application	a validation cell must be installed. This is included in the scope of delivery, depending on the application.
no validation cell is installed	validations can only be performed inde- pendently of the process on the separate calibration set.

Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Transmitter unit
2	Validation cell
3	Test gas supply and discharge
4	Purging flange
5	Process
6	Purging flange
7	Receiver unit

The purging flanges have a 1/4 inch  $\mathsf{Swagelok}^{\texttt{R}}$  connection for pipes with an 8 mm outside diameter.

The validation cell is to be installed on the side of the transmitter unit.

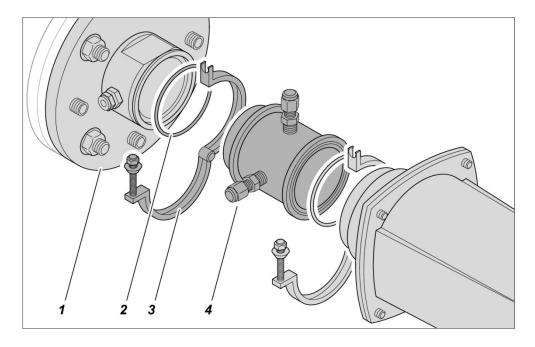
#### Installing the validation cell

Ensuring safety

No explosion protection is present when performing this work!



Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.



No.	Meaning
1	Purging flange
2	Purging flange flat gasket
3	Clamp
4	Validation cell

Install the validation cell as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Place the purging flange flat gasket <b>2</b> into the groove of the purging flange <b>1</b> .
2	Place the validation cell <b>4</b> onto the purging flange <b>1</b> on the side of the transmitter unit.
3	Fasten the validation cell <b>4</b> using the clamp <b>3</b> .
4	For the test gas supply and discharge, connect a pipe with an 8 mm outside diameter to each 1/4 inch Swagelok <sup>®</sup> connection.
5	Install the transmitter unit.

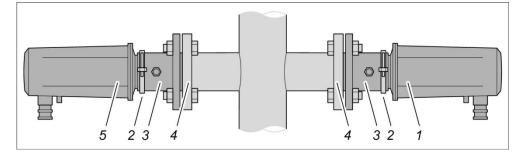
Installing the validation cell

## Installing the transmitter unit and receiver unit

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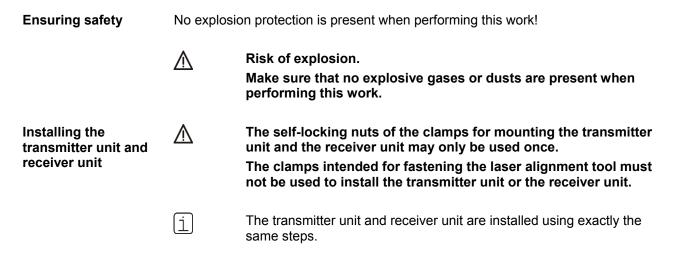
## Providing an overview

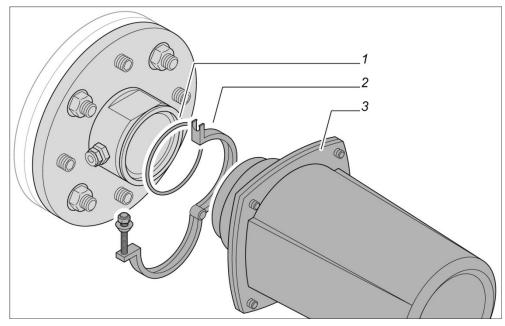
Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Clamp
3	Purging flange
4	Installation flange
5	Transmitter unit

#### Installing the transmitter unit and receiver unit





Meaning
Purging flange flat gasket
Clamp
Transmitter unit or receiver unit

Install the transmitter unit and receiver unit as follows:

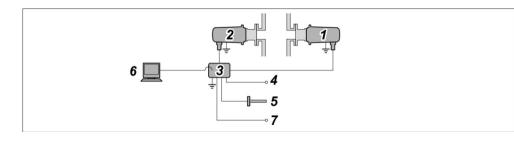
Step	Procedure
1	If necessary, replace the self-locking nuts for the clamps with new self-locking nuts.
2	Insert the purging flange flat gasket <b>1</b> into the groove of the purging flange.
3	Place the transmitter unit and the receiver unit onto the purging flange.
4	Attach the transmitter unit and the receiver unit using the clamp 2.

## Chapter 8 General Purpose variant

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## Providing an overview

# Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box
4	Power supply
5	T/P probes
6	PC (can be connected temporarily)
7	Analog and digital outputs

#### Installing the junction box

Installing the junction (box

and line brackets



The junction box must be installed with the cable glands facing downward.

Install the wall bracket on the junction box according to the manufacturer's instructions (included in the delivery scope of the gas analyzer).

When mounting the junction box to a wall, use screws and wall plugs that can safely bear four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 4.7 kg = approx. 19 kg).

#### Fitting the cable clips and line brackets

Requirements for cable clips and line brackets	<ul> <li>The cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:</li> <li>They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.</li> <li>It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.</li> </ul>
Fitting the cable clips	Fit the cable clips and line brackets along the defined cable and line runs.

#### **Observing cable specifications**

**Connection cables** The connection cables are components of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. They are preinstalled at the factory. for the transmitter unit and receiver unit Note: the connection cables must only be replaced with genuine replacement cables. 8 x 2 x 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; weather-resistant Cable type Outer diameter 6.5...14 mm **Connection cables** Outer diameter Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm for T/P probes Min. 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 20-14) Wire cross-section With shield Version **Connection cables** Outer diameter Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm for the power supply Suitable for cable gland M20 Wire cross-section 3 x min. 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16-14) Laying of single wires is only permitted in the conduit Flammability class VW-1 and FT-1 Temperature resistance Ambient temperature > 60 °C Cable gland for the M20 Cable gland power supply Fitting with integrated cable seal and option to con-Version nect a conduit Conduit outside diameter 19 mm Potential equalization Max. 4 mm<sup>2</sup>; typ. 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> Cable cross-section cables for transmitter (AWG 8 in accordance with CSA regulations) unit, receiver unit and Cable length As short as possible (minimum length 1 m) junction box

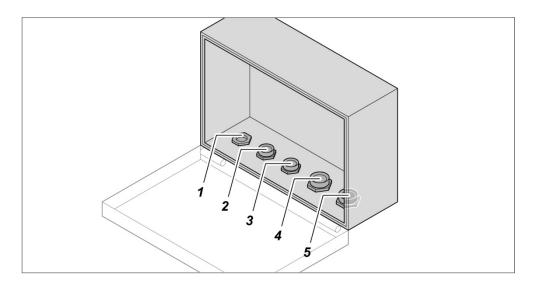
#### Selecting a suitable cable gland

# Selecting a suitable cable gland

Select a suitable cable gland for each cable.

The following always applies:

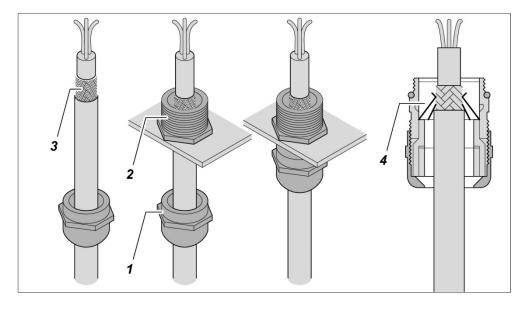
- Shielded cables must only be routed through metal cable glands.
- The cable diameter must fit the diameter of the cable gland.



No.	Cables	Cable gland	Diameter
1	Power supply	M20	815 mm
2	T/P probes	M20	713 mm
3	Analog and digital outputs	M20	713 mm
4	Receiver unit	M25	917 mm
5	Transmitter unit	M25	917 mm

## Leading cables through cable glands

#### Metal cable glands



No.	Meaning
1	Union nut
2	Connection socket
3	Braided shield
4	Springs

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Feed the cable through the union nut and through the connection socket into the junction box until the springs come into contact with the bare or exposed braided shield.
2	Screw the union nut onto the connection socket. Tightening torques: M20 power supply: 10 Nm M20 T/P probes and analog/digital outputs: 12 Nm M25 connecting cable transmitter/receiver unit: 12 Nm
3	Close the junction box. Ensure that all of the unused cable glands are tightly sealed.

#### Protecting the line voltage supply

Requirements for protecting the line voltage supply

To protect the line voltage supply, proceed as follows:

- The feeder must be protected using an external overcurrent protection device.
- It must be possible to switch off the feeder using a separator (external switch).
- The separator must be located near the supplied device.
- The way in which the supplied device is arranged must not compromise the operation of the separator.
- The isolator must be identified so that the assignment to the supplied device is clearly visible.

## **Connecting the electrical leads**

Торіс	Page
Establishing a protective grounding	84
Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box	85
Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box	86
Connecting the T/P probe to the junction box	87
Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box	88
Connecting the potential equalization terminal	89
Connecting the power supply	90

#### Establishing a protective grounding

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Establishing a protective grounding

The protective grounding is established via the PE conductor of the power cable.

Proceed as follows:

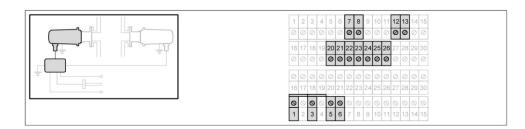
Step	Procedure
1	Connect the PE conductor of the power cable to the PE terminal of the terminal strip.

#### Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box

# Connecting the transmitter unit

Connect the transmitter unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	+24 V
3	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
7	Gray	AUX_A
8	Pink	AUX_B
12	Blue	AO1 (420 mA)
13	Red	AO2 (420 mA)
20	Black	MODBUS_A
21	Violet	MODBUS_B
22	Gray/pink	MODBUS_GND
-	Blue/red 1)	(not assigned)
23	White/green	ETH_TX+
24	Brown/green	ETH_TX-
25	White/yellow	ETH_RX+
26	Brown/yellow	ETH_RX-

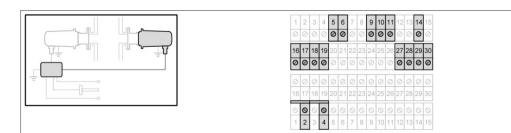
1) This wire is not used and must be secured in the junction box. If a power supply is installed in the junction box, the wire that is not used can be connected to a free PE terminal. Otherwise, the wire must be insulated with heat shrink tubing and fixed to the cable harness with cable ties.

#### Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box

# Connecting the receiver unit

Connect the receiver unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
2	White	+24 V
4	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
9	Gray	AUXIF_A
10	Pink	AUXIF_B
14	Blue	AO3 (420 mA)
11	Red	AUX_IO
16	Black	DO1_A
17	Violet	DO1_B
18	Gray/pink	DO2_A
19	Blue/red	DO2_B
27	White/green	T-Probe_in
28	Brown/green	T-Probe_out
29	White/yellow	P-Probe_in
30	Brown/yellow	P-Probe_out

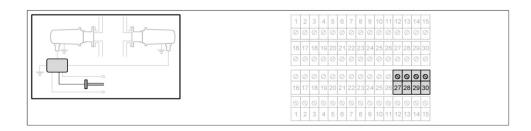
#### **Option: connecting the T/P probe to the junction box**

Connecting T/P probes



- The T/P probes for dynamic temperature and pressure correction are not included in the delivery scope.
- The T/P probes require a separate power supply and must provide a 4...20-mA output signal.

Connect the T/P probes to the junction box.



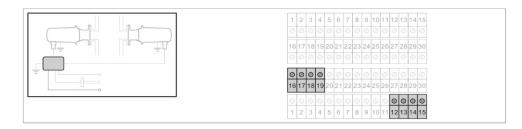
Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
27	T probe in (+)	420-mA input
28	T probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic temperature correction
29	P probe in (+)	420-mA input
30	P probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic pressure correction

#### Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box

#### Connecting analog and digital outputs

Connect the analog and digital outputs to the junction box.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

ut 1
ut 2
ut 3
uts GND
t 1
t 2
t 2

Layout of the analog and digital outputs

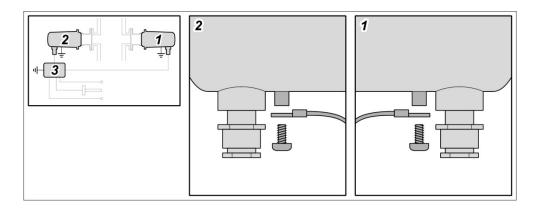
The assignment of the analog and digital outputs is determined during the installation and configuration of the gas analyzer (see page 179).

#### Connecting the potential equalization terminal

Connecting the potential equalization terminal

In order to select the correct cable, please note the cable specifications Connect the following devices via a ground cable to the local potential equalization terminal:

- Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box

i

The potential equalization terminal prevents the cable from twisting during installation and prevents it from coming loose during operation.

#### **Connecting the power supply**

(i)

This section only describes how to wire the power supply. The device immediately starts up when the supply voltage is applied, but it is not possible to recognize when this has happened. For this reason, the supply voltage must not yet be applied! Note the cable specification



(i)

Infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Risk of eye injury in the event of accidental startup. Keep device disconnected until final inspection.

Connecting the 100...240 V AC power supply

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 / L/_/

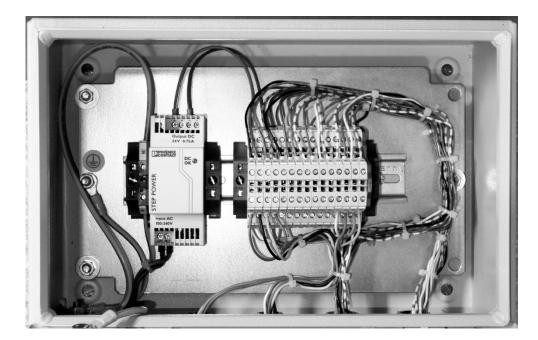
Connections to the power supply unit are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Component	Function
PE	Green/yellow	PE terminal strip	Protective earth
L	Brown	Power supply unit	100240 V AC (phase)
Ν	Blue	Power supply unit	100240 V AC (neutral)

Tightening torque of the screw terminals: 0.5 ... 0.6 Nm On the secondary side, the connection between the power supply unit and the terminal strip is already wired at the factory.

#### Laying lines safely

Within the junction box, as shown in the figure, the primary lines and the secondary lines must be laid at a distance and secured with cable ties in such a way that contact between them is excluded.

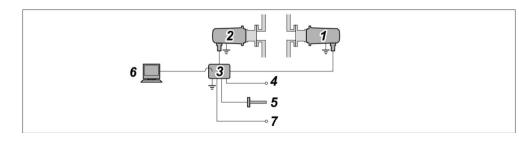


#### Chapter 9 ATEX variant

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Fitting the cable clips and line brackets	95
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Selecting a suitable cable gland	97
Leading cables through cable glands	98
Protecting the line voltage supply	99
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#### Providing an overview

## Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box
4	Power supply
5	T/P probes
6	PC (can be connected temporarily)
7	Analog and digital outputs

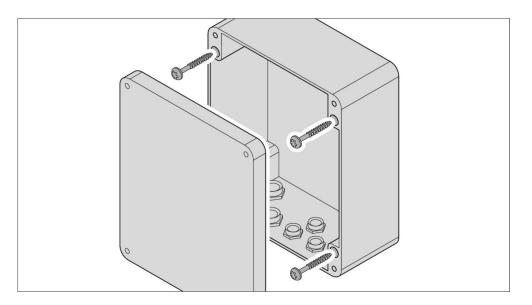
The ABB declarations regarding explosion protection relate to the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The current declarations and safety instructions of the relevant manufacturer must be observed with regard to the junction box and its installation.

## Installing the junction box

Junction box without power supply

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i
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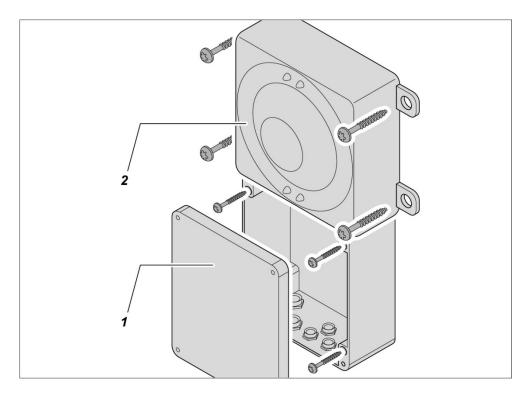
The junction box must be installed with the cable glands facing downward.



Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box with 4 appropriate fittings. For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bear- ing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 4.5 kg = approx. 18 kg).
2	Close the junction box.

#### Installing a junction box with a built-in power supply



No.	Meaning
1	Junction box
2	Power supply housing

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box and the PSU housing with 8 appropriate fittings. For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bear- ing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 10 kg = ap- prox. 40 kg).
2	Close the junction box.

#### Fitting the cable clips and line brackets

Requirements for cable clips and line brackets

The cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:

- They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.
  - It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.

**Fitting the cable clips** Fit the cable clips and line brackets along the defined cable and line runs. **and line brackets** 

#### Important notes on laying the cables and lines

Important notes

- All cables must be installed securely.
  - If there is a danger of explosion due to dust, precautionary measures must be taken to prevent the development of static charges on the surface of cables and leads.

#### **Observing cable specifications**

Connection cables for the transmitter unit and receiver unit The connection cables are components of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. They are preinstalled at the factory.

Please note:

- The connection cables must only be replaced with genuine replacement cables.
  - The connection cables may be shortened to a remaining minimum length of 1.00 m.

	Cable type	8 x 2 x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ; weather-resistant	
	Outer diameter	6.514 mm	
Connection cables	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm	
for T/P probes	Wire cross-section	Min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 20-14)	
	Version	With shield	
Connection cables for the power supply	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm Suitable for cable gland M20	
	Wire cross-section	3 x min. 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16-14)	
	Flammability class	VW-1 and FT-1	
	Temperature resistance	Ambient temperature > 60 °C	
Potential equalization cables for transmitter	Cable cross-section	Max. 4 mm <sup>2</sup> ; typ. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8 in accordance with CSA regulations)	
unit, receiver unit and junction box	Cable length	As short as possible (minimum length 1 m)	
-			

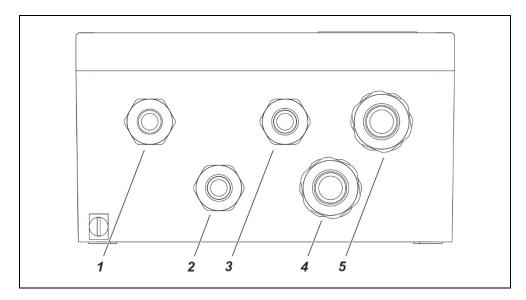
#### Selecting a suitable cable gland

# Selecting a suitable cable gland

Select a suitable cable gland for each cable.

The following always applies:

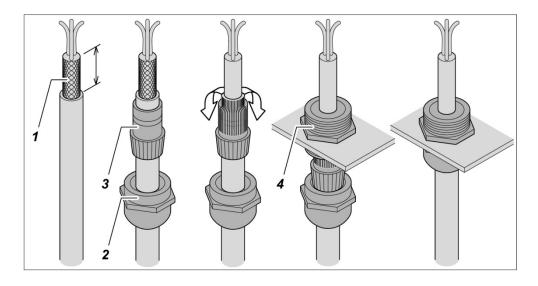
- Shielded cables must only be routed through metal cable glands.
- The cable diameter must fit the diameter of the cable gland.



No.	Cables	Cable gland	Diameter
1	Power supply	M20 metal	612 mm
2	T/P probes	M20 metal	712 mm
3	Analog and digital outputs	M20 metal	712 mm
4	Receiver unit	M25 metal	1016 mm
5	Transmitter unit	M25 metal	1016 mm

#### Leading cables through cable glands

#### Metal cable glands



No.	Meaning
1	Braided shield
2	Union nut
3	Terminal insert
4	Gland base

Proceed as follows:

	Step	Procedure
	1	Expose 10 mm of the braided shield.
	2	Feed the cable through the union nut and the terminal insert.
	3	Slip the braided shield over the terminal insert so that it covers 2 mm of the sealing ring.
	4	Feed the cable through the gland base. Ensure that the twisted cable wires remain twisted together.
	5	Screw the union nut onto the gland base. Tightening torques: M20 T/P probes and analog/digital outputs: 9–10 Nm M25 connection cable transmitter/receiver unit: 10–12 Nm
Unused cable ends in explosion-proof	In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with unused cables using one of the following methods:	

explosion-proof components

- Insulate and fix each individual wire end
- Connect the end of each individual wire to the local potential equalization terminal
- Position the ends of each unused wire on an unused terminal

Unused cable glands In order to ensure the explosion protection: keep unused cable glands sealed.

Sealing the junction In order to ensure explosion protection, close the junction box after connecting the box components to ensure that it is gas-proof and dust-proof.

#### Protecting the line voltage supply

Requirements for protecting the line voltage supply

To protect the line voltage supply, proceed as follows:

- The feeder must be protected using an external overcurrent protection device.
- It must be possible to switch off the feeder using a separator (external switch).
- The separator must be located near the supplied device.
- The way in which the supplied device is arranged must not compromise the operation of the separator.
- The isolator must be identified so that the assignment to the supplied device is clearly visible.

#### **Connecting the electrical leads**

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Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box	104
Connecting the potential equalization terminal	105
Connecting the power supply	106

#### Ensuring safety

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

 $\underline{\mathbb{V}}$ 

Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

#### Establishing a protective grounding

Establishing a protective grounding



The protective grounding is established via the PE conductor of the power cable.

Proceed as follows:

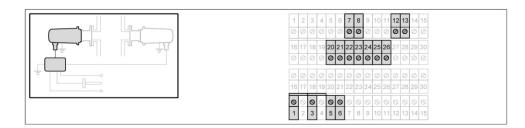
Step	Procedure
1	Connect the PE conductor of the power cable to the PE terminal of the terminal strip.

#### Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box

# Connecting the transmitter unit

Connect the transmitter unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	+24 V
3	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
7	Gray	AUX_A
8	Pink	AUX_B
12	Blue	AO1 (420 mA)
13	Red	AO2 (420 mA)
20	Black	MODBUS_A
21	Violet	MODBUS_B
22	Gray/pink	MODBUS_GND
-	Blue/red 1)	(not assigned)
23	White/green	ETH_TX+
24	Brown/green	ETH_TX-
25	White/yellow	ETH_RX+
26	Brown/yellow	ETH_RX-

1) In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with these unused wires using one of the following methods:

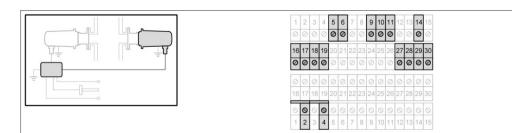
- Insulate and fix the individual wire end
- Connect the end of the wire to the local potential equalization terminal
- Position the end of the wire on an unused terminal

#### Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box

# Connecting the receiver unit

Connect the receiver unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
2	White	+24 V
4	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
9	Gray	AUXIF_A
10	Pink	AUXIF_B
14	Blue	AO3 (420 mA)
11	Red	AUX_IO
16	Black	DO1_A
17	Violet	DO1_B
18	Gray/pink	DO2_A
19	Blue/red	DO2_B
27	White/green	T-Probe_in
28	Brown/green	T-Probe_out
29	White/yellow	P-Probe_in
30	Brown/yellow	P-Probe_out

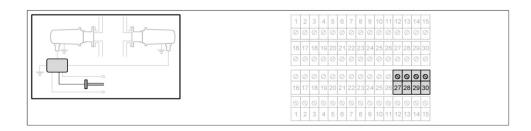
#### **Option: connecting the T/P probe to the junction box**

Connecting T/P probes



- The T/P probes for dynamic temperature and pressure correction are not included in the delivery scope.
- The T/P probes require a separate power supply and must provide a 4...20-mA output signal.

Connect the T/P probes to the junction box.



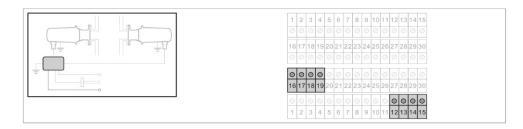
Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
27	T probe in (+)	420-mA input
28	T probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic temperature correction
29	P probe in (+)	420-mA input
30	P probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic pressure correction

#### Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box

#### Connecting analog and digital outputs

Connect the analog and digital outputs to the junction box.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
12	AO1 (420mA)	Analog output 1
13	AO2 (420mA)	Analog output 2
14	AO3 (420mA)	Analog output 3
15	GND	Analog outputs GND
16	DO1_A	Digital output 1
17	DO1_B	-
18	DO2_A	Digital output 2
19	DO2_B	

Layout of the analog and digital outputs

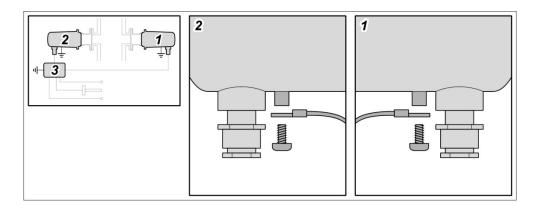
The assignment of the analog and digital outputs is determined during the installation and configuration of the gas analyzer (see page 179).

#### Connecting the potential equalization terminal

Connecting the potential equalization terminal

In order to select the correct cable, please note the cable specifications Connect the following devices via a ground cable to the local potential equalization terminal:

- Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box

i

The potential equalization terminal prevents the cable from twisting during installation and prevents it from coming loose during operation.

#### Connecting the power supply

(i)

This section only describes how to wire the power supply. The device immediately starts up when the supply voltage is applied, but it is not possible to recognize when this has happened. For this reason, the supply voltage must not yet be applied! Note the cable specification



(i)

Infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Risk of eye injury in the event of accidental startup. Keep device disconnected until final inspection.

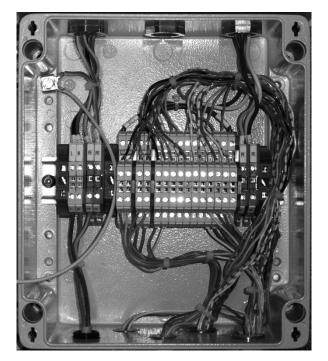
Junction box with power supply: connecting the 100...240 V AC power supply

					_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	14 15 0 Ø	-
		N PEPE			_		_		2 23		_			29 30	PE
	00	000 000			_	_	_	-		_		_	-	-	
	] [/_/	1/1	16	_	-	+	-	+	+		_	27 2	8 2	29 30	
	LN	PE	0		0	-	-	6 7	-	-	-	0 0	+	9 0	

Connections to the power supply unit are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Component	Function
PE	Green/yellow	PE terminal	Protective earth
L	Brown	L terminal	100240 V AC (phase)
Ν	Blue	N terminal	100240 V AC (neutral)

Tightening torque of the screw terminals: 0.5 ... 0.6 Nm On the secondary side, the connection between the power supply unit and the terminal strip is already wired at the factory. Within the junction box, as shown in the figure, the primary lines and the secondary lines must be laid at a distance and secured with cable ties in such a way that contact between them is excluded.



Junction box without power supply: connecting the 24 V DC power supply

|--|--|

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

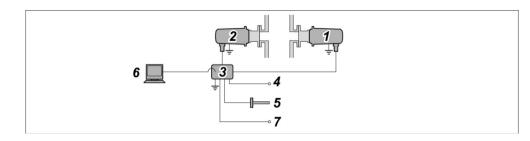
Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	24 V DC
3	Brown	GND

#### Chapter 10 IECEx variant

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#### Providing an overview

## Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box
4	Power supply
5	T/P probes
6	PC (can be connected temporarily)
7	Analog and digital outputs

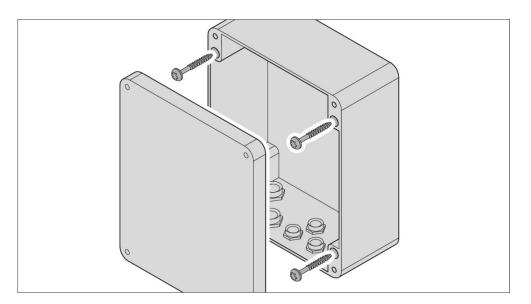
A The ABB declarations regarding explosion protection relate to the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The current declarations and safety instructions of the relevant manufacturer must be observed with regard to the junction box and its installation.

### Installing the junction box

Junction box without power supply

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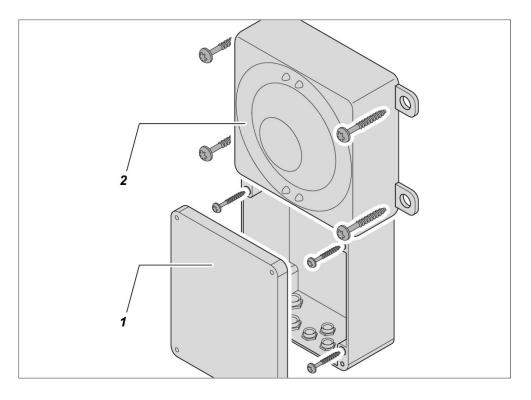
The junction box must be installed with the cable glands facing downward.



Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box with 4 appropriate fittings.
_	For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bearing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 4.5 kg = approx. 18 kg).
2	Close the junction box.

#### Installing a junction box with a built-in power supply



No.	Meaning
1	Junction box
2	Power supply housing

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box and the PSU housing with 8 appropriate fittings. For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bear- ing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 10 kg = ap- prox. 40 kg).
2	Close the junction box.

### Fitting the cable clips and line brackets

Requirements for cable clips and line brackets

The cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:

- They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.
  - It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.

**Fitting the cable clips** Fit the cable clips and line brackets along the defined cable and line runs. **and line brackets** 

### Important notes on laying the cables and lines

Important notes

- All cables must be installed securely.
- If there is a danger of explosion due to dust, precautionary measures must be taken to prevent the development of static charges on the surface of cables and leads.

### **Observing cable specifications**

Connection cables for the transmitter unit and receiver unit The connection cables are components of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. They are preinstalled at the factory.

Please note:

- The connection cables must only be replaced with genuine replacement cables.
  - The connection cables may be shortened to a remaining minimum length of 1.00 m.

	Cable type	8 x 2 x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ; weather-resistant
	Outer diameter	6.514 mm
Connection cables for T/P probes	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm
for the probes	Wire cross-section	Min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 20-14)
	Version	With shield
Connection cables for the power supply	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm Suitable for cable gland M20
	Wire cross-section	3 x min. 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16-14)
	Flammability class	VW-1 and FT-1
	Temperature resistance	Ambient temperature > 60 °C
Potential equalization cables for transmitter	Cable cross-section	Max. 4 mm <sup>2</sup> ; typ. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8 in accordance with CSA regulations)
unit, receiver unit and junction box	Cable length	As short as possible (minimum length 1 m)
-		

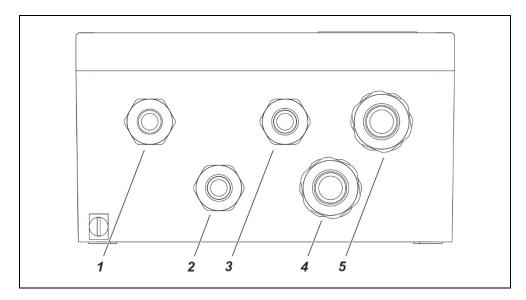
### Selecting a suitable cable gland

## Selecting a suitable cable gland

Select a suitable cable gland for each cable.

The following always applies:

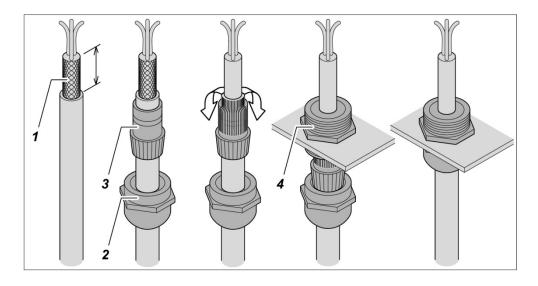
- Shielded cables must only be routed through metal cable glands.
- The cable diameter must fit the diameter of the cable gland.



No.	Cables	Cable gland	Diameter
1	Power supply	M20 metal	612 mm
2	T/P probes	M20 metal	712 mm
3	Analog and digital outputs	M20 metal	712 mm
4	Receiver unit	M25 metal	1016 mm
5	Transmitter unit	M25 metal	1016 mm

### Leading cables through cable glands

#### Metal cable glands



No.	Meaning
1	Braided shield
2	Union nut
3	Terminal insert
4	Gland base

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure	
1	Expose 10 mm of the braided shield.	
2	Feed the cable through the union nut and the terminal insert.	
3	Slip the braided shield over the terminal insert so that it covers 2 mm of the sealing ring.	
4	Feed the cable through the gland base. Ensure that the twisted cable wires remain twisted together.	
5	Screw the union nut onto the gland base. Tightening torques: M20 T/P probes and analog/digital outputs: 9–10 Nm M25 connection cable transmitter/receiver unit: 10–12 Nm	

 Unused cable ends in explosion-proof components
 In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with unused cables using one of the following methods:

 Insulate and fix each individual wire end
 Insulate and fix each individual wire end

 Connect the end of each individual wire to the local potential equalization terminal

Position the ends of each unused wire on an unused terminal

**Unused cable glands** In order to ensure the explosion protection: keep unused cable glands sealed.

Sealing the junction<br/>boxIn order to ensure explosion protection, close the junction box after connecting the<br/>components to ensure that it is gas-proof and dust-proof.

### Protecting the line voltage supply

Requirements for protecting the line voltage supply

To protect the line voltage supply, proceed as follows:

- The feeder must be protected using an external overcurrent protection device.
- It must be possible to switch off the feeder using a separator (external switch).
- The separator must be located near the supplied device.
- The way in which the supplied device is arranged must not compromise the operation of the separator.
- The isolator must be identified so that the assignment to the supplied device is clearly visible.

### **Connecting the electrical leads**

Торіс	Page
Ensuring safety	116
Establishing a protective grounding	116
Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box	117
Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box	118
Connecting the T/P probe to the junction box	119
Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box	120
Connecting the potential equalization terminal	121
Connecting the power supply	122

### **Ensuring safety**

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

 $\Lambda$ 

Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

### Establishing a protective grounding

Establishing a protective grounding



The protective grounding is established via the PE conductor of the power cable.

Proceed as follows:

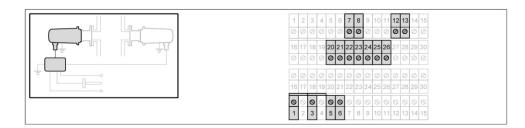
Step	Procedure
1	Connect the PE conductor of the power cable to the PE terminal of the terminal strip.

### Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box

# Connecting the transmitter unit

Connect the transmitter unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	+24 V
3	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
7	Gray	AUX_A
8	Pink	AUX_B
12	Blue	AO1 (420 mA)
13	Red	AO2 (420 mA)
20	Black	MODBUS_A
21	Violet	MODBUS_B
22	Gray/pink	MODBUS_GND
-	Blue/red 1)	(not assigned)
23	White/green	ETH_TX+
24	Brown/green	ETH_TX-
25	White/yellow	ETH_RX+
26	Brown/yellow	ETH_RX-

1) In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with these unused wires using one of the following methods:

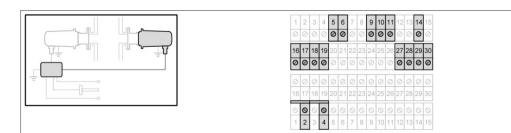
- Insulate and fix the individual wire end
- Connect the end of the wire to the local potential equalization terminal
- Position the end of the wire on an unused terminal

### Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box

## Connecting the receiver unit

Connect the receiver unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
2	White	+24 V
4	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
9	Gray	AUXIF_A
10	Pink	AUXIF_B
14	Blue	AO3 (420 mA)
11	Red	AUX_IO
16	Black	DO1_A
17	Violet	DO1_B
18	Gray/pink	DO2_A
19	Blue/red	DO2_B
27	White/green	T-Probe_in
28	Brown/green	T-Probe_out
29	White/yellow	P-Probe_in
30	Brown/yellow	P-Probe_out

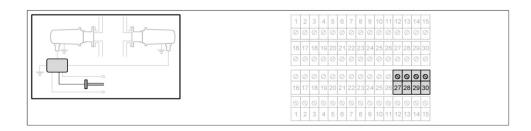
### **Option: connecting the T/P probe to the junction box**

Connecting T/P probes



- The T/P probes for dynamic temperature and pressure correction are not included in the delivery scope.
- The T/P probes require a separate power supply and must provide a 4...20-mA output signal.

Connect the T/P probes to the junction box.



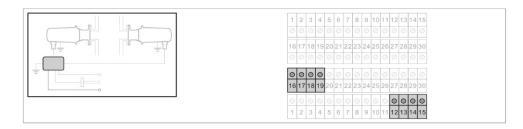
Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
27	T probe in (+)	420-mA input
28	T probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic temperature correction
29	P probe in (+)	420-mA input
30	P probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic pressure correction

### Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box

#### Connecting analog and digital outputs

Connect the analog and digital outputs to the junction box.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
12	AO1 (420mA)	Analog output 1
13	AO2 (420mA)	Analog output 2
14	AO3 (420mA)	Analog output 3
15	GND	Analog outputs GND
16	DO1_A	Digital output 1
17	DO1_B	-
18	DO2_A	Digital output 2
19	DO2_B	-

Layout of the analog and digital outputs

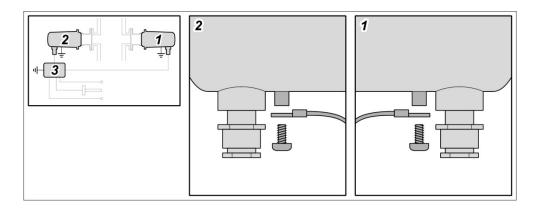
The assignment of the analog and digital outputs is determined during the installation and configuration of the gas analyzer (see page 179).

### Connecting the potential equalization terminal

Connecting the potential equalization terminal

In order to select the correct cable, please note the cable specifications Connect the following devices via a ground cable to the local potential equalization terminal:

- Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box

i

The potential equalization terminal prevents the cable from twisting during installation and prevents it from coming loose during operation.

### Connecting the power supply

(i)

This section only describes how to wire the power supply. The device immediately starts up when the supply voltage is applied, but it is not possible to recognize when this has happened. For this reason, the supply voltage must not yet be applied! Note the cable specification



(i)

Infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Risk of eye injury in the event of accidental startup. Keep device disconnected until final inspection.

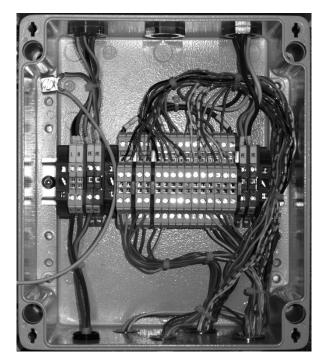
Junction box with power supply: connecting the 100...240 V AC power supply

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	LN		16		_		0 21		_						PE
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	ĹŃF	ΡĖ		-	3	-	0 5 6	-	-	0 0	-	2 13	-	-	

Connections to the power supply unit are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Component	Function
PE	Green/yellow	PE terminal	Protective earth
L	Brown	L terminal	100240 V AC (phase)
Ν	Blue	N terminal	100240 V AC (neutral)

Tightening torque of the screw terminals: 0.5 ... 0.6 Nm On the secondary side, the connection between the power supply unit and the terminal strip is already wired at the factory. Within the junction box, as shown in the figure, the primary lines and the secondary lines must be laid at a distance and secured with cable ties in such a way that contact between them is excluded.



Junction box without power supply: connecting the 24 V DC power supply

1			3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ø	9	•	9	9	0	0	0	0	0		0				0
16	5 1	7 1	8	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
0	0	3 0	90	9	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	Ø	0	$\oslash$
 0	6	3 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	0	0		0	$\oslash$
 16	5 1	7 1	8	92	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
$\oslash$	0		0	0	0				$\oslash$						
1	1	2 3	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

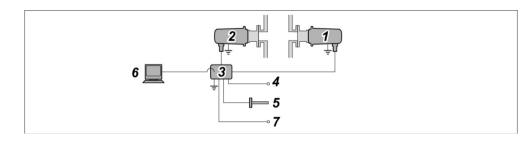
Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	24 V DC
3	Brown	GND

### Chapter 11 KCs variant

Торіс	Page
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Installing the junction box	125
Fitting the cable clips and line brackets	126
Observing cable specifications	127
Selecting a suitable cable gland	128
Leading cables through cable glands	129
Protecting the line voltage supply	130
Connecting the electrical leads	131

### Providing an overview

### Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box
4	Power supply
5	T/P probes
6	PC (can be connected temporarily)
7	Analog and digital outputs

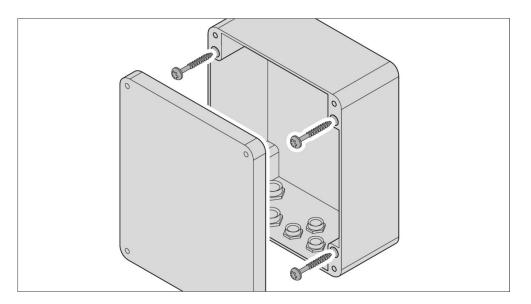
The ABB declarations regarding explosion protection relate to the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The current declarations and safety instructions of the relevant manufacturer must be observed with regard to the junction box and its installation.

### Installing the junction box

Junction box without power supply

· · · · ·

The junction box must be installed with the cable glands facing downward.



Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box with 4 appropriate fittings.
_	For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bear- ing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 4.5 kg = approx. 18 kg).
2	Close the junction box.

### Fitting the cable clips and line brackets

Requirements for cable clips and line brackets

The cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:

- They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.
  - It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.

**Fitting the cable clips** Fit the cable clips and line brackets along the defined cable and line runs. **and line brackets** 

#### Important notes on laying the cables and lines

Important notes

- All cables must be installed securely.
- If there is a danger of explosion due to dust, precautionary measures must be taken to prevent the development of static charges on the surface of cables and leads.

### **Observing cable specifications**

Connection cables for the transmitter unit and receiver unit The connection cables are components of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. They are preinstalled at the factory.

Please note:

- The connection cables must only be replaced with genuine replacement cables.
  - The connection cables may be shortened to a remaining minimum length of 1.00 m.

	Cable type	8 x 2 x 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> ; weather-resistant
	Outer diameter	6.514 mm
Connection cables	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm
for T/P probes	Wire cross-section	Min. 0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 20-14)
	Version	With shield
Connection cables for the power supply	Outer diameter	Min. 7 mm up to max. 12 mm
iei iie penei eappij		Suitable for cable gland M20
	Wire cross-section	3 x min. 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> to max. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 16-14)
	Flammability class	VW-1 and FT-1
	Temperature resistance	Ambient temperature > 60 °C
Potential equalization cables for transmitter	Cable cross-section	Max. 4 mm <sup>2</sup> ; typ. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8 in accordance with CSA regulations)
unit, receiver unit and junction box	Cable length	As short as possible (minimum length 1 m)
•		

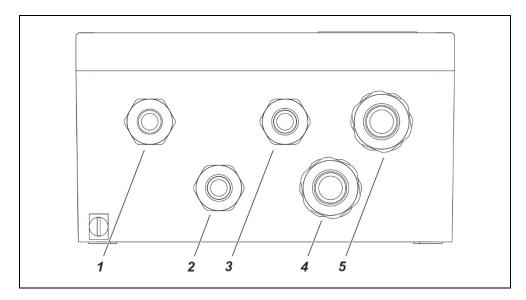
### Selecting a suitable cable gland

## Selecting a suitable cable gland

Select a suitable cable gland for each cable.

The following always applies:

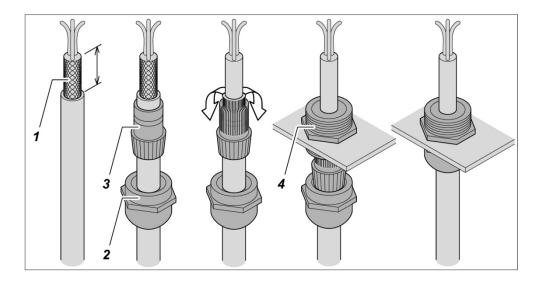
- Shielded cables must only be routed through metal cable glands.
- The cable diameter must fit the diameter of the cable gland.



No.	Cables	cables Cable gland [				
1	Power supply	M20 metal	612 mm			
2	T/P probes	M20 metal	712 mm			
3	Analog and digital outputs	M20 metal	712 mm			
4	Receiver unit	M25 metal	1016 mm			
5	Transmitter unit	M25 metal	1016 mm			

### Leading cables through cable glands

#### Metal cable glands



No.	Meaning
1	Braided shield
2	Union nut
3	Terminal insert
4	Gland base

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Expose 10 mm of the braided shield.
2	Feed the cable through the union nut and the terminal insert.
3	Slip the braided shield over the terminal insert so that it covers 2 mm of the sealing ring.
4	Feed the cable through the gland base. Ensure that the twisted cable wires remain twisted together.
5	Screw the union nut onto the gland base. Tightening torques: M20 T/P probes and analog/digital outputs: 9–10 Nm M25 connection cable transmitter/receiver unit: 10–12 Nm

Unused cable ends in In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with unused cables using one of the explosion-proof following methods: components Insulate and fix each individual wire end Connect the end of each individual wire to the local potential equalization . terminal Position the ends of each unused wire on an unused terminal Unused cable glands In order to ensure the explosion protection: keep unused cable glands sealed. Sealing the junction In order to ensure explosion protection, close the junction box after connecting the box components to ensure that it is gas-proof and dust-proof.

### Protecting the line voltage supply

Requirements for protecting the line voltage supply

To protect the line voltage supply, proceed as follows:

- The feeder must be protected using an external overcurrent protection device.
- It must be possible to switch off the feeder using a separator (external switch).
- The separator must be located near the supplied device.
- The way in which the supplied device is arranged must not compromise the operation of the separator.
- The isolator must be identified so that the assignment to the supplied device is clearly visible.

### **Connecting the electrical leads**

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Connecting the T/P probe to the junction box	119
Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction bo	x 120
Connecting the potential equalization terminal	121
Connecting the power supply	122

### Ensuring safety

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

 $\Lambda$ 

Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

### Establishing a protective grounding

Establishing a protective grounding



The protective grounding is established via the PE conductor of the power cable.

Proceed as follows:

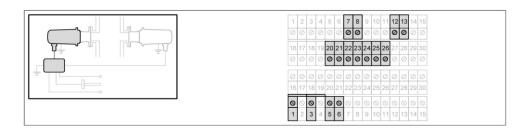
Step	Procedure
1	Connect the PE conductor of the power cable to the PE terminal of the terminal strip.

### Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box

# Connecting the transmitter unit

Connect the transmitter unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	+24 V
3	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
7	Gray	AUX_A
8	Pink	AUX_B
12	Blue	AO1 (420 mA)
13	Red	AO2 (420 mA)
20	Black	MODBUS_A
21	Violet	MODBUS_B
22	Gray/pink	MODBUS_GND
-	Blue/red 1)	(not assigned)
23	White/green	ETH_TX+
24	Brown/green	ETH_TX-
25	White/yellow	ETH_RX+
26	Brown/yellow	ETH_RX-

1) In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with these unused wires using one of the following methods:

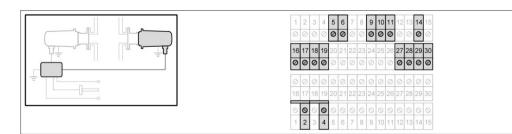
- Insulate and fix the individual wire end
- Connect the end of the wire to the local potential equalization terminal
- Position the end of the wire on an unused terminal

### Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box

## Connecting the receiver unit

Connect the receiver unit to the junction box.

The wires in the connection cable are color coded to facilitate the assignment to the terminals.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
2	White	+24 V
4	Brown	GND
5	Green	TURU_A
6	Yellow	TURU_B
9	Gray	AUXIF_A
10	Pink	AUXIF_B
14	Blue	AO3 (420 mA)
11	Red	AUX_IO
16	Black	DO1_A
17	Violet	DO1_B
18	Gray/pink	DO2_A
19	Blue/red	DO2_B
27	White/green	T-Probe_in
28	Brown/green	T-Probe_out
29	White/yellow	P-Probe_in
30	Brown/yellow	P-Probe_out

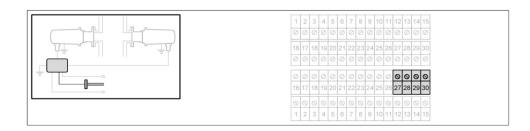
### **Option: connecting the T/P probe to the junction box**

Connecting T/P probes



- The T/P probes for dynamic temperature and pressure correction are not included in the delivery scope.
- The T/P probes require a separate power supply and must provide a 4...20-mA output signal.

Connect the T/P probes to the junction box.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
27	T probe in (+)	420-mA input
28	T probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic temperature correction
29	P probe in (+)	420-mA input
30	P probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic pressure correction

### Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box

#### Connecting analog and digital outputs

Connect the analog and digital outputs to the junction box.

1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9       10       11       12       13       14       15         1       1       2       3       4       5       6       7       8       9       10       11       12       13       14       15         1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       10       10       0																	
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			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 <b>12 13 14 15</b>		1											0	0	0	0	0
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
12	AO1 (420mA)	Analog output 1
13	AO2 (420mA)	Analog output 2
14	AO3 (420mA)	Analog output 3
15	GND	Analog outputs GND
16	DO1_A	Digital output 1
17	DO1_B	-
18	DO2_A	Digital output 2
19	DO2_B	-

Layout of the analog and digital outputs

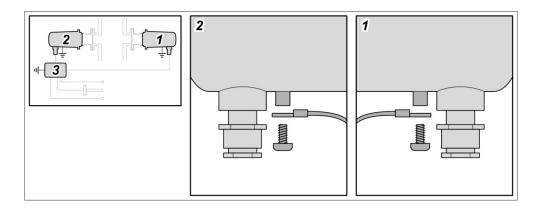
The assignment of the analog and digital outputs is determined during the installation and configuration of the gas analyzer (see page 179).

### Connecting the potential equalization terminal

Connecting the potential equalization terminal

In order to select the correct cable, please note the cable specifications Connect the following devices via a ground cable to the local potential equalization terminal:

- Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box

i

The potential equalization terminal prevents the cable from twisting during installation and prevents it from coming loose during operation.

### **Connecting the power supply**

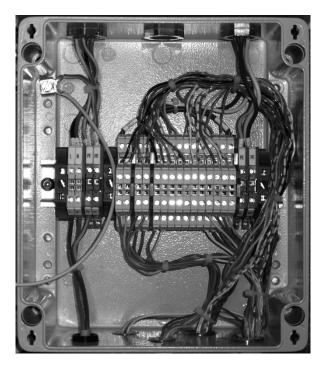
(i)

This section only describes how to wire the power supply. The device immediately starts up when the supply voltage is applied, but it is not possible to recognize when this has happened. For this reason, the supply voltage must not yet be applied! Note the cable specification



Infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Risk of eye injury in the event of accidental startup. Keep device disconnected until final inspection.

**Laying lines safely** Within the junction box, as shown in the figure, the lines must be secured with cable ties. (Remark: The figure shows a slightly different variant of the junction box.)



Junction box without power supply: connecting the 24 V DC power supply

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	0	$\oslash$	0	0		0	Ø	0	0	0	0	0
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		24	25		8 27
	$\oslash$		0	0	0		Ø	Ø	0			Ø
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ø	0	0	0
	16		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		27
	0	0	0		0	0	Ø	0	0	0		0
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		11	12

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

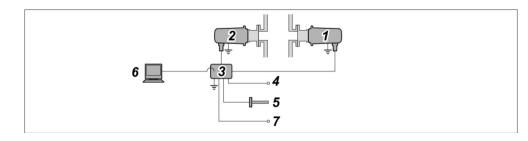
Terminal	Cable wire color	Function
1	White	24 V DC
3	Brown	GND

### Chapter 12 CSA variant

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Selecting a suitable cable gland	142
Leading cables through cable glands	143
Protecting the line voltage supply	145
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### Providing an overview

### Providing an overview



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box
4	Power supply
5	T/P probes
6	PC (can be connected temporarily)
7	Analog and digital outputs

Image: A matrix of the transmitter unit and the receiver unit. The current declarations and safety instructions of the relevant manufacturer must be observed with regard to the junction box and its installation.When you connect the electrical cables, the provisions in the NEC standard and the local regulations must be observed.

### Installing the junction box

Installing the junction A

When installing the junction box, make sure that the contact surface between the housing and the cover of the junction box is not damaged, for example, by scratches caused by a tool.

Even very slight damage to the contact surface will result in the loss of the explosion protection! As a result, there is a risk of explosion when operating the junction box!

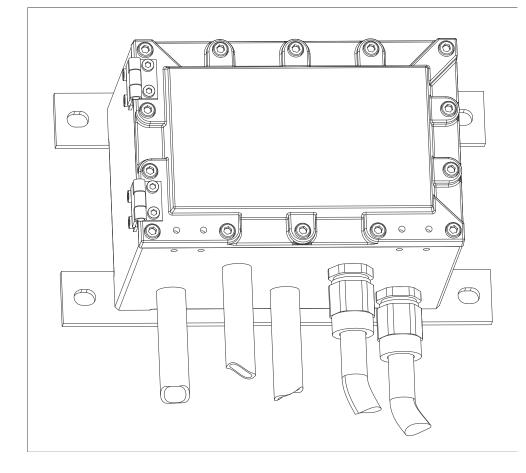
If the contact surface is damaged, the analyzer must not be put into operation under any circumstances, and the junction box must be replaced!



The junction box weighs approximately 28 kilograms. Two persons are required for the transporting and assembly operations!



The junction box must be installed with the cable glands facing downward.



Step	Procedure
1	Install the junction box with 4 appropriate fittings. For the installation, use suitable screws and dowels for securely bear- ing four times the weight of the junction box (4 x approx. 28 kg = ap- prox. 120 kg)
	prox. 120 kg).

### Fitting the cable clips and line brackets

and line brackets

Requirements for cable clips and line brackets must meet the following conditions:
They must allow the cables and lines to be laid securely.
It must be possible to open the cable clips and line brackets to allow the cables and lines to be removed temporarily for calibration of a separate calibration set or for servicing.
Fitting the cable clips
Fit the cable clips and line brackets along the defined cable and line runs.

### **Observing cable specifications**

**Connection cables** for the transmitter unit and receiver unit The connection cables are components of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. They are preinstalled at the factory.

Note: the connection cables must only be replaced with genuine replacement cables.

	Cable type	MC-HL, 2 x 8 wires, AWG 16	
	Outer diameter	1.04 inch	
	Application	Suitable for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Class I, Division 1 / Zone 1 For connection to the junction box, suitable for use in potentially explosive atmospheres Class I, Divi- sion 1 / Zone 1, supplied	
	Cable gland		
Potential equalization cables for transmitter	Cable cross-section	Max. 4 mm <sup>2</sup> ; typ. 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG 8 in accordance with CSA regulations)	
unit, receiver unit and iunction box	Cable length	As short as possible (minimum length 1 m)	

cables for transmitter unit, receiver unit and junction box

### Selecting a suitable cable gland

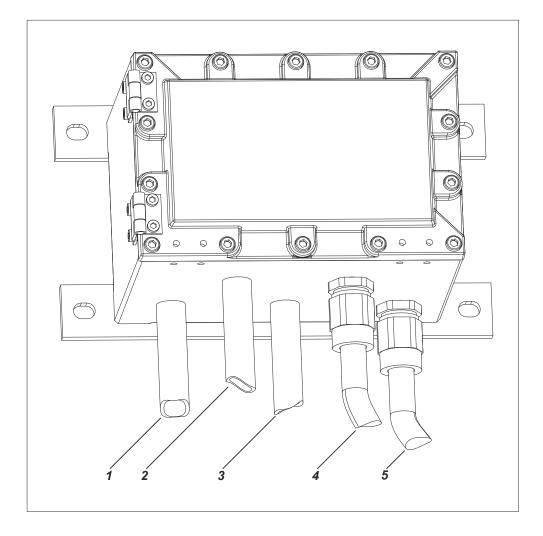
## Select a suitable cable gland



The junction box with a built-in power supply has its own certification from the supplier.

Select a suitable cable gland for each cable. The following always applies:

- The cable glands are designed with 3/4-inch NPT thread.
- Flameproof cable or conduit glands must be used.



The numbers have the following meaning:

No.	Cables
1	Power supply
2	T/P probes
3	Analog and digital outputs
4	Receiver unit
5	Transmitter unit

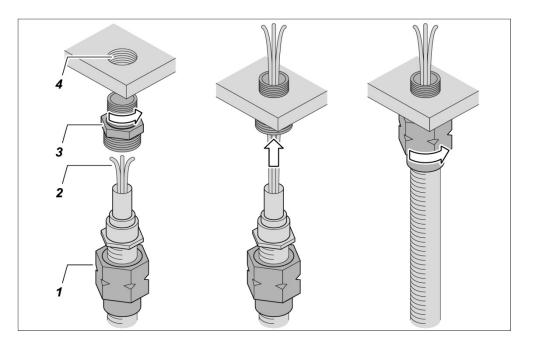
### Leading cables through cable glands

Connection cable for the transmitter unit and receiver unit i

The cable glands to connect the connection cable for the transmitter unit and the receiver unit to the junction box are included with the gas analyzer. However, they are not covered by the certification issued to ABB with regard to explosion protection.

When you handle the cable glands and the connection cables, the provisions in the NEC standard and the local regulations must be observed.

The following figure and the following instructions describe the main steps for installing the cable glands and feeding the connection cable into the junction box. In addition, it is essential that you observe the detailed installation manual from the manufacturer of the cable glands, including the instructions for handling the potting compound (included with the gas analyzer).



No.	Meaning
1	Union nut (outer nut)
2	Wire bundle
3	Connection socket (entry item)
4	3/4 inch NPT internal thread of the junction box

Read the installation manual from the manufacturer of the cable glands before beginning installation.

Proceed as follows:

	Step	Procedure
	1	Disassemble the cable gland.
	2	Remove the insulation and the sheath from the connection cable. When doing so, ensure that the black and white cable pairs stay to- gether.
	3	Run the connection cable through the disassembled cable gland.
	4	Make up the potting compound, and insert it between the wires of the connection cable, both around the wires and in the pipe fittings provided. Remove the excess potting compound.
	5	Run the connection cable through the connection socket and let the potting compound harden.
	6	Screw the connection socket into the internal thread of the junction box.
	7	Feed the wire bundle through the connection socket and into the junc- tion box. When doing so, also ensure that the black and white cable pairs stay together.
		It is recommended that you number the wires before connecting them to the terminal block with the labeling clips included in accordance with the tables on pages 147 and 148 according to the terminal number. The number of the wire pair is printed on each white wire.
	8	Attach the connection cable to the junction box by screwing the union nut onto the connection socket.
Other connection cables	In potentially explosive atmospheres, use suitable conduits to connect th and digital outputs, the T/P-probes and the power supply.	
		regulations of the NEC standard or local regulations regarding the specifi- nd installation of the cables, as well as the sealing of the cable glands.
Unused cable ends in explosion-proof	s in In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with unused cables using one following methods:	
components	■ Ir	nsulate and fix each individual wire end
		connect the end of each individual wire to the local potential equalization erminal
		osition the ends of each unused wire on an unused terminal
Unused cable glands	In order to	o ensure the explosion protection: keep unused cable glands sealed.
Sealing the junction box	To guarantee explosion protection, close the junction box after connecting the components.	

### Protecting the line voltage supply

Requirements for protecting the line voltage supply To protect the line voltage supply, proceed as follows:

- The feeder must be protected using an external overcurrent protection device.
- It must be possible to switch off the feeder using a separator (external switch).
- The separator must be located near the supplied device.
- The way in which the supplied device is arranged must not compromise the operation of the separator.
- The isolator must be identified so that the assignment to the supplied device is clearly visible.
- Note the built-in fuses in the junction box.

## Connecting the electrical leads

Торіс	Page
Ensuring safety	146
Establishing a protective grounding	146
Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box	147
Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box	148
Connecting the T/P probe to the junction box	149
Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box	150
Connecting the potential equalization terminal	151
Connecting the power supply	152

## **Ensuring safety**

Ensuring safety	No explosi	on protection is present when performing this work!
		Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.
	$\land$	When connecting the electrical connections, make sure that the contact surface between the housing and the cover of the junc- tion box is not damaged, for example, by scratches caused by a tool.
		Even very slight damage to the contact surface will result in the loss of the explosion protection! As a result, there is a risk of explosion when operating the junction box!
		If the contact surface is damaged, the analyzer must not be put into operation under any circumstances, and the junction box must be replaced!

## Establishing a protective grounding

Establishing a protective grounding

i

The protective grounding is established via the PE conductor of the power cable.

Proceed as follows:

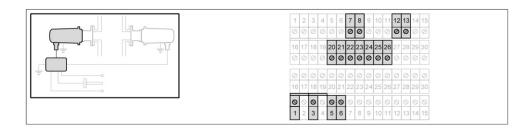
Step	Procedure
1	Connect the PE conductor of the power cable to the PE terminal of the terminal strip.

### Connecting the transmitter unit to the junction box

# Connecting the transmitter unit

Connect the transmitter unit to the junction box.

It is recommended that you number the wires of the connection cable, in order to facilitate the assignment to the terminals (see page 143).



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	MC-HL cable wire color	Wire pair no.	Function
1	White	1	+24 V
3	Black	1	GND
5	White	2	TURU_A
6	Black	2	TURU_B
7	White	3	AUX_A
8	Black	3	AUX_B
12	White	4	AO1 (420 mA)
13	Black	4	AO2 (420 mA)
20	White	5	MODBUS_A
21	Black	5	MODBUS_B
22	White	6	MODBUS_GND
-	Black	6	(not assigned)
23	White	7	ETH_TX+
24	Black	7	ETH_TX-
25	White	8	ETH_RX+
26	Black	8	ETH_RX-

1) In order to ensure explosion protection, deal with these unused wires using one of the following methods:

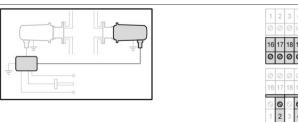
- Insulate and fix the individual wire end
- Connect the end of the wire to the local potential equalization terminal
- Position the end of the wire on an unused terminal

### Connecting the receiver unit to the junction box

# Connecting the receiver unit

Connect the receiver unit to the junction box.

It is recommended that you number the wires of the connection cable, in order to facilitate the assignment to the terminals (see page 143).



1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ø	$\oslash$	0	Ø	0	0	Ø	Ø	0	0	0	Ø	Ø	0	0
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		27	28	29	30
0	0	0	0	Ø	Ø	0	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	0	0	0	0
Ø	$\oslash$	0	Ø	0	Ø	Ø	0	0	Ø	0	Ø	$\oslash$	0	0
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
$\odot$	0	$\odot$	0	0		0	0				0		0	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		13	14	15

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	MC-HL cable wire color	Wire pair no.	Function
2	White	1	+24 V
4	Black	1	GND
5	White	2	TURU_A
6	Black	2	TURU_B
9	White	3	AUXIF_A
10	Black	3	AUXIF_B
14	White	4	AO3 (420 mA)
11	Black	4	AUX_IO
16	White	5	DO1_A
17	Black	5	DO1_B
18	White	6	DO2_A
19	Black	6	DO2_B
27	White	7	T-Probe_in
28	Black	7	T-Probe_out
29	White	8	P-Probe_in
30	Black	8	P-Probe_out

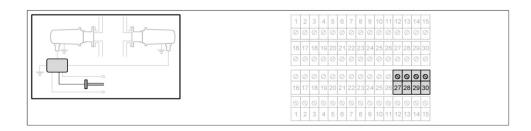
## **Option: connecting the T/P probe to the junction box**

Connecting T/P probes



- The T/P probes for dynamic temperature and pressure correction are not included in the delivery scope.
- The T/P probes require a separate power supply and must provide a 4...20-mA output signal.

Connect the T/P probes to the junction box.



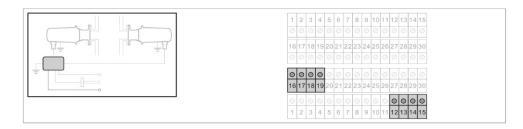
Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
27	T probe in (+)	420-mA input
28	T probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic temperature correction
29	P probe in (+)	420-mA input
30	P probe out (-)	Analog input for dynamic pressure correction

## Connecting the analog and digital outputs to the junction box

#### Connecting analog and digital outputs

Connect the analog and digital outputs to the junction box.



Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
12	AO1 (420mA)	Analog output 1
13	AO2 (420mA)	Analog output 2
14	AO3 (420mA)	Analog output 3
15	GND	Analog outputs GND
16	DO1_A	Digital output 1
17	DO1_B	-
18	DO2_A	Digital output 2
19	DO2_B	-

Layout of the analog and digital outputs

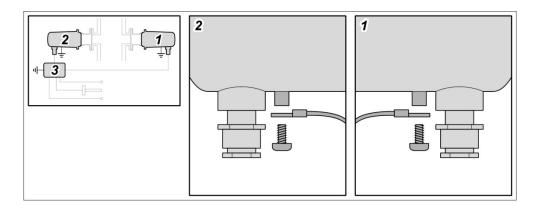
The assignment of the analog and digital outputs is determined during the installation and configuration of the gas analyzer (see page 179).

### Connecting the potential equalization terminal

Connecting the potential equalization terminal

In order to select the correct cable, please note the cable specifications Connect the following devices via a ground cable to the local potential equalization terminal:

- Transmitter unit
- Receiver unit
- Junction box



No.	Meaning
1	Receiver unit
2	Transmitter unit
3	Junction box

i

The potential equalization terminal prevents the cable from twisting during installation and prevents it from coming loose during operation.

### **Connecting the power supply**

(i)

This section only describes how to wire the power supply. The device immediately starts up when the supply voltage is applied, but it is not possible to recognize when this has happened. For this reason, the supply voltage must not yet be applied! Note the cable specification



(i)

Infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Risk of eye injury in the event of accidental startup. Keep device disconnected until final inspection.

Connecting the 100...240 V AC power supply

		1	_	3 Ø	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	
		16		18 Ø	19 2	_			_	4 25				29 Ø	PE
	<u>                                     </u>	0	-	Ø 18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0
 	-  - LN PE	0	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	0 0	-	-	-	0	

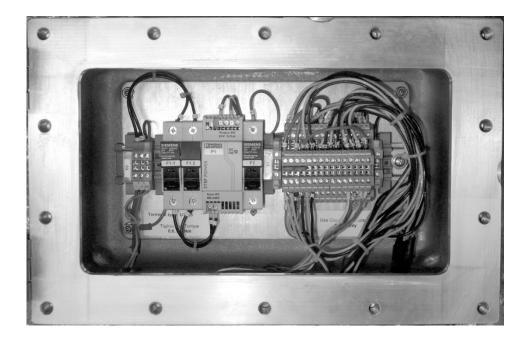
Connections to the power supply unit are made as follows:

Terminal	Cable wire color	Component	Function						
PE	Green/yellow	PE terminal	Protective earth						
L	Brown	L terminal	100240 V AC (phase)						
Ν	Blue	N terminal	100240 V AC (neutral)						

Tightening torque of the screw terminals: 0.6 ... 0.8 Nm On the secondary side, the connection between the power supply unit and the terminal strip is already wired at the factory.

#### Laying lines safely

Within the junction box, as shown in the figure, the primary lines and the secondary lines must be laid at a distance and secured with cable ties in such a way that contact between them is excluded.



## Chapter 13 Operating the gas analyzer for the first time

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Connecting the supply voltage	156
Connecting the PC to the junction box	156
Connecting to the instrument software	157
Fine alignment of the purging flanges	158

Requirement

Zone

Explosion group

**Temperature class** 

plate:

The environmental conditions are consistent with the following information on the name

### Checking and approving for use

Performing a final	Ensure that all pre-startup conditions are met.	
check of the analyzer	Proceed in accordance with the following checklists:	

Test object

Transmitter unit

Receiver unit

Junction box

Checking the
environmental
conditions

Checking the mechanical system	Ambient temperature		
	Test object	Requirement	
	Junction box	The junction box meets the following re- quirements:	
		<ul> <li>The junction box is not damaged</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The junction box has been installed in a stable manner</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>The junction box is closed so that no dust can penetrate</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>All of the fixing screws on the housing cover are present and securely tightened</li> </ul>	
	Transmitter unit and receiver unit	The transmitter unit and receiver unit are in the following condition:	

	<ul> <li>stable manner</li> <li>The junction box is closed so that no dust can penetrate</li> <li>All of the fixing screws on the housing cover are present and securely tightened.</li> </ul>
unit and receiver unit	<ul> <li>The transmitter unit and receiver unit are in the following condition:</li> <li>The housings are not damaged</li> <li>The housing covers are closed and bolted All of the fixing screws are present.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The transmitter unit and receiver unit are installed so that the following requirements are met:</li> <li>The housings do not come into contact with any overpressure in the process gas path</li> <li>The housings are not improperly heated</li> </ul>

by the heat generated at the contact point of the process gas path (purging flange).

Checking the	Test object	Requirement
electrical system	Cable condition	All cables are undamaged.
	Cable types	All connections are made using the specified cable type.
	Cable lengths	For ATEX, IECEx and KCs variants: The cables of the transmitter unit and receiver unit are at least 1.00 m long.
	Shielded cables	<ul> <li>The shielded cables meet the following requirements:</li> <li>The cables are fed through metal cable glands</li> <li>The braided shield is properly connected to the cable gland</li> </ul>
	Supply voltage	The supply voltage is consistent with the information on the name plate of the junction box.
	Connecting cables Cable glands for the transmitter unit and receiver unit	<ul> <li>All connecting cables meet the following requirements:</li> <li>The cables are properly installed and secured</li> <li>The cables in the junction box are connected using the correct terminal assignment.</li> <li>The cables in the cable glands are sealed so that no dust can penetrate</li> <li>All of the unused cable wire ends are insulated or grounded</li> <li>If there is a danger of explosion due to dust, precautionary measures are taken to prevent the development of static charges on the surface of cables and lines.</li> <li>The cables in the cable glands are fitted in a fixed position and cannot move</li> </ul>
	Potential equalization terminal	The following devices are connected via a ground cable to the local potential equaliza- tion terminal: Transmitter unit Receiver unit Junction box
Approving the	 lf	then
analyzer for startup	all the checks have been complet- ed with positive results	the analyzer may be put into use.
	at least one check gave a nega-	the analyzer may not be put into use.
	tive result	the fault must be rectified.

### Connecting the supply voltage

Connecting the supply voltage Connect the supply voltage.

### Connecting the PC to the junction box

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!



[i]

Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

Connecting the PC

An RJ45 adapter board is provided for connecting the analyzer to a PC.

~		1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8     9     10     11     12     13     14     15       Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø     Ø
		16       17       18       19       20       21       22       23       24       25       26       27       28       29       30
		∅       ∅
o	J	1 2 3 4 5

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Open the junction box.
2	Connect the RJ45 adapter board to terminals 23–26 in the junction box.
3	Connect the PC to the RJ45 adapter board using an Ethernet cable.

Connections to the terminal strip are made as follows:

Terminal	Signal	Function
23	ETH TX+	Ethernet TX+
24	ETH TX-	Ethernet TX-
25	ETH RX+	Ethernet RX+
26	ETH RX-	Ethernet RX-

## Connecting to the instrument software

\_\_\_\_\_

Instrument software in the web browser Ensuring safety	The instrument software is an integral component of the transmitter unit and receiver unit. It is accessed via a web browser. The Web browsers Mozilla <sup>®</sup> Firefox <sup>®</sup> and Google Chrome <sup>™</sup> are approved for unwith the instrument software. Note: Mozilla and Firefox are registered trademarks of the Mozilla Foundation. Chrome is a trademark of Google Inc.	
	$\wedge$	Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.
Connecting the	Step	Procedure
devices	4	
	1	Ensure that transmitter unit and receiver unit are connected to the junction box and ready for operation.
	2	
Starting the instrument software		junction box and ready for operation.
		junction box and ready for operation. Ensure that a PC is connected to the junction box. To start the instrument software, you need the IP address of the analyzer.

2	Start up the web browser on your computer.
3	In your web browser, type the IP address of the analyzer.

The user interface of the instrument software is displayed:

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software
5700005031 Log in
Main menu
Welcome to LS4000's Instrument Software. This software allows to configure the instrument and perform service tasks.
System information
Instrument status
System time

\_

## Fine alignment of the purging flanges

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!

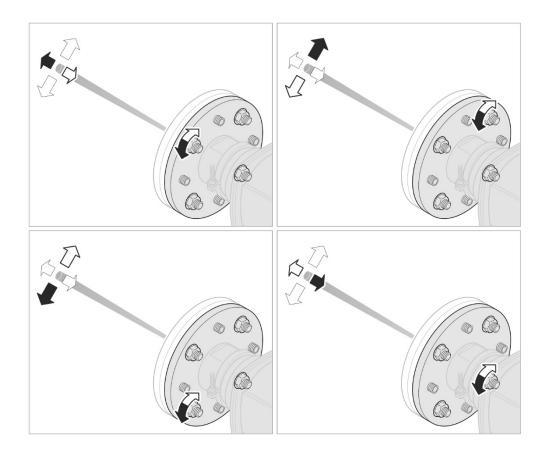


Risk of explosion.

Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

Call up the "Alignment" menu	Proceed	l as follows:	ows:	
	Step	Procedure		
	<ol> <li>Log on as an operator. The operator password is "xs</li> <li>The "Main menu" is displayed.</li> </ol>	rator password is "xs2ls".		
	pears. The current values	<b>menu</b> (see page 185). The "Alignment" menu ap- pears. The current values "Relative transmission" and	<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software 57000005031 - Operator Log out	
			Alignment	
			Press Align to set the instrument to "A <i>lignment mode</i> " before proceeding with the alignment. Press Done as soon as the maximum transmission is achieved.	
			Instrument mode Measuring Relative transmission 89.55	
			Absolute transmission 89.55	
			Align Done	
	3	Click on "Align". The analyzer is now ready for fine alignment.		
Fine alignment of the purging flanges				

No.	Meaning
1	4 stud screws
2	4 fastening nuts



Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Unscrew the 4 stud screws until the ends of the screws no longer stick out of the holes.
2	While observing the value "Absolute transmission" in the "Alignment" menu, align the purging flange by adjusting the 4 fastening nuts.
3	Adjust the purging flange so that the highest possible value is dis- played for "Absolute transmission".

# Completing the fine alignment

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Screw in the 4 stud screws as far as they will go so that they secure the setting.
2	Click on "Done" in the "Alignment" menu.
3	If you do not want to perform any further tasks on the instrument soft- ware, disconnect the RJ45 adapter board from the junction box.
4	To guarantee explosion protection, close the junction box.

#### Ready to Perform Measurements

The analyzer is set to the process parameters specified by the user when delivered. If these specifications correspond to the conditions that actually apply to the process (temperature, pressure, optical path length etc.), then the analyzer can be put directly into operation after fine alignment.

## Chapter 14 Operating the gas analyzer

Торіс	Page
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## Recognizing the operating status

Operating status: "Starting-up"	·	rating status applies as so	
	Phase	Action	
	1	The analyzer is switche	d on.
	2	The analyzer loads the	basic configuration.
	3	The analyzer performs	a self-test.
	4	The analyzer is ready for	or initialization.
Operating status: "Initializing"	This state	us is applies as soon as st	artup is complete.
-	Phase	Action	
	1	The analyzer checks the	e settings.
	2	The analyzer checks the	at it is ready for operation.
	lf		then
		gs are correct and the is ready for use	the analyzer switches to "Measuring" status.
	at least o	ne of the settings is not	the analyzer issues an error message.
	correct o ready for	r the analyzer is not use	the analyzer switches to the "Malfunction" operating status.
Operating status: "Measuring"	ready for	use rating status is given as so asuring" operating status i	
	This oper The "Mea operation This oper	use rating status is given as so asuring" operating status i n.	operating status. oon as initialization is completed successfully. s the regular operating status during continuous an error has occurred (also see <b>Error messag-</b>
"Measuring" Operating status:	This oper The "Mea operation This oper	use rating status is given as so asuring" operating status i n. rating status applies when	operating status. oon as initialization is completed successfully. s the regular operating status during continuous an error has occurred (also see <b>Error messag-</b>
"Measuring" Operating status:	ready for This oper The "Mea operation This oper <b>es in "M</b> a	use rating status is given as so asuring" operating status i n. rating status applies when alfunction" status on pag	operating status. oon as initialization is completed successfully. s the regular operating status during continuous an error has occurred (also see <b>Error messag-</b>
"Measuring" Operating status:	ready for This oper The "Mea operation This oper es in "Ma Phase	rating status is given as so asuring" operating status i n. rating status applies when alfunction" status on pag Action	operating status. oon as initialization is completed successfully. s the regular operating status during continuous an error has occurred (also see <b>Error messag</b> - ge 212).

## Chapter 15 Getting to know the instrument software

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Getting to know the menu structure	. 162

## Connecting to the instrument software

Instrument software in the web browser Ensuring safety	The instrument software is an integral component of the transmitter unit and re- ceiver unit. It is accessed via a web browser. The Web browsers Mozilla <sup>®</sup> Firefox <sup>®</sup> and Google Chrome <sup>™</sup> are approved for use with the instrument software. <i>Note: Mozilla and Firefox are registered trademarks of the Mozilla Foundation.</i> <i>Chrome is a trademark of Google Inc.</i> No explosion protection is present when performing this work!			
		Risk of explosion.	ases or dusts are present when	
Connecting the	Step	Procedure		
devices	1	Ensure that transmitter unit and receiver unit are connected to the junction box and ready for operation.		
	2	Ensure that a PC is connected to	the junction box.	
Starting the instrument software	i		you need the IP address of the ana- is provided on the analyzer data	
	Step	Procedure		
	1	Start up the PC.		
	2	Start up the web browser on your	computer.	
	3	In your web browser, type the IP address of the analyzer. The user interface of the in-	ABB         LS4000 - Instrument Software           57000005031	
		strument software is displayed:	Main menu Welcome to LS4000's Instrument Software. This software allows to configure the instrument and perform service tasks.	
			System information	

Topic Pa	age
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### **Overview**

#### Overview

The instrument software offers the following menus:

Menu	Intended use
Main menu without entering a password	Enter password and log in as an operator. Open menus that are not password- protected
Main menu after entering the oper- ator password	Open menus
System information	View system information
Instrument status	View operating status View measurements
System time	Set system time

Installation routine	Intended use
Installation procedure	Call up the configuration assistant
	Start the 8-step configuration routine
Installation - Process parameters	Enter physical properties for the process
Installation - Installation flanges	Enter physical properties of the flanges
Installation - Ambient conditions	Enter physical properties of the measuring environment
Installation - External inputs	Configure the measuring inputs
Installation - Channels	Configure the measuring channels
Installation - Analog and digital outputs	Configure analog and digital outputs
Installation - Network settings	Configure the network
Installation - Save settings	Check entries
	Save or discard entries
	End configuration routine
Menu	Intended use
Verification of I/O modules	Verify function of the inputs and outputs Configure test run
	Start test run
	View test result
	View measured values from the T/P probes
Alignment	Perform fine alignment of the transmitter and receiver unit purging flanges
Diagnostics	Download and save diagnostic results, configuration data and user settings from
	the analyzer
	Upload saved configuration data to the analyzer
Service menus	Intended use
Service	Call up the service menus
Spectrum	View the spectrum
Calibration options	Start calibration
	Reset calibration to factory settings
Calibration settings	Enter parameters for the calibration process
Calibration	View operating status
	Start calibration process
Logging	Activate or deactivate the measurements log
	Define structure and content of the log file

All menu illustrations in this operator's manual are examples. The actual menu display in the web browser may vary.

i

<b>LS4000 - Instrument Software</b>		
5700005031 - Log in		
Main menu		
Welcome to LS4000's Instrument Software. This software allows to configure the instrument and perform service tasks.		
System information		
Instrument status		
System time		

Intended useEnter password and log in as an operator.Open menus that are not password-protected

Description

Name	Meaning/function
Log in	Enter the password and login
	The operator password is "xs2ls".
System information	Open menu: System information
Instrument status	Open menu: Instrument status
System time	Open menu: System time

The number displayed next to the log-in entry field is the serial number of the laser module in the transmitter unit.

## Main menu after entering the operator password

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software 57000005031 - Operator Log out		
	strument Software. This software allows to and perform service tasks.	
System information		
Instrument status		
System time		
Installation		
I/O Verification		
Alignment		
Diagnostics		
Service		

#### Intended use

#### Open menus

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu without entering a password
System information	Open menu: System information
Instrument status	Open menu: Instrument status
System time	Open menu: System time
Installation	Open menu: Installation procedure
I/O Verification	Open menu: Verification of I/O modules
Alignment	Open menu: Alignment
Diagnostics	Open menu: Diagnostics
Service	Open menu: Service

ABB LS4	000 - Instrument Software
5700005031 - Operator Log out	
System informa	ation
Software version	1.0.1
Transmitter firmware	9 288
Receiver firmware	282
Done	

#### View system information

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Software version	View the software version of the instrument software
Transmitter firmware	View the firmware version of the transmitter unit
Receiver firmware	View the firmware version of the receiver unit
Done	Exit menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software 57000005031 - Operator Log out		
Instrument status		
Measurement		
Instrument mode	Measuring	
Process mode	Normal	
Absolute transmission 89.41 %		
Measurement status	0x0000	
Error code	0	
Process path length	0.701 m	
Process temperature	296 K	
Process pressure	1.013 BarA	
Channels		
O2 (Avg) 10.75 %	1	
Transmission 89.41 %		
O2 (Line 0) 10.84 %	3	
O2 (Line 1) 10.66 %	5	
Done Init		

View operating status View measurements

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Measurement	Measurements
Instrument mode	View operating status (Initialize, Measure, Fault, Service)
Process mode	View activity (Normal, Test, Calibration)
Absolute transmission	View measured transmission value
Measurement status	View the status of the measuring process (see Error Messages in "Measuring" mode on page 211)
Error code	View error code (see Error Messages in "Malfunction" status on page 212)
Process path length	View the length of the measuring section through the process
Process temperature	Read process gas temperature
Process pressure	Read process gas pressure
Channels	Measuring channels

Name	Meaning/function
O2 (Avg)	View the measured gas concentration (average)
ransmission	View the transmission value
02 (Line 0)	View the measured gas concentration (Line 0)
2 (Line 1)	View the measured gas concentration (Line 1)
one	Exit menu
nit	Repeat the initialization of the gas analyzer

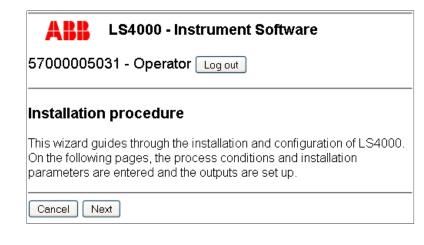
<b>LS4000 - Instrument Software</b> 57000005031 - Operator Logout		
Current	time Thu De	ec 5 11:15:02 2013
Year	2013	]
Month	12	
Day	5	
Hour	11	
Minute	15	
Second	2	
Set		

Set system time

Done

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Current time	View the current system time
Year	Enter the year of the current date
Month	Enter the month of the current date
Day	Enter the day of the current date
Hour	Enter the hour of the current time
Minute	Enter the minutes of the current time
Second	Enter the seconds of the current time
Set	Save entries
Done	Exit menu

Description



# Intended useCall up the configuration assistantStart the 8-step configuration routine

NameMeaning/functionLog outLog out and return to the main menuCancelExit menuNextCall up the configuration assistant<br/>Start the 8-step configuration routine

Installation - Proce	nstallation - Process Parameters		
Use the following param	eters to define	the application specific process	
Process path length	0.701	m	
Pressure input	FIXED 💌		
Temperature input	FIXED 🔽		
	1.013	BarA	
Fixed pressure level			
Fixed pressure level Fixed temperature level		К	
		K BarA	

Enter physical properties for the process

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Process path length	Enter the length of the measuring section through the process between the flanges
	Process path length
	When using insertion pipes: enter the free path length between the insertion pipes
Pressure input	Define the source of the value for the pressure FIXED: Use a manually entered process value EXTERNAL: Use a process value measured by a con- nected P-probe (see <b>Menu: Installation - External in-</b> <b>puts</b> on page 176) AMBIENT: Use the ambient value measured by the ana- lyzer

Name	Meaning/function
Temperature input	Define the source of the value for the temperature FIXED: Use a manually entered value EXTERNAL: Use a value measured by a connected T- probe (see <b>Menu: Installation - External inputs</b> on page 176) AMBIENT: Use the ambient value measured by the ana- lyzer
Fixed pressure level	Enter a fixed value for the pressure
Fixed temperature level	Enter a fixed value for the temperature
Offset pressure	Enter the difference between the measured and actual pressure in the process environment
Offset temperature	Enter the difference between the measured and actual temperature in the environment
Enable process broadening	YES: Process measurement NO: Calibration
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software 57000005031 - Operator Logout		
nstallation - Installation Flanges		
Use the following parame flanges.	eters to define	the conditions in the installation
Total flange path length	0	m
Concentration in flanges	20.9	%
Concentration in flanges	20.0	10
Pressure input	PROCESS V	]
		]
Pressure input	PROCESS V	BarA
Pressure input Temperature input	PROCESS V	]
Pressure input Temperature input Fixed pressure level	PROCESS V AMBIENT V 1.013	BarA

Enter physical properties of the flanges

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Total flange path length	Enter the length of the measuring section through the flanges and, if applicable, through the validation cells or insertion tubes
Concentration in flanges	Enter the purging gas concentration in the flanges (pro- portion of the measurement component in vol%) When using compressed air: enter 20.9 %, when using nitrogen: enter 0 %.
Pressure input	Define the source of the value for the pressure FIXED: Use a manually entered value PROCESS: Use the process value AMBIENT: Use the ambient value measured by the ana- lyzer
Temperature input	Define the source of the value for the temperature FIXED: Use a manually entered value PROCESS: Use the process value AMBIENT: Use the ambient value measured by the ana- lyzer

Name	Meaning/function
Fixed pressure level	Enter a fixed value for the process gas pressure in the flanges
Fixed temperature level	Enter a fixed value for the purging gas temperature in the flanges
Offset pressure	Enter an offset value for the process gas pressure in the flanges
Offset temperature	Enter an offset value for the purging gas temperature in the flanges
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

## Installation - Ambient conditions

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software			
5700005031 - Operator Logout			
Installation - Ambi	ent conditions		
Jse the following param	eters to define the a	ambient conditions.	
Jse the following param Pressure input	eters to define the a	ambient conditions.	
Pressure input	FIXED 💌		
Pressure input Temperature input	FIXED V INTERNAL_SENSC	)R 💌	
Pressure input Temperature input Fixed pressure level	FIXED V INTERNAL_SENSC 1.013 296	DR ♥ BarA	

#### Intended use

Enter physical properties of the measuring environment

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Pressure input	CALCULATED: Use the value calculated from the entered height of the installation location FIXED: Enable entry of a fixed value
Temperature input	INTERNAL SENSOR: Use the measured value FIXED: Enable entry of a fixed value
Fixed pressure level	Enter a fixed value
Fixed temperature level	Enter a fixed value
Offset for internal sensor	Enter the difference between the measured and actual temperature
Height above sea level	Enter the height of the installation location above sea level
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

## **Installation - External inputs**

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software	
5700005031 - Operator Log out	
Installation - External inputs	
Use the following parameters to set up the pressure and temperature inputs for automatic pressure and temperature correction.	
Pressure input	
Pressure corresponding to 4mA 0 BarA	
Pressure corresponding to 20mA 4 BarA	
Temperature input	
Temperature corresponding to 4mA 273.15 K	
Temperature corresponding to 20mA 523.15 K	
Prev Cancel Next	

Intended use

Configure the measuring inputs

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Pressure input	
Pressure correspond- ing to 4 mA	Enter the pressure value that corresponds to a current of 4 mA
Pressure correspond- ing to 20 mA	Enter the pressure value that corresponds to a current of 20 mA
Temperature input	
Temperature corre- sponding to 4 mA	Enter the temperature value that corresponds to a current of 4 mA
Temperature corre- sponding to 20 mA	Enter the temperature value that corresponds to a current of 20 mA
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software		
5700005031 - Operator Log out		
Installation - Channels		
Use the following parameters and options to set up the settings of the different channels.		
Channel 1		
Output label O2 (Avg)		
Output unit PERCENT 💌		
Output tag		
Channel 2		
Output label Transmission		
Output unit PERCENT 💌		
Output tag		
Channel 3		
Output label O2 (Line 0)		
Output unit PERCENT 💌		
Output tag		
Channel 4		
Output label O2 (Line 1)		
Output unit PERCENT 💌		
Output tag		
Prev Cancel Next		

#### Configure the measuring channels

Log outLog out and return to the main menuChannel 1Measuring channel 1Output labelO2 (Avg) description of measuring channel 1Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 1Output tagNot usedChannel 2Measuring channel 2Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Name	Meaning/function
Output labelO2 (Avg) description of measuring channel 1Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 1Output tagNot usedChannel 2Measuring channel 2Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 1Output tagNot usedChannel 2Measuring channel 2Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedOutput tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Channel 1	Measuring channel 1
Output tagNot usedChannel 2Measuring channel 2Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Output label	O2 (Avg) description of measuring channel 1
Channel 2Measuring channel 2Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Output unit	Select the unit for the value at output 1
Output labelTransmission description of measuring channel 2Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Output tag	Not used
Output unitSelect the unit for the value at output 2Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Channel 2	Measuring channel 2
Output tagNot usedChannel 3Measuring channel 3	Output label	Transmission description of measuring channel 2
Channel 3 Measuring channel 3	Output unit	Select the unit for the value at output 2
	Output tag	Not used
	Channel 3	Measuring channel 3
Output label O2 (Line 0) description of measuring channel 3	Output label	O2 (Line 0) description of measuring channel 3

Name	Meaning/function
Output unit	Select the unit for the value at output 3
Output tag	Not used
Channel 4	Measuring channel 4
Output label	O2 (Line 1) description of measuring channel 4
Output unit	Select the unit for the value at output 4
Output tag	Not used
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

## Installation - Analog and digital outputs

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software		
5700005031 - Operator Logout		
Installation	- Analog and Digital outputs	
Use the followin digital outputs.	g parameters and options to set up the analog and	
Analog output	:1	
Source	O2 (Avg)	
Value at 4mA	0	
Value at 20mA	25	
Analog output	2	
Source	Transmission 💌	
Value at 4mA	0	
Value at 20mA	100	
Analog output	3	
Source	Transmission 💌	
Value at 4mA	0	
Value at 20mA	100	
Digital Output	1	
Digital Output 1	is hardcoded as error relay.	
Digital Output	2	
	- (Avg)	
	àH_GAS ✔	
Alarm level 25		
Prev Cance	I Next	

#### Intended use

Configure analog and digital outputs

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Analog output 1	Analog output 1
Source	Assign the measuring channel to the analog output Factory setting: O2 (Avg)
Value at 4 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 4 mA
Value at 20 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 20 mA

Name	Meaning/function
Analog output 2	Analog output 2
Source	Assign the measuring channel to the analog output Factory setting: Transmission
Value at 4 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 4 mA
Value at 20 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 20 mA
Analog output 3	Analog output 3
Source	Assign the measuring channel to the analog output Factory setting: Transmission
Value at 4 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 4 mA
Value at 20 mA	Enter the measured value that corresponds to a current of 20 mA
Digital Output 1	Digital output 1
	The digital output 1 is set as an error relay.
Digital Output 2	Digital output 2
Source	Assign the measuring channel to the digital output Factory setting: O2 (Avg)
Туре	Select the digital output operating mode (HIGH_GAS / Error)
	Factory setting: HIGH_GAS
Alarm level	Enter the measured value at which, if it is exceeded, the digital output must be switched (if HIGH_GAS operating mode is selected)
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

<b>ABB</b> 1540	00 - Instru	iment Software
5700005031 - Operator Log out		
Installation - Netv	vork settii	ngs
Use the following para	meters to co	nfigure the network settings of the
instrument.		
instrument. Please note: It is man		the following pattern for the IP
instrument. Please note: It is man address settings: xxx.x	2000/2000	
instrument. Please note: It is man	2000/2000	
instrument. Please note: It is man address settings: xxx.x	etwork settin	
instrument. Please note: It is man address settings: xxx x Please note the new n	etwork settin	gs.
instrument. Please note: It is man address settings: xxxx Please note the new no Automatic IP address	etwork setting	gs. bool str

#### Configure the network

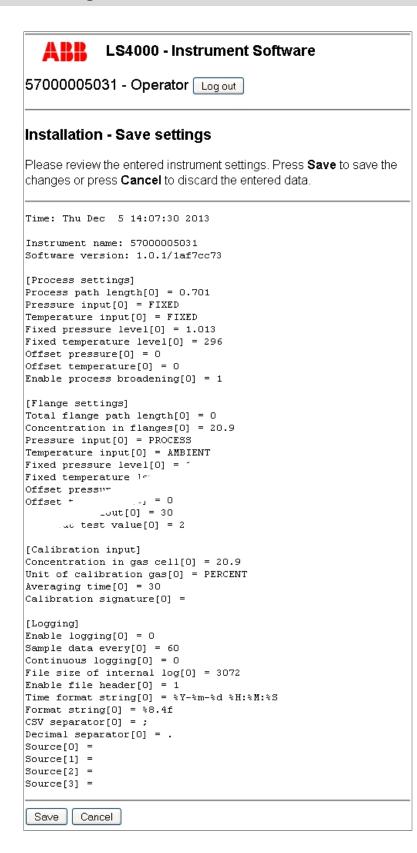
Description

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Automatic IP address	0: Enable entry of a fixed IP address 1: Search DHCP server
Specify IP address	Enter IP address The factory-set IP address is provided in the data sheet.
Specify netmask	Enter the netmask
Specify gateway	Enter the gateway
Prev	Back to previous menu
Cancel	Cancel the process and exit the menu
Next	Continue to the next menu

Analyzer restart

(i)

A restart of the analyzer is necessary after changing the IP address. Go through the configuration routine until the end and save the entries. Power off the analyzer and power it on again. Then the analyzer can be reached at the new IP address.



Check entries Save or discard entries End configuration routine

LS4000, LS4060 Operator's manual

#### Description

Description	Name	Meaning/function
	Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
	Please review	List all entries and settings made in the configuration routine for checking
	Save	Save entries and settings
		End configuration routine
		Back to Main menu
	Cancel	Discard entries and settings
		End configuration routine
		Back to Main menu
Analyzer restart	tine, pow	e IP address has been changed during the configuration rou- er off the analyzer and power it on again. Then the analyzer eached at the new IP address.

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## Verification of I/O modules

expected.	at the outputs and external inputs are working a
·	
Analog and digital o	easuring
	est Loop 1
I/O-test timeout 30	) sec
Loop out test value 2	mA
Test	
External inputs	
External pressure inpl	ut 0.140 BarA

Intended use	Verify function of the inputs and outputs
	Configure test run
	Start test run
	View test result
	View measured values from the T/P probes

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Analog and digital outputs	Analog and digital outputs
Instrument mode	View operating status of the instruments
I/O-test function	Select test run Example: TEST RELAY 1 CLOSED
I/O-test timeout	Enter the duration of the test run
Loop out test value	Enter output value for test run
Test	Start test run
External inputs	External inputs
External pressure input	View a value for the pressure as defined in the menu Installation - <b>External inputs</b> on page 176
External temperature input	View a value for the temperature as defined in the menu Installation – <b>External inputs</b> on page 176
Done	Exit menu

	00 - Instrument Software
57000005031 - Oj	perator Log out
Alignment	
proceeding with the ali	instrument to "A <i>lignment mode</i> " before gnment. as the maximum transmission is achieved.
Instrument mode	Measuring
Relative transmission	89.55 %
Absolute transmission	89.55 %
Align Done	

Description

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Instrument mode	View the operating status of the analyzer
Relative transmission	View the measured relative transmission
Absolute transmission	View the measured absolute transmission
Align	Start "Fine alignment" instrument mode (see Section Fine alignment of the purging flanges on page 158)
Done	Exit menu

Perform fine alignment of the transmitter and receiver unit purging flanges

Diagn	ostics
	gnostics and backup purposes, the instrument diagnostics file, iguration file and user setting files can be downloaded.
Diagno	stics file
	ick on the following link and choose " <i>Save as</i> " to generate and e instrument diagnostics file.
<u>Downlo</u>	ad diagnostics file
Config	file
for resto Right cli	fig file contains all the settings of the instrument, and can be used oring complete instrument settings. ick on the following link and choose " <i>Save as</i> " to generate and e config file.
Downlo	ad config file
Upload	config file Durchsuchen Keine Datei ausgewählt. >
User se	ettings file
The use	er settings file contains all the user configurable settings of the ent.
	ick on the following link and choose " <i>Save as</i> " to generate and e user settings file.

# Intended use Download and save diagnostic results, configuration data and user settings from the analyzer

Upload saved configuration data to the analyzer

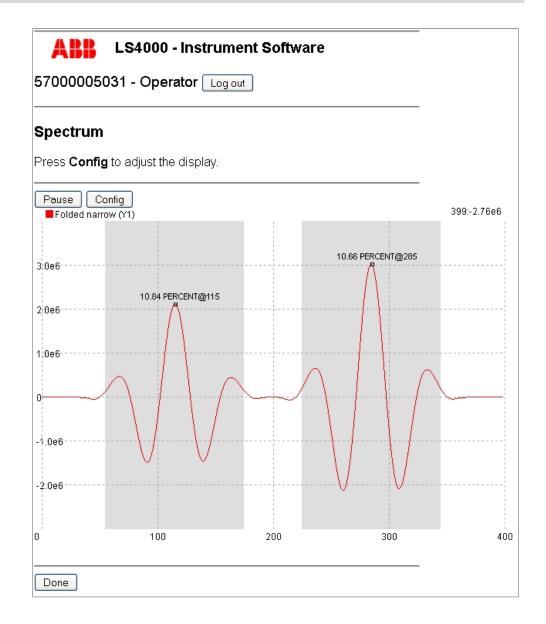
Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Download diagnostics file	Download and save diagnosis results from the analyzer
Download config file	Download and save configuration data from the analyzer
Upload config file	Enter the name of a saved configuration file
Browse	Search for a saved configuration file
	Log out Download diagnostics file Download config file Upload config file

Name	Meaning/function
>	Upload saved configuration file to the analyzer.
Download user set- tings file	Download and save user settings from the analyzer
Done	Exit menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software			
5700005031 - Operator Log out			
Service	Service		
System info	rmation		
Software ver	sion 1.0.1		
Service task	s		
Sp	ectrum		
Cali	bration		
Instru	ment Log		
Done			

Call up the service menus

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Spectrum	Call up Spectrum menu
Calibration	Call up Calibration Options menu
Instrument Log	Call up Logging menu
Done	Exit menu



#### View the spectrum

-

\_

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Pause/Start	View the spectrum Pause: as a still image Start: in real time
Config	Customize display of the spectrum
Done	Exit menu

ABB LS4000 - Instrument Software
5700005031 - Operator Log out
Calibration Options
Press " <b>Reset user calibration</b> " to reset the instrument to factory settings. Press " <b>Start user calibration</b> " to start the calibration of the instrument.
Reset user calibration
Start user calibration
Cancel

Intended use Start calibration

Reset calibration to factory settings

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Reset user calibration	Reset calibration to factory settings
Start user calibration	Call up Calibration settings menu
Cancel	Exit menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software 57000005031 - Operator Logout			
			Calibration setting
Please enter the calibrati calibration.	on settings b	elow ai	nd press <b>Next</b> to start the
Gas to calibrate	02		
Concentration in gas cell	20.9	]	
Unit of calibration gas	PERCENT	*	
Averaging time	30	] s	ec
Calibration signature		]	
Cancel Next			

Intended use Enter parameters for the calibration process

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Gas to calibrate	View measured component
Concentration in gas cell	Enter the calibration gas concentration in the calibration cell
Unit of calibration gas	Define the unit for displaying the calibration gas concen- tration
Averaging time	Enter the measurement duration for determining the average value
Calibration signature	Enter a user name
Cancel	Exit menu
Next	Call up Calibration menu

<b>ABB</b> LS4000 - Instrument Software
5700005031 - Operator Log out
Calibration
Press <b>Start</b> to start the calibration process.
Instrument status Instrument mode Init Process mode Normal O2 (Avg) 10.74 % Transmission 89.50 % O2 (Line 0) 10.83 % O2 (Line 1) 10.66 %
Calibration progress Calibration progress 0 % Start Cancel Done

### View operating status Start calibration process

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Instrument status	
Instrument mode	View operating status
Process mode	View activity During calibration, the following is displayed: "Test gas N2 balance"
O2 (Avg)	View the calibration gas concentration (average)
Transmission	View the transmission value
O2 (Line 0)	View calibration gas concentration (Line 0)
O2 (Line 1)	View calibration gas concentration (Line 1)
Calibration progress	
Calibration progress	Track progress of the calibration process
Start	Start calibration process
Cancel	Cancel the calibration process
Done	Exit menu Return to the main menu

LS4000 - Instrument Software
57000005031 - Operator Log out
Logging
Use the following parameters and options to set up the instrument logging. Set the parameter " <i>Enable logging</i> " to "1" to enable logging.
Please note:
If the parameter " <i>Continuous logging</i> " is set to "0", the logging will stop once the internal buffer is full.
If the parameter " <i>Continuous logging</i> " is set to "1", the instrument logging will continue by overwriting the oldest data until the parameter " <i>Enable logging</i> " is set to "0".
Configuration
Enable logging 0
Sample data every 60 s Continuous logging 0
Log file structure
Enable file header 1
Time format string %Y-%m-%d %
Format string %8.4f
Decimal separator
Data sources Source
Source
Source
Source
Start logging
Logging status
Internal log empty.
Refresh
Download internal log file
Done

Activate or deactivate the measurements log Define structure and content of the log file

Name	Meaning/function
Log out	Log out and return to the main menu
Configuration	Configuration
Enable logging	Measured value log 1: Activate or 0: Disable
Sample data every	Define the frequency of log file updates
Continuous logging	Continuously overwrite the log file 1: Activate or 0: Disable
Log file structure	Structure of the log file
Enable file header	Header 1: Activate or 2: Disable
Time format string	Define the date and time format
Format string	Define the measured value format
CSV separator	Define the separator for data fields
Decimal separator	Define the decimal separator
Data sources	Select four data sources for the entries in the log file
Source	Select the measuring channel
Start logging	Start the logging process
Logging status	Status of the measured value log
Internal log	Status of the measured value log
Refresh	Update the log file
Download internal log file	Download and save the log file from the analyzer
Done	Exit menu

## Chapter 16 Maintaining and repairing the gas analyzer

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Calibration	. 202
Recognizing and resolving errors	211

### Time schedule

Торіс	Page
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As required	196
Annual	198

### Continuous

Monitoring optical transmission

The optical transmission is monitored by reading the values for the current output that is assigned to the "Transmission" measuring channel.

Proceed as follows:

i

Step	Procedure
1	Read the value at the current output that is assigned to the "Transmis- sion" measuring channel.

If	then
the value is between 4 mA and	this means that:
20 mA	<ul> <li>the optical transmission is sufficient.</li> </ul>

### As required

# Checking the optical components

**Cleaning the optica** 

components

Optical components are all the components through which the laser beam passes. Depending on the design of the analyzer, this may include:

- The transmission unit lens
- The receiver unit lens
- Isolation flange(s)
- Validation cell

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Check all optical components to ensure they are undamaged.
	It is advisable to perform this check when the transmission and rec er units have to be dismantled for process calibration.
lf	then
an antia	
or dama	al component is scratched the optical component must be replaced. ged
•	
•	The optical components have a sensitive coating. There is a

Approved and recommended equipment:

- Soft cotton gloves
- Soft microfiber cloths
- Soft brushes
- Cotton swabs
- Cotton buds
- Bellows
- Oil-free, soft compressed air

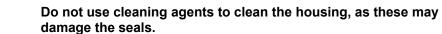
Approved and recommended cleaning agents:

- For regular dirt: Commercially available washing-up liquid, diluted with distilled water.
- For heavy contamination: A 1:1 mixture of clean isopropyl alcohol and distilled water.

Proceed as follows:

Step Procedure			
1	Remove dust, sand and other loose dirt when dry.		
2	Thoroughly spray the optical component with cleaning agent.		
3	Wait until the dirt has dissolved and drips off with the cleaning agent.		
4	Carefully wipe away any dissolved dirt that is still adhering to the surface.		
5	Rinse with distilled water.		
6	Wipe the optical component dry.		

**Clean the housing** Wipe the housing surfaces with a dry or damp cloth (dampened with water).



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ATEX, IECEx and KCs variants: Checking	Proceed as follows:			
the cable glands on the transmitter and receiver units	Step	Procedure		
	1	Check that the cables are sitting firmly in the cable glands. If they are loose, correct as follows:		
	2	Tighten the fastening nu	ts by hand until the seal touches the cable.	
	3	Tighten the fastening nuts with one rotation of a spanner.		
	4	For safety reasons, sho	ten the inspection interval.	
Validation	lf		then	
		zer has not detected any ment gas for a long time	the analyzer must be checked to ensure it is able to detect measurement gas.	
	Proceed	as follows:		

Step	Procedure
1	Perform validation as described in section Validation on page 199.

## Annual

#### **Testing the analyzer** Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Perform a full check of the analyzer as described in section <b>Checking</b> and approving for use on page 154.

Calibration

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Perform a calibration as described in section <b>Calibration</b> on page 202.

## Validation

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Validation	201

## Preparing for validation

Design	i		then
		no validation cell is integrat- ed in the process	the validation must be performed on a separate validation set.
		a validation cell is integrated in the process	the validation can be performed on the process.
Separate validation set	•	te validation set is identical to the <b>Installing the calibration set</b>	
Validation cell in the process	The diagran	n shows the positioning of the v	validation cell in the process:

1

23

4

3

No.	Meaning	
1	Transmitter unit	
2	Validation cell	
3	Test gas supply and discharge	
4	Purging flange	
5	Process	
6	Purging flange	
7	Receiver unit	

5

6

7

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Connect a test gas to the test gas input.
2	Connect a discharge line to the test gas output.

The validation is used to check the functional capability of the analyzer.

For the test gas, a gas mixture must be used that contains the measured component in a concentration suited to generating a significant change in the display of measured value (typically approx. 80 % of the upper range value, for approximate values refer to the following tables).

## Validation cell with 60 mm length

Test gas for

validation

MR	01 vol. %		010 vol. %		025 vol. %	
OPL	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total
1 m	14.6	0.8	100.0	5.5	100.0	5.5
5 m	73.1	0.8	100.0	1.1	100.0	1.1
10 m	100.0	0.5	100.0	0.5	100.0	0.5
15 m	100.0	0.4	100.0	0.4	100.0	0.4
20 m	100.0	0.3	100.0	0.3	100.0	0.3

## Validation cell with 100 mm length

MR	01 vol. %		010 vol. %		025 vol. %	
OPL	Ctest gas	Ctotal	Ctest gas	Ctotal	Ctest gas	Ctotal
1 m	8.5	0.8	84.4	8.0	100.0	9.5
5 m	42.2	0.8	100.0	1.9	100.0	1.9
10 m	84.4	0.8	100.0	0.9	100.0	0.9
15 m	100.0	0.6	100.0	0.6	100.0	0.6
20 m	100.0	0.5	100.0	0.5	100.0	0.5

# Two validation cells with 160 mm length

MR	01 vol. %		010 vol. %		025 vol. %	
OPL	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total	C <sub>test gas</sub>	<b>C</b> total
1 m	5.2	0.8	51.7	8.0	100.0	15.5
5 m	25.9	0.8	100.0	3.1	100.0	3.1
10 m	51.7	0.8	100.0	1.5	100.0	1.5
15 m	77.5	0.8	100.0	1.0	100.0	1.0
20 m	100.0	0.8	100.0	0.8	100.0	0.8

MR Measuring range

**OPL** Optical path length

 $c_{\mbox{\scriptsize test gas}}$  Concentration of the test gas to be emitted for validation in vol. %

ctotal Ensuing total concentration in the process in vol. %

## Validation

#### Validation

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure			
1	Allow the test gas to flow through the validation cell (flow rate approx. 1 l/min).			
2	Observe the display o	Observe the display of the measured value.		
lf	then			
the measured value increases		the analyzer is reacting to the measured component contained in the test gas.		
the measured value does not increase		the analyzer must be inspected by an author- ized expert.		
Step	Procedure			
3	In the measuring operation, depending on the application, allow nitro- gen or a mixture of nitrogen and the measuring component to flow through the validation cell (flow rate approximately 2 to 3 l/h).			

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### Installing the calibration set

**Ensuring safety** No explosion protection is present when performing this work!



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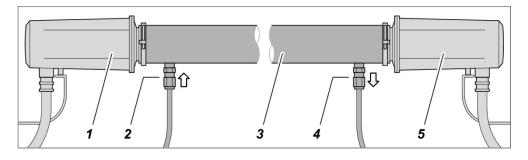
### Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.

Calibration gasFor the calibration gas, a gas mixture that contains the measured component in the<br/>same concentration as in the process gas must be used. The pressure and tem-<br/>perature must correspond to the ambient conditions.<br/>The flow rate of the calibration gas must be set to approx. 1 l/min.

**Calibration set** 

The calibration is not performed on the process, but instead on a separate calibration set.

The diagram shows the calibration set:



Meaning
Transmitter unit
Calibration gas input
Calibration cell, length: 70 cm
Calibration gas output
Receiver unit



Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Danger of eye injuries when looking into the laser beam. Disconnect the transmitter unit from the supply voltage.

Step	Procedure		
1	Disconnect the analyzer from the supply voltage.		
2	Disassemble the transmitter unit and the receiver unit from the pro- cess. Ensure that no process gas is able to leak out of the purging flanges.		
(i)	The transmitter unit and receiver unit are installed using exactly the		

## Installing the calibration set

same steps.

Meaning
Calibration cell, length: 70 cm
Purging flange flat gasket
Clamp
Transmitter unit or receiver unit
Calibration gas input or output

Proceed as follows:

5

Step	Procedure
1	Place the purging flange flat gasket in the groove of the calibration cell.
2	Place the transmitter unit or the receiver unit onto the front side of the calibration cell.
3	Attach the transmitter unit and the receiver unit using the clip.

Step	Procedure		
1	Connect the supply voltage to the analyzer.		
2	Connect a discharge line to the calibration gas output.		
3	Connect the calibration gas to the calibration gas input.		
4	Open the junction box.		
5	Connect a PC to the junction box (see section <b>Connecting the PC to the junction box</b> on page 156).		

The calibration set is now ready for the calibration process.

### Adjusting the configuration

#### Preliminary remarks

The calibration is performed using the instrument software. The menu structure and user interface are described in the section **Getting to know the menu structure** on page 162.

Open the instrument	Proceed as follows:
software	

[i]

Step	Procedure
1	Start up the PC.
2	Open a web browser.
3	Enter the IP address of the analyzer. The connection to the instrument software is now established. The "Main menu" is displayed.

Logging in

Proceed as follows:

(i)

Step	Procedure	
1	Enter the operator password. The operator password is "xs2ls".	
2	Click on "Log in".	
	You are now logged in as an operator.	
	The "Main menu" is displayed.	

Adjusting the configuration

For the calibration process, you must temporarily change the configuration of the analyzer. Once the calibration process is completed, the original configuration must be restored.

In order to facilitate restoration of the original configuration, choose one of the following methods:

- Make a note of the original settings before each change.
- Before each change, save a screenshot of the original settings.

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Click on "Installation".
	The "Installation procedure" menu is displayed.
2	Click on "Next" to start the installation wizard.
	The "Installation - Process Parameters" menu is displayed.

		Process path length	0.7 m	
		Pressure input	FIXED	
		Temperature input	FIXED	
		Fixed pressure level	Enter value of the ambient pres- sure	
		Fixed temperature level	Enter value of the ambient tem- perature	
		Enable process broadening	No	
	Step	Procedure		
	3	Leave the other settings unchange	ed.	
	4	Click on "Next". The "Installation - Installation Flan	ges" menu is displayed.	
Installation - Installation Flanges	Make the	following settings:		
menu		Total flange path length	0 (zero) m	
		Concentration in flanges	0 (zero) %	
	Step	Procedure		
	5	Leave the other settings unchange	ed.	
	6	Click on "Next". The "Installation - Ambient conditions" menu is displayed.		
Installation - Ambient	Step	Procedure		
conditions menu	7	Leave all values unchanged.		
	8	Click on "Next". The "Installation - External inputs" menu is displayed.		
Installation - External	Step	Procedure		
• •		Leave all values unchanged.		
inputs menu	9	Leave all values unchanged.		
inputs menu	-	Leave all values unchanged. Click on "Next".		
inputs menu	9		ı is displayed.	
Installation -	9	Click on "Next".	u is displayed.	
	9 10	Click on "Next". The "Installation - Channels" menu	ı is displayed.	

Installation - Analog	Step	Procedure		
and Digital outputs menu	13	Leave all values ur	nchanged.	
	14	Click on "Next".		
		The "Installation - I	Network settings" menu is displayed.	
Installation - Network	Step	Procedure		
settings menu				
-	15	Leave all values unchanged.		
	16	Click on "Next".		
		The "Installation - Save settings" menu is displayed.		
Installation - Save	Step	Procedure		
settings menu	17	Check all the settin	ngs.	
	lf		then	
	a setting	is incorrect	the procedure must be repeated.	
			To repeat the adjustment of the configuration, click on "Cancel". All changes are discarded. The "Installation procedure" menu is dis- played. Repeat the procedure.	
	all settings are correct		Click on "Save".	
			The settings are saved. The "Main menu" is displayed. The analyzer is ready for calibra-tion.	

## Calibration

# Opening the calibration menu

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Click on "Service".
_	The "Service" menu is displayed.
2	Click on "Calibration".
_	The "Calibration options" menu is displayed.
3	Click on "Start user calibration".
	The "Calibration settings" menu is displayed.

# Entering calibration data

Step	Procedure	
4	Determine the value to b field as follows:	e entered in the "Concentration in gas cell"
lf		then
the calib instrume	pration is performed with ent air	enter "20.9".
the cond	centration of the calibration	enter the concentration of the calibration gas

Concentration in gas cell	(the value determined in step 4)
Unit of calibration gas	Unit in which the calibration gas concentration is to be displayed
Averaging time	Measuring duration for determining the average value (typically 30 s, max. 60 s.)
Calibration signature	User name (this entry is optional)

Step	Procedure
5	Click on "Next".
	The "Calibration" menu is displayed.

### Calibration

Step	Procedure
6	Allow the calibration gas to flow through the calibration cell (flow rate approx. 1 l/min).
7	Observe the display of measured value. When the measured value is stable, click on "Start". The calibration process starts.
8	Read the measurements taken during the calibration process.

Step	Procedure
9	Observe the progress bar that displays the progress of the calibration process. When the progress bar shows 100 %, the calibration process is complete.
10	Click on "Done". The "Main menu" is displayed.
11	Disassemble the calibration set.

### Continuing measuring mode

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# Disassembling the calibration set

Class I infrared laser beam invisible to the human eye. Danger of eye injuries when looking into the laser beam. Disconnect the transmitter unit from the supply voltage.

Proceed as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Disconnect the analyzer from the supply voltage.
2	Disconnect the discharge line from the calibration gas output.
3	Disconnect the calibration gas from the calibration gas input.
4	Remove the transmitter unit and the receiver unit from the calibration cell.

Attaching and connecting the components to the process Proceed as follows:

<ol> <li>Install the transmitter unit and the receiver unit to the process (see Installing the transmitter unit and receiver unit on page 76). New seals and new self-locking nuts must be used for installing on th process.</li> <li>Check the analyzer in accordance with the checklists in section "Checking and approving for use on page 154".</li> <li>Re-connect the analyzer to the supply voltage.</li> </ol>	Step	Procedure
"Checking and approving for use on page 154".	1	Installing the transmitter unit and receiver unit on page 76). New seals and new self-locking nuts must be used for installing on the
3 Re-connect the analyzer to the supply voltage.	2	
	3	Re-connect the analyzer to the supply voltage.

Proceed as follows:

## Restoring the configuration

Step	Procedure
1	Use the Installation Wizard to restore the original configuration (see <b>Adjusting the configuration</b> on page 205).
	Note for the explosion proof versions of the analyzer: set the date and time (see section <b>System time</b> on page 169).
2	Close the web browser.
3	Shut down the PC.
4	Disconnect the PC from the junction box by disconnecting the adapter board from the terminal strip.
5	Close the junction box.
	The analyzer is ready to use again.

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Error messages in "Malfunction" status	212

## Error messages in "Measuring" mode

Measurement status	Meaning and cause	How to resolve the error
0x001	LOW_TRANSMISSION_WARNING The transmission of the laser beam is not sufficient to evaluate the measure- ment results.	<ul> <li>Clean all optical components through which the laser beam pass- es</li> <li>Check and correct the alignment of the transmitter unit in relation to the receiver unit</li> </ul>
0x004	TEMP_ERROR The instrument has recognized an unstable temperature in the transmitter unit or receiver unit.	<ul> <li>If the error occurs repeatedly or continuously: Have the error re- solved by authorized service per- sonnel</li> </ul>
0x008	BEAM_BLOCK_ERROR The laser beam does not reach the receiver unit.	<ul> <li>Clean all optical components through which the laser beam pass- es</li> <li>Remove any foreign matter that may be present and that may inter- rupt the transmission of the laser beam</li> <li>Check and correct the alignment of the transmitter unit in relation to the receiver unit</li> </ul>
0x010	BEAM_BLOCK_WARNING The laser beam is sometimes not able to reach the receiver unit.	<ul> <li>Remove any foreign matter that may be present and that may inter- rupt the transmission of the laser beam</li> <li>Check that the transmitter unit and receiver unit are securely installed</li> </ul>
0x040	TIMING_ERROR The analyzer is overloaded.	<ul> <li>Reduce the measurement period for determining the average value</li> </ul>
All others	Unknown or cannot be resolved on your own	<ul> <li>Inform authorized service personnel of the error code</li> </ul>

### Error messages in "Malfunction" status

**"Malfunction" status** The analyzer goes into "malfunction" status if an error has been detected during the initialization of the analyzer. It can take up to five minutes until the analyzer changes to "malfunction" status because the analyzer goes through the initialization routine several times.

The analyzer goes into "malfunction" status if an error occurs in "measuring" mode and subsequently an initialization has been started.

The analyzer can exit the "malfunction" status only if the error has been resolved (see table below) and is not present anymore during the subsequent initialization.

Error code	Meaning and cause	How to resolve the error
3	MEMORY ALLOC FAILURE The internal measured value memory is full.	<ul><li>Shut down the analyzer.</li><li>Restart the analyzer.</li></ul>
8	ERROR INITIALIZING RX UNIT Data transmission between the trans- mitter unit and receiver unit is interrupt- ed.	<ul> <li>Check and repair the electrical connection between the transmitter unit and receiver unit</li> </ul>
9	SYSTEM IS UNCONFIGURED The analyzer is not fully configured.	<ul> <li>Configure the analyzer using the instrument software.</li> </ul>
10	SETTING IS CORRUPTED The analyzer is not configured correct- ly.	<ul> <li>Correct the configuration of the analyzer using the instrument soft- ware.</li> </ul>
11	SETTINGS OUT OF BOUNDS The configuration contains parameters that are outside the permitted value ranges.	<ul> <li>Correct the configuration of the analyzer using the instrument soft- ware.</li> </ul>
13	TEMP REG. TIMEOUT The temperature in the transmitter unit or in the receiver unit may be too high because the temperature regulation failed.	<ul> <li>Cool the unit using one of the following methods:</li> <li>Shielding from the heat source</li> <li>Improving the air circulation</li> </ul>
14	BEAM BLOCK The laser beam does not reach the receiver unit.	<ul> <li>Clean all optical components through which the laser beam pass- es</li> <li>Remove any foreign matter that may be present and that may inter- rupt the transmission of the laser beam</li> <li>Check and correct the alignment of the transmitter unit in relation to the receiver unit</li> </ul>

Error code	Meaning and cause	How to resolve the error
17	<ul> <li>LINE TRACKING FAILURE</li> <li>The analyzer has detected a spectroscopy error with one of the following causes:</li> <li>Unknown process gas in process</li> <li>Incorrect wavelength</li> <li>The operating temperature of the transmitter unit is outside the permitted range</li> <li>Analyzer malfunction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Disconnect the analyzer from the supply voltage. Apply test gas (in the process or in a validation cell). For the test gas, use a gas mixture that contains the measured component in a concentration suitable for generating a significant change in the measured value display. Initialize the analyzer.</li> <li>If the error message occurs again, contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>
21	RX WRITE FAIL Data transmission between the trans- mitter unit and receiver unit is interrupt- ed.	<ul> <li>Check and repair the electrical connection between the transmitter unit and receiver unit</li> </ul>
22	RX READ FAIL Data transmission between the trans- mitter unit and receiver unit is interrupt- ed.	<ul> <li>Check and repair the electrical connection between the transmitter unit and receiver unit</li> </ul>
24	TX FIRMWARE TOO OLD The transmitter unit has an earlier version of the firmware that is not compatible with the instrument soft- ware.	<ul> <li>Contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>
25	TX FIRMWARE TOO NEW The transmitter unit has a later version of the firmware that is not compatible with the instrument software.	<ul> <li>Contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>
26	RX FIRMWARE TOO OLD The receiver unit has an earlier version of the firmware that is not compatible with the instrument software.	<ul> <li>Contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>
27	RX FIRMWARE TOO NEW The receiver unit has a later version of the firmware that is not compatible with the instrument software.	<ul> <li>Contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>
30	DMA RAMP TRANSFER Data transmission between the trans- mitter unit and receiver unit is interrupt- ed.	<ul> <li>Check and repair the electrical connection between the transmitter unit and receiver unit</li> </ul>
32	LASER TEMP TOO HIGH The temperature in the transmitter unit or in the receiver unit has exceeded the maximum permitted value.	<ul> <li>Cool the unit using one of the following methods:</li> <li>Shielding from the heat source</li> <li>Improving the air circulation</li> <li>If the error message persists or a significantly incorrect measurement result is displayed, contact the authorized service personnel.</li> </ul>

Error code	Meaning and cause	How to resolve the error
37	INVALID PT INPUT Error in connecting the T/P probe	<ul> <li>Check and repair the electrical connections of the T/P probe to the junction box.</li> <li>Check the signal of the T/P probe.</li> <li>Check the configuration of the device in the instrument software.</li> </ul>
All others	Unknown or cannot be resolved on your own	<ul> <li>Inform authorized service personnel of the error code</li> </ul>

## Chapter 17 Shutting down the gas analyzer

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## Stopping use and shutting down the gas analyzer

Ensuring safety	No explosion protection is present when performing this work!	
	⚠	Risk of explosion. Make sure that no explosive gases or dusts are present when performing this work.
Ending operation	Proceed a	as follows:
	Step	Procedure
	1	Disconnect the analyzer from the supply voltage.
Shutting down the gas analyzer	Proceed a	as follows:
	Step	Procedure
	1	Disconnect the transmitter unit from the junction box.
	2	Disconnect the transmitter unit from the potential equalization terminal.
	3	Disconnect the receiver unit from the junction box.
	4	Disconnect the receiver unit from the potential equalization terminal.

## 

|--|

No.	Meaning	
1	Purging flange flat gasket	
2	Clamp	
3	Transmitter unit or receiver unit	

Disassemble the transmitter unit and receiver unit as follows:

Step	Procedure
1	Hold the transmitter unit and the receiver unit firmly.
2	Loosen and remove the clip from the transmitter or receiver unit.
3	Remove the transmitter or receiver unit from the purging flange.
4	Remove the purging flange flat gasket from the groove of the purging flange.
5	Disassemble the purging flanges and close the installation flange openings.

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